

BARRINGTON REVIEW.

Vol. 11. No. 19.

BARRINGTON, ILL., SATURDAY, SEPT. 19, 1896.

\$1.25 A YEAR.

A GHASTLY FIND.

Weary of Life John Lucek Wanders 35 Miles to His Boyhood Home and Hangs Himself.

MISSING FOUR WEEKS

His Body is Found Swinging in the Attic of an Old Deserted House Between Cary and Barrington.

Lightning Reveals the Decomposed Body to James Kautlauber, Monday, While Seeking Shelter from the Rain.

Weary of a long struggle against adversity, John Lucek, No. 722 Morgan street, Chicago, tramped wearily out into the country to the home of his boyhood and in the old, deserted house hanged himself from the rafters of the attic where he and his brother used to sleep.

For four weeks Lucek had been missing and neither his wife nor friends knew that all that time his body had been swinging in the abandoned Lucek homestead, four miles from the little town of Cary, in McHenry County, and four and one-half miles from Barrington. Mrs. Lucek thought her husband had gone to visit his sister or had gone south to seek work.

There is no telling how long the body beneath the rafters would have hung had it not been for a rainstorm on last Monday that drove James Kautlauber, a farmer who now owns the place, into the house for shelter. Mr. Kautlauber waited in one of the lower rooms for the shower to stop, but as the storm showed no signs of abating he concluded to climb the old dusty stairs and sit on the upper landing, where he could look out of a window and watch the rain.

He started to go down when he heard a creaking sound, as he thought, from the room below and paused to listen. Then the thought struck him that tramps must have entered the house immediately after he did and were waiting for him to come down. So he started toward the head of the stairs with the intention of leaping out of the window to the low shed in the rear of the house. As he lifted his head above the landing he was terrified to see in the shadowy darkness the figure of a man which started towards him. With the thought of the men who were waiting below for him Mr. Kautlauber stood motionless with fright. Then there came a terrific flash of lightning and the room was brilliantly illuminated. The bright light revealed to frightened Mr. Kautlauber that the man at whom he was looking was swinging by his neck from the rafters.

Mr. Kautlauber waited to see no more. He sprang down the stairs, rushed through the house, and sprang out of a window. He ran through the wood and across the fields to his home, a half mile away, where he told his sons what he had seen in the old Lucek house. Kautlauber's son rode to Cary, where he told the news to L. E. Mentch, the Justice of the Peace at that place. Mentch sent for the County Coroner, C. E. Cook, and, impelling a jury, went out to the farm. The body was taken to Cary, where a search revealed a note signed John Lucek. John Bloner then recognized the suicide as the eldest son of old Jacob Lucek, who had moved away

from the settlement sixteen years ago.

The note read:
"To my family, who live at No. 722 Morgan street Chicago: As I was out of employment and unable to get anything to do, I concluded to depart life in this way. I hope my wife will not sorrow for me, as we were always poor, and she can get along without me as well. I leave my children in the hands of God. John, Joe, Eddie, Lewis, and Rosy, farewell.

Your father,
"JOHN LUCEK."
The jury returned a verdict of suicide by hanging. In the afternoon the body was buried in a neglected spot of the little cemetery at Cary. Wednesday a messenger was sent to Chicago to call upon Mrs. Lucek and inform her of her husband's death.

He found the family living in two small rooms in the rear of the basement of the house at No. 722 Morgan street. The family was reduced to want, Mrs. Lucek said, as they had nothing to live on but the little money the mother made by scrubbing stores. Four weeks ago last Monday Lucek left home. He did not have a cent, and must have walked the thirty-five miles out to his old home.

The condition of the family is pitiable. The only support is given by the oldest boy, John, 18 years old, who works in a bicycle factory for \$4 a week.

BARRINGTON LOCALS.

FOUND—A key. Inquire at REVIEW office.

Wm. Doran spent Sunday with his mother.

Conductor Dolan is taking a two week's vacation.

J. Jappe of Palatine called on Barrington friends Monday.

Mrs. Henry Wolthausen's condition was worse at last reports.

Miss Clara Sawyer is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Powers.

Mrs. Frank Krahn and Miss Sadie Krahn were Chicago visitors Tuesday.

Mrs. Dr. Kendall visited in Chicago Tuesday.

Mrs. Rhoda Hawley is spending a few days in Elgin.

A large line of new prints at A. W. Meyer & Co. Prices are low this season.

E. M. Blocks furnished the furniture for the new home of A. L. Robertson.

Mrs. Edward Sott of Oswego, accompanied by a lady friend, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Sott.

Mrs. W. H. Snyder of Mayfair visited with her parents this week.

New dress goods are very cheap at A. W. Meyer & Co. Call and see the pretty dress patterns.

Frank and George Hager left Tuesday for Tracy Minn., where they will spend a week.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Butzow visited at Marseilles, Ill., Sunday. Mrs. Butzow will remain for a few weeks.

A number of railroad men from here left last evening to shake the hand of William McKinley at Canton, Ohio.

The heavy rain Monday morning caused a good many basements to be flooded.

Read the "ad" of L. Wengeroff on last page. He comes highly recommended, and if in need of the services of a tailor give him a trial.

M. C. McIntosh returned Wednesday evening from his Western trip. Next week we will give our readers an idea of the country he traversed.

Chas. Runyan arrived Wednesday from Minnesota from which state he came the entire way on his wheel. Charley will spend about a month at the home of his parents.

Leroy Powers, J. W. Kingsley, John Collen, L. A. Powers, Jno. C. Plagge, Dr. C. H. Kendall and Lawson Elvidge went to Elgin Wednesday to hear Hon. Thurston talk.

Mrs. W. E. Webbe returned home Tuesday evening, after spending some time in the East.

Considering the bad weather the Lake county fair was well patronized by Barrington people.

The Barrington football team will meet the Irving Park Cycling club on the home grounds on Saturday, Sept. 26th. A good game is promised, and the attendance ought to be large.

We have received a new song from Segg Bros., 1006 Walnut street, Kansas City, Mo., entitled "Say Not Good Bye." It is good. Price, 25 cents.

A meeting will be held at the band hall at 7:30 o'clock this evening for the purpose of organizing a McKinley and Hobart club. Everybody is cordially invited to attend.

M. C. McIntosh has for sale a few good notes of \$100 to \$500 each, well secured, which will net the investor 6 to 6½ per cent.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN—The undersigned has placed signs on his property prohibiting shooting on his premises, and does hereby notify all parties who trespass on his property for the purpose of hunting that they will be vigorously prosecuted.

J. G. ELFRINK.

There will be an auction sale on the Dodge place, one and a half mile northwest of Barrington next Saturday, Sept. 26, at 12 o'clock noon. Eight first-class milch cows, two good horses and some farm implements will be sold by T. Lind, the present owner. Wm. Peters, the old reliable, will be the auctioneer.

FOR SALE—Farm containing 40 acres, owned by James Jones, and situated two miles east of Barrington and four miles west of Palatine. For particulars call on or address M. T. LAMEY, Barrington, Ill.

About thirty-two of the little friends of Master Bennie Schroeder gave him a pleasant surprise party on Wednesday evening. Games of various kinds were indulged in, and everyone had a royal good time. Refreshments were served.

Cesar Clausius was pleasantly surprised Tuesday evening by about twenty of his friends, who tendered him a party. Various social games furnished amusements. Refreshments were served.

There will be a dance at Foreman's pavilion this evening. Turn out and have a good time. The bus will take you down and bring you back whenever you get ready. No waiting. Good music will be the chief feature.

The New York Condensed Milk Co. on Tuesday morning contracted for its six month's milk supply for its several factories in this vicinity. The prices paid average \$1.11½ per 100 pounds, or nearly 76 cents per 8-gallon can, which is about 13 cents per can less than last fall's prices. Milk is plentiful, and the supply contracted for is decreased.

Harris & Foley of Joliet have leased of Mrs. Fox, near Lake Zurich, on the banks of the lake, a piece of land on which they are erecting an ice house 130x180 feet, which will contain four rooms. They are also rebuilding the ice house erected by F. P. Clark. It will take ten cars of lumber to erect the buildings. The firm will put in a steam plant, and will be in a position to handle 100 cars of ice a day.

The following letters remain in the postoffice at Barrington as unclaimed on September 18, '96: Mrs. A. L. Meyer, Geo. Alburts, Miss Susie Bryant, John Gschwend, Mrs. Kennicott, Miss Carrie Miller, Miss Sarah Miller, George Miller, W. H. Meany, Frank Mundhenke, Viola Stolo, H. C. Schumacker, Miss Minnie Tripple, Frank Veselik, Robert Vogel and Frank Wagner. M. B. McINTOSH, P. M.

Among those mentioned in the "Daily News" of Sept. 15th, as having sent in contributions to the "Fresh Air Fund," are little Anna, Marie and Genevieve Dolan of Barrington. The little girls assisted their mamma with the household duties during vacation, receiving a stated sum for their help. They also refrained from spending any pennies for candy, and voluntarily sent their summer savings to the "sick babies." The children have thus been taught a practical lesson in industry as well as charity.

A. W. MEYER & CO.

Combination Prices Go to Pieces on FLOUR OUR BEST, per bbl. only \$3.50

The large combination formed a few months ago by all the leading flour millers throughout the Northwest to maintain and advance prices on flour has gone to pieces. Each miller has decided to run his own business. Again we have honest competition, and for cash we bought a car of flour that enables us to quote you these low figures.

SNOW FLAKE, the best family flour, per barrel, only \$3.35

Try Angel Food Pastry Flour.

Groceries always the cheapest at

The Busy Big Store.

A. W. MEYER & CO., Barrington

A. KATZ, Expert Watchmaker & Jeweler

BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS.

Takes pleasure in informing the public that he has purchased the business formerly conducted by J. Jappe, and is now conducting the same as a

First-class Jewelry Store

With a Fine Stock of

JEWELRY and WATCHES

to select from at the Lowest Prices.

For the Next 60 Days Only

A SPECIAL SALE BY ORDER.

Elgin or Waltham movement in silverine, screw, dust-proof case, \$6.50; in solid silver case, open face, 8.50; in solid hunting case \$9.50; G. M. Wheeler or H. H. Taylor 15-jeweled movement in 10-k gold-filled case, hunting or open face, \$12.00; same in 14-k case \$13.50; B. W. Raymond movement in a 14k case, warranted for 20 years, \$18.00; Hampden 17-jeweled movement in 14k case \$20.00; 15-jeweled movement in 14k case \$16.00; Hampden movement in 10k case \$13.00; mantelpiece clocks, latest style \$6.00, bronze trimmed \$7.00; Alarm clocks 90c. All goods worth double. Orders filled out immediately. Great reduction in chains, charms, and rings. P. S.—All the movements sold in my place are warranted to keep time for three years. Call and give me a trial. Respectfully, A. KATZ.

For the Best Bargains

in Groceries, Dry Goods, Shoes, and especially Flour, call on

JOHN C. PLAGGE, BARRINGTON, ILL.

GEO. M. WAGNER,

—DEALER IN—

Fresh and Salt Meats

Vegetables, Poultry and Fish in Season.

I respectfully solicit a trial order from the residents of Barrington and vicinity

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

BARRINGTON, ILLS.

Barrington Review.

M. T. LANEY, Ed. and Pub.

BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS.

HISTORY OF A WEEK.

THE NEWS OF SEVEN DAYS UP TO DATE.

Political, Religious, Social and Criminal Doings of the Whole World Carefully Condensed for Our Readers—The Accidents Record.

The Little Rock cotton compress, stored with 5,000 bales of cotton, took fire and was totally destroyed. The Lesser Cotton company of St. Louis is a large owner of the stock of the company. The loss is estimated to be \$300,000.

Li Hung Chang has sailed for home. As the steamer left the wharf at Vancouver, B. C., the Chinese started a fusillade of firecrackers, which was kept up for over an hour.

Benjamin A. Sheldon's dead body was found in East river, New York. He was 75 years old and had been a professor in New York university for about forty years. He lived in Brooklyn and had been missing several days. It is thought he committed suicide.

By the collision of a street railway dummy engine with a horse car at Valencia, Spain, thirty persons were injured. The wounds of nineteen are serious.

The Armenian committee has sent a letter signed with the revolutionary seal, to all embassies in Constantinople except the German, threatening that unless their demands are granted, they will carry death into the embassies themselves. Extra precautions have been taken.

The captain-general of Cuba, General Weyler, authorizes the correspondents of the Associated Press in this city to deny, as entirely false, the statement contained in a Madrid dispatch circulated by the United Press to the effect that he (General Weyler) had cabled to Madrid that fifty-one insurgents confined in the Cabanas fortress and Morro castle had been shot.

At a conference the gold democrats of Minnesota decided to name presidential electors, but not a state ticket.

Queen Wilhelmina of Holland has conferred the rank of the order of Orange-Nassau upon Vice Consul John Steketee of Grand Rapids, Mich., as a recognition of his services among the Netherlands in Michigan. He is said to be the only American to be so honored.

The converter and billet departments of the Illinois Steel company resumed operations Monday, after being idle two months. This called 2,000 men to work.

Lawrence A. Culver, who was indicted at Logan, O., June 30, 1892, for wrecking the People's bank, of which he was president, and converting to his own use \$30,000 of its funds, was captured at Terre Haute, Ind.

Two men and twenty-five horses lost their lives at Milwaukee in a fire which partially destroyed Albert Manger's livery stable.

Michael Mackey, an extensive property owner at Centerville, Iowa, was found dead upon the floor of his house. He leaves considerable property heavily incumbered.

James Uzzell, the 15-year-old son of Edgar Uzzell, residing at Newport, west of Carrollton, Ill., shot his 11-year-old sister yesterday in the face with a shotgun, tearing off her nose, upper front portion of the jaw and the end of her tongue. He shot her purposely, having become angered at her. The girl died to-day.

St. Wendelin's Catholic church at Fostoria, Ohio, was robbed, chalices and valuable books being taken, while the vestments were strewn over the rooms and yard. A monstrosity was taken to the yard, where a golden cross was broken from it and the remainder left under some bushes.

Jake Kilrain was defeated in one round by Frank, otherwise known as "Paddy" Slavin, the Australian. The contest took place at the Eureka Athletic club, near Baltimore, Md.

The executive committee of the Massachusetts gold democrats held a fully attended meeting and practically decided to run a full state ticket at the coming election.

Senator Voorhees, with his son, daughter and physician, left Mackinac Island, Mich., Wednesday for their home at Terre Haute, Ind. The senator is much improved in health, and expressed his intention, as soon as he has rested a brief period at his home, to take part in the campaign and make several of the newspapers estimate the number of persons injured during the cyclone at Paris Thursday at 150, of whom forty are seriously hurt. The Journal confirms the police statement that only three persons are so seriously injured as to be in danger of losing their lives.

Supposed incendiaries destroyed Ojin Crum's meat market and Edward Harrell's saloon at Shelbyville, Ind. The loss was \$3,000.

CASUALTIES.

A train on the Mad River and Arcata road went through the Mad river bridge near Eureka, Cal., Sunday. Six cars loaded with passengers dropped thirty feet into the dry bed of the river. Annie Roll, Saxdy Cameron, Miss Kirk of Riverside, and an unknown child were killed, and ten others were injured, some fatally.

Mrs. William Vyerberg and daughter, 20 years old, were drowned at Thompson's Mill, near Dubuque, Iowa. They attempted to drive through the water onto the bridge, but the horse stepped off the side of the submerged approach and all went down.

The badly decomposed body of William Hagedorn, an aged citizen of Creston, Iowa, was found floating in Summit lake by a party of hunters. Hagedorn disappeared from his home some time since and no trace of him could be found.

The temporary buildings and workshops of the institute for the feeble-minded children at Frankfort, Ky., in which were housed 120 feeble-minded children, burned to the ground Friday night. No lives were lost.

The large shaft of the Isaac McIntosh Coal company at Caseyville, north of Brazil, Ind., was destroyed by fire at about 4 o'clock Friday afternoon. The danger signal was sounded and the 300 miners at work underground escaped by the air course. The loss is about \$5,000; fully covered by insurance.

A heavy rainstorm prevailed throughout western Illinois, northeastern Missouri and southeastern Iowa Friday night. Two and one-half inches of water fell within twelve hours, swelling streams to overflowing and causing considerable damage.

Corio Maro, an Italian, was killed at the Palms mine, Bessemer, Mich., by a fall of ground.

In a Mobile and Ohio freight train wreck at Guntawn, Miss., sixteen cars were demolished, Charles Scott, a Louisville, Ky., painter, killed, and E. B. Hurtz, of Norfolk, Va., badly injured.

The mangled body of Arthur Naylor, of Waverly, Ill., was found on the railroad track near Jacksonville. It is thought he was walking on the track when the train overtook him.

Elijah Walker's grain elevator at Assumption, Ill., was burned, causing a loss of \$10,000.

Kerney & Stinnsets' flour mill at Carmi, Ill., burned. They were valued at \$18,000; insured for \$10,000.

A mail car on the Lake Shore road was burned at Goshen, Ind., with its contents. Estimated loss \$25,000.

Fire, which threatened the extinction of Normal, Ill., was checked after a loss of \$5,100, had been caused.

A Wisconsin Central freight train struck a wagon containing Henry Steinke, wife and daughters, at the Libby crossing, about two miles north of Oshkosh, Wis., and all were instantly killed.

CRIME.

The daughter of George Dohmer, a farmer residing four miles east of Marion, Ill., committed suicide this morning by drowning. She was found in a shallow pond near the house. The cause of the act is not known.

Charles McGovern, Charles O'Toole and George Stevens were found dead in a miner's cabin a mile from Victor, Colo. The men, with Harry Doyle and John McDermott, had been occupying the cabin for some time, and all had been drinking heavily. The two latter have been arrested on suspicion of poisoning their companions.

A mob of 125 men on horseback in Washington county, Kentucky, destroyed ten turnpike tollgates and admonished the tollgate-keepers that the next step would be to lynch them if they attempted to collect toll hereafter. This is only a part of an uprising in this part of the state in favor of free turnpikes.

Henry Langfelder, a cigarmaker, threw himself in front of a train on the Chicago & Alton railroad at Jacksonville, Ill., and met instant death.

Charles Kauffman, who embezzled the funds of the Adams Express Company a few months ago at Lead City, went into court at Deadwood, S. D., and pleaded guilty.

While farmers were attending the fair at Hicksville, Ohio, a number of farmhouses were looted by thieves and over \$1,000 worth of stuff taken. J. E. Greenawalt and D. B. Rose were the heaviest losers. The farmers have organized and will endeavor to find the offenders.

Claude Bradshaw, a young man of Fairfield, Iowa, took morphine while his parents were at the theater.

Lee Oberwarth, a wealthy cloak maker of New York, worried over the death of his son, killed himself in the Vanderbilt hotel by inhaling gas.

The shops of the Battle Creek, Mich., Implement Company burned, causing a loss of \$23,000, insured for \$15,000.

E. P. Harmon, city attorney for Cobden, Ill., was sent to jail in default of bail on a charge of embezzling \$361. He claims to have lost the money gambling with card sharks in Carbondale, Ill. He had collected money in Mankana, Ill., for other parties and failed to return with it, hence the arrest.

FOREIGN.

A conspiracy has been discovered at Belgrade to depose King Alexander of Servia.

Mrs. Della Parnell, mother of Charles Stewart Parnell, denies that she knows who assaulted her with murderous intent in New Jersey last year.

At the closing session of the British Trades Union congress it was decided to send two delegates to the American Labor congress and it was also resolved that the British Trades Union Congress meet at Birmingham in 1897.

The belief is prevalent in Zanzibar that Germany does not intend to acquiesce in the action taken by the British government through Rear Admiral Henry Rawson in appointing Hamoud Bin Mohammed Bin Said sultan of Zanzibar.

The United States minister, Mr. Taylor, has declared to the Spanish government that the United States is most favorably disposed toward Spain, but that, owing to the extent of the United States' coast line, is unable to prevent the departure of filibusters for the island of Cuba.

The leaders of the conspiracy against the Spanish government in the province of Cavito have been shot.

Heir Oskar Schuster, a director of the Norddeutscher Handels-Gesellschaft at Berlin, has been arrested on the charge of embezzlement. The newspapers estimate the defalcation at 2,000,000 to 3,000,000 marks. Other arrests are said to be impending.

Lady Aberdeen, wife of the governor general of Ontario, was a passenger on a trolley car which collided with another car on the New Radial railway just outside of Hamilton. Lady Aberdeen and the ladies with her were severely shaken up and the motorman was badly hurt.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Denver Trade and Labor Assembly has decided to send a committee to Mexico to investigate the conditions of labor in a free-silver country. This is done because it is alleged that the committee recently sent to Mexico by the Chicago assembly is under the influence of the gold-standard advocates.

The Delaware oil works in Philadelphia were burned to the ground Sunday. The loss is about \$150,000. The works were owned by Hiram B. Lutz of Philadelphia.

There is much excitement at Rawlins, Wyo., over a recent gold discovery on Grand Encampment creek, about forty-five miles southeast of this city. At a depth of twelve feet, it is claimed, a pay streak twenty-two inches wide, assays from which give returns from \$200 to \$10,000 in gold, has been struck. The vein has been traced for several miles.

It seems to be a foregone conclusion that the propositions now before the annual conference of the Methodist church to admit women as delegates to the general conference and to make the number of ministerial and lay delegates equal will be defeated for the present at least.

Consul Read has scored a victory for American enterprise in obtaining the acceptance of the tender of the Baldwin locomotive works, Philadelphia, to furnish all the engines for the Tientsin and Peking railway.

The second annual convention of the Western Editorial federation, whose membership embraces twenty-two states west of the Mississippi river, opened at Denver Monday.

Senator James Z. George, who for some time has been ill at his country home near Carrollton, Miss., from an affection of both heart and throat, has been resting much easier the past few days, and is reported as much improved.

The Bank of Commerce at New Orleans was compelled to close its doors Friday. The bank owes depositors between \$300,000 and \$400,000, while the assets of the bank are about \$800,000. The bank had quite a long list of small depositors.

LATEST MARKET REPORTS.

CHICAGO.
Cattle—Com. to prime...\$1.40 @5.30
Hogs—All grades..... 1.50 @3.10
Sheep and lambs..... 1.50 @5.60
Wheat—No. 2 red..... 59½ @ 60
Corn—No. 2..... 20 @ 20½
Oats—No. 3 new..... 11 @ 12½
Rye—No. 2..... 31
Eggs..... 13 @ 13½
Potatoes..... 23 @ 33
Butter..... 10 @ 15

MILWAUKEE.
Wheat—No. 2 spring.... 54½
Corn—No. 3..... 20 @ 20½
Oats—No. 2 white..... 19
Barley—No. 2..... 31

DETROIT.
Wheat—No. 1 white.... 60½
Corn—No. 2..... 21
Oats—No. 2 white..... 25
Rye—No. 2..... 32½

TOLEDO.
Wheat—Cash..... 62½
Corn—No. 2..... 20½
Oats—No. 2..... 15½
Rye—No. 2..... 32½
Cloverseed—October.... 4.27½

KANSAS CITY.
Cattle—All grades..... 1.25 @4.85
Hogs—All grades..... 2.70 @3.20
Sheep and lambs..... 2.00 @4.20

NEWS OF ILLINOIS.

RECORD OF MINOR DOINGS OF THE WEEK.

Seven Days' Happenings Condensed—Social, Religious, Political, Criminal, Obituary and Miscellaneous Events from Every Section of the State.

La Salle county populists refuse to fuse.

The Waukegan brake beam works has shut down.

A physician at Clay City, Ill., has gone insane over politics.

A Cairo man has a spider that weaves McKinley's name in its web.

Forman spoke at Lincoln last week and never referred to Altgeld.

The Rockford Republic closed the Winnebago county fair with a baby show.

W. E. Mason is reported to have "entertained" 5,000 people in the wigwam at Springfield.

Kerney & Stinnsets' flour mill at Carmi burned. They were valued at \$18,000; insured for \$10,000.

A negro was arrested at Alton for the free coinage of silver in advance of the proper legislation.

Paris merchants have been threatened with a boycott if they refuse to decorate for a political rally.

To the chagrin of St. Clair county populists, the democrats refuse to give them two places on the county ticket.

Roy Wilkes, owned by J. B. Gilber of Sterling, dropped dead on the track at Rochelle fair grounds after pacing a fast heat.

Free silverites at Sparta have proposed to the gold men to hold a joint debate and divide the gate receipts for campaign funds.

A man in Rock Falls got married recently, and his twin brother, who resembles him, has been receiving most of the congratulations.

A young man named Will Bahn, employed as a grocery clerk near Sabula, Iowa, committed suicide by shooting himself with a rifle at Savanna.

A man fell off his horse and over the fence of the Winnebago county fair, and the gate keeper charged him the regular admission to get in again.

"Eating the cornob of hope" is the latest oratorical pinwheel of the campaign. It was attached to the republican gate post by H. Clay Evans at Ross-ville.

There is much indignation among Rufus N. Ramsay's creditors because his widow has filed a claim. They believe all should be treated alike, except the widow.

A Bloomington sharper raised \$150 on another man's farm. The victims were two Bloomington lawyers who drove out and found the real owner in possession.

Objecting to her stepdaughter's marriage, a Rockford woman clung to the girl's dress. The dress parted and the wedding took place with the bride in abbreviated skirts.

While the guard's back was turned, Elsworth Chapin, confined in the Peoria house of correction for passing tools to a prisoner, placed a plank against the wall and walked out.

At Lacon a farmer is trying to cultivate a seedless watermelon. If successful he will have it patented and then devise a process for having the date of the patent grown in the rind.

In a political discussion at Joliet one of the disputants drove home an argument with an iron bar and with such telling effect that his opponent thereupon ceased forever to differ with him.

The use of the alias has been dropped in the best Sterling society circles, and the Standard runs a list of persons at a recent social function under names which it assures the readers are bona fide.

Macomb Telegram.—All witnesses of the killing of Charles Hillyer at Bushnell Monday night during a riot between two rival political parades are to be arrested. A number are now under arrest charged with rioting. Hillyer was buried yesterday from the First Baptist church.

Rockford Special: The little Ting Ling family, made famous by C. W. Saalburg, the newspaper cartoonist, danced in honor of the marriage of their artist father to Miss Grace Gove of this city. The wedding was solemnized at 5:30 o'clock Friday afternoon, at the home of the bride's grandparents at Rochelle, 16 miles south of here. The Rev. Dr. W. O. Shepherd, pastor of the Oakland Avenue Methodist Episcopal church, Chicago, performed the ceremony and the couple left immediately for an extended trip in Europe.

Ethel B. Hill, formerly engaged as stenographer in the office of the Sunbeam Incandescent Lamp Company in the Monadnock building, Chicago, suddenly became insane while in that office Thursday, and had to be removed to the Detention Hospital. She talked in such an incoherent manner Manager Terry sent for Policeman Sullivan, and without any trouble she was taken in charge. Her mother is at present in an insane asylum, and some time ago her brother committed suicide. Her father is a mechanic employed in the repair shops of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company near Aurora.

Elijah Walker's grain elevator at Assumption was burned, causing a loss of \$10,000.

Fire, which threatened the extinction of Normal, was checked after a loss of \$5,100 had been caused.

James H. Bostock, of Pendleton, was accidentally shot and severely wounded by Charles Cliff, a friend.

William S. Forman, the anti-silver candidate for governor, will open his campaign in Decatur this week.

Fairbury special: The twenty-sixth annual Belle Prairie fair and farmers' picnic came to a close on the association's grounds, ten miles south of here, Thursday. The weather being fine, an immense crowd was present to have an enjoyable time. The annual address was delivered by Rev. J. F. Foreman of Saunemin. The officers chosen for the ensuing year were: President, Edward Meeker; vice-president, John Loar; treasurer, D. S. Crum; secretary, Henry Pratt; marshal, David Barnes; directors, William Mooberry, C. P. Bennett, William B. Ward, J. W. Husten, Chas. Forsythe.

Rockford special: Legal proceedings against a number of the high school seniors for hazing Claude Kraft, a freshman, so severely that he was confined to his bed, have been dropped. The families of the offenders have interested themselves, with the result that the father of the injured boy will take no further steps. Young Kraft is recovering from the effects of the severe ducking he was given. The school authorities are much exercised over the affair, and have given out that any more hazing will be followed by expulsion. So far as the students are concerned it is probable the end is not yet. The freshmen have sworn revenge, and as they outnumber the seniors the faculty is on the lookout for another outbreak.

Morris telegram: The grand jury is hearing a mass of evidence against the saloon keepers of Braceville, and to two women is due the credit of compelling the investigation. Heretofore saloons have run in Braceville all night and on Sundays, and have sold liquor to minors in defiance of the better element of the town. Mrs. Annie Sloane Walker, wife of the Alton station agent, moved here recently and began a law-and-order crusade. Her companion at arms is Miss Sarah Hughes. The women went among Braceville business men and solicited subscriptions, and with the funds hired Pinkerton detectives. Evidence has been gathering for a couple of months, and has been presented to the grand jury by State's Attorney Stough, with the result that many of the whisky men are sure to be indicted.

Elgin telegram: George S. Kendall has brought suit against his divorced wife, Phoebe Force, for \$3,000. Kendall says he would have been just that much ahead if he had never met the woman. The plaintiff secured his divorce on the ground of cruelty, claiming that his wife drove him from the house with a shotgun. He was worth, he says, \$3,250 when he married her, which was invested in Elgin realty. His wife was wealthy. In consideration of his agreeing to sign deeds giving her a half interest in his property, she agreed to give him a half interest in hers, and further agreed to sign deeds of sale when he wished to sell, or forfeit \$500 for each refusal. She refused to sign on several occasions when he had found purchasers, he claims, and his property was sold under foreclosure, reducing his wealth to \$250. Kendall is a Grand Army man and is well known here. The case has excited much interest.

Personal Names of Noted Dishes.

A French journal has recently opened a discussion in relation to the association of the names of certain distinguished persons with celebrated culinary concoctions. In most cases the individuals so honored are so far removed from any knowledge, or, perhaps, appreciation, of cookery; as is the elusive eel from a paralytic. There are, however, some notable exceptions. Mme. de Pompadour lost an opportunity when she named a famous preparation of her creation filets de volaille a la Bellevue. Louis XVIII. was equally remiss in calling his noted soup a la Xavier. Cardinal Richelieu, the originator of probably the greatest gastronomic success of the age, mayonnaise sauce, took his fame as a statesman seriously at the expense of that of a culinary genius. The Marquis de Bechamel had a finer appreciation of the enduring recognition accorded an appeal to the gluttonous instincts of man. He called his white sauce a la Bechamel, and so it will be known probably for all time as inseparably connected with his name. The Prince de Conde, who invented potage a la Conde, was equally wise. In this country it is noticeable that certain dishes served at famous restaurants undergo frequent changes of names. The menus of some noted restaurants are as trustworthy a guide to the financial standing of certain persons as the books of a commercial agency. If frogs' legs a la Jones is changed to a la Brown it may be positively affirmed that Jones is in a condition of complete pecuniary collapse, and that Brown is the coming man.—New York Sun

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

"THE CITIES SAVED," LAST SUNDAY'S SUBJECT.

"And the Streets of the Cities Shall Be Full of Boys and Girls Playing in the Streets Thereof"—Zachariah, Verse, 8-5.



LIMPSES of our cities redeemed! Now, boys and girls who play in the streets run such risks that multitudes of them end in ruin. But, in the coming time spoken of, our cities will be so moral that lads and lasses shall be as safe in the public thoroughfares as in the nursery.

Pulpit and printing press for the most part in our day are busy in discussing the condition of the cities at this time; but would it not be healthfully encouraging to all Christian workers, and to all who are toiling to make the world better, if we should for a little while look forward to the time when our cities shall be revolutionized by the Gospel of the Son of God, and all the darkness of sin and trouble and crime and suffering shall be gone from the world?

Every man has a pride in the city of his nativity or residence, if it be a city distinguished for any dignity or prowess. Caesar boasted of his native Rome, Virgil of Mantua, Lycurgus of Sparta, Demosthenes of Athens, Archimedes of Syracuse, and Paul of Tarsus. I should have suspicion of base-heartedness in a man who had no especial interest in the city of his birth or residence—no exhilaration at the evidence of its prosperity or its artistic embellishments, or its intellectual advancement.

I have noticed that a man never likes a city where he has not behaved well! People who have had a free ride in the prison van never like the city that furnishes the vehicle. When I find Argos, and Rhodes, and Smyrna trying to prove themselves the birthplace of Homer, I conclude that Homer behaved well. He liked them and they liked him. We must not war on laudable city pride, or with the idea of building ourselves up at any time, try to pull others down. Boston must continue to point to its Faneuil Hall and to its Common, and to its superior educational advantages. Philadelphia must continue to point to its Independence Hall, and its mint, and its Girard College. Washington must continue to point to its wondrous Capitoline buildings. If I should find a man coming from any city, having no pride in that city, that city having been the place of his nativity, or now being the place of his residence, I would feel like asking: "What mean things have you done there? What outrageous thing have you been guilty of that you do not like the place?"

I know there are sorrows, and there are sins, and there are sufferings all around about us; but as in some bitter, cold winter day, when we are threshing our arms around us to keep our thumbs from freezing, we think of the warm spring day that will after awhile come; or in the dark winter night we look up and see the northern lights, the windows of heaven illuminated by some great victory—just so we look up from the night of suffering and sorrow and wretchedness in our cities, and we see a light streaming through from the other side, and we know we are on the way to morning—more than that, on the way to "a morning without clouds."

I want you to understand, all you who are toiling for Christ, that the castles of sin are all going to be captured. The victory for Christ in these great towns is going to be so complete that not a man on earth, or an angel in heaven, or a devil in hell will dispute it. How do I know? I know just as certainly as God lives and that this is holy truth. The old Bible is full of it. If a nation is to be saved, of course all the cities are to be saved. It makes a great difference with you and with me whether we are toiling toward a defeat, or toiling toward a victory.

Now, in this municipal elevation of which I speak, I have to remark there will be greater financial prosperity than our cities have ever seen. Some people seem to have a morbid idea of the millennium, and they think when the better time comes to our cities and the world people will give their time up to psalm-singing and the relating of their religious experience, and, as all social life will be purified there will be no hilarity, and, as all business will be purified there will be no enterprise. There is no ground for such an absurd anticipation. In the time of which I speak, where now one fortune is made, there will be a hundred fortunes made. We all know business prosperity depends upon confidence between man and man. Now when that time comes of which I speak, and when all double dealing, all dishonesty, and all fraud are gone out of commercial circles, thorough confidence will be established, and there will be a better business

done, and larger fortunes gathered, and mightier successes achieved.

The great business disasters of this country have come from the work of godless speculators and infamous stock gamblers. The great foe to business is crime. When the right shall have hurled back the wrong, and shall have purified the commercial code, and shall have thundered down fraudulent establishments, and shall have put into the hands of honest men the keys of business, blessed time for the bargain-makers. I am not talking an abstraction, I am not making a guess. I am telling you God's eternal truth.

In that day of which I speak, taxes will be a mere nothing. Now, our business men are taxed for everything. City taxes, county taxes, State taxes, United States taxes, stamp taxes, license tax, manufacturing taxes—taxes, taxes, taxes! Our business men have to make a small fortune every year to pay their taxes. What fastens on our great industries this awful load? Crime, individual and official! We have to take care of the orphans of those who plunged into their graves through sensual indulgences. We have to support the municipal governments, which are vast and expensive just in proportion as the criminal proclivities are vast and tremendous. Who support the almshouses and police stations, and all the machinery of municipal government? The taxpayers.

In our great cities the churches are not to-day large enough to hold more than a fourth of the population. The churches that are built—comparatively few of them are fully occupied. The average attendance in the churches of the United States today is not four hundred. Now, in the glorious time of which I speak, there are going to be vast churches, and they are going to be all thronged with worshippers. Oh, what rousing songs they will sing! Oh, what earnest sermons they will preach! Oh, what fervent prayers they will offer! Now, in our time, what is called a fashionable church is a place where a few people, having attended very carefully to their toilet, come and sit down—they do not want to be crowded; they like a whole seat to themselves—and then, if they have any time left from thinking of their store, and from examining the style of the hat in front of them, they sit and listen to a sermon warranted to hit no man's sins, and listen to music which is rendered by a choir warranted to sing tunes that nobody knows! And then after an hour and a half of indolent yawning they go home refreshed. Every man feels better after he has had a good sleep!

In many of the Churches of Christ in our day the music is simply a mockery. I have not a cultivated ear, nor a cultivated voice, yet no man can do my singing for me. I have nothing to say against artistic music. The two or five dollars I pay to hear any of the great queens of song are a good investment. But when the people assemble in religious convocation, and the hymn is read, and the angels of God step from their throne to catch the music on their wings, do not let us drive them away by our indifference. I have preached in churches where vast sums of money were employed to keep up the music, and it was as exquisite as any heard on earth, but I thought, at the same time, for all matters practical I would prefer the hearty, outbreathing song of a backwoods Methodist camp-meeting.

Let one of these starveling fancy songs sung in church get up before the throne of God, how would it seem standing amid the great doxologies of the redeemed? Let the finest operatic air that ever went up from the Church of Christ get many hours the start, it would be caught and passed by the hosanna of the Sabbath School children. I know a church where the choir did all the singing, save one Christian man, who, through "perseverance of the saints," went right on, and, afterward, a committee was appointed to wait on him and ask him if he would not please stop singing, as he bothered the choir.

Let those refuse to sing Who never knew our God; But children of the Heavenly King Should speak their joys abroad. "Praise ye the Lord: let everything with breath praise the Lord." In the glorious time coming in our cities, and in the world, hosanna will meet hosanna, and hallelujah, hallelujah.

In that time also of which I speak, all the haunts of iniquity and crime and squalor will be cleansed and will be illuminated. How is it to be done? You say, perhaps, by one influence. Perhaps I say by another. I will tell you what is my idea, and I know I am right in it: The Gospel of the Son of God is the only agency that will ever accomplish this.

A gentleman in England had a theory that if the natural forces of wind and tide and sunshine and wave were rightly applied and rightly developed it would make this whole earth a paradise. In a book of great genius, and which rushed from edition to edition, he said: "Fellow-men, I promise to show the means of creating a paradise within ten years, where everything desirable for human life may be had by every man in superabundance without labor and without pay—where the

whole face of nature shall be changed into the most beautiful farms, and man may live in the most magnificent palaces, in all imaginable refinements of luxury, and in the most delightful gardens—where he may accomplish without labor in one year more than hitherto could be done in thousands of years. From the houses to be built will be afforded the most cultured views that can be fancied. From the galleries, from the roof, and from the turrets, may be seen gardens as far as the eye can see, full of fruits and flowers, arranged in the most beautiful order, with walks, colonnades, aqueducts, canals, ponds, plains, amphitheatres, terraces, fountains, sculptured works, pavilions, gondolas, places of popular amusement, to lure the eye and fancy. All this to be done by urging the water, the wind, and the sunshine to their full development."

In that day of which I speak, do you believe there will be any mid-night carousal? Will there be any kicking off from the marble steps of shivering mendicants? Will there be any unwashed, unfed, uncombed children? Will there be any inebriated staggering past? No. No wine stores. No lager beer saloons. No distilleries, where they make the three X's. No bloodshot eye. No bloated cheek. No instruments of ruin and destruction. No fist-pounded forehead. The grandchildren of that woman who goes down the street with a curse, stoned by the boys that follow her, with the reformers and philanthropists and the Christian men and the honest merchants of our cities.

Oh, you think sometimes it does not amount to much! You toil on in your different spheres, sometimes with great discouragement. People have no faith, and say: "It does not amount to anything; you might as well quit that." Why, when Moses stretched his hand over the Red Sea it did not seem to mean anything especially. People came out, I suppose, and said, "Aha!" Some of them found out what he wanted to do. He wanted the sea parted. It did not amount to anything, this stretching out of his hand over the sea. But, after awhile, the wind blew all night from the east, and the waters were gathered into a glittering palisade on either side, and the billows reared as God pulled back on their crystal bits! Wheel into line; O, Israel! march! march! Pearls crashed under feet. Flying spray gathers into rainbow arch of victory for the conquerors to march under. Shout of hosts on the beach answering the shout of hosts amid sea. And when the last line of Israelites reach the beach, the cymbals clap, and the shields clang, and the waters rush over the pursuers, and the swift-fingered winds on the white keys of the foam play the grand march of Israel delivered and the awful dirge of Egyptian overthrow.

So you and I go forth, and all the people of God go forth, and they stretch forth their hand over the sea, the boiling sea of crime, and sin, and wretchedness. "It don't amount to anything," people say. Don't it? God's winds of help will, after awhile, begin to blow. A path will be cleared for the army of Christian philanthropists. The path will be lined with the treasures of Christian beneficence, and we shall be greeted to the other beach by the clapping of all heaven's cymbals, while those who pursued us, and derided us, and tried to destroy us, will go down under the sea, and all that will be left of them will be cast high and dry upon the beach, the splintered wheel of a chariot, or thrust out from the foam, the breathless nostril of a riderless charger.

How High Can Man Go?

Prof. Ugolino Mosso of Turin has made some interesting experiments on the effects experienced in ascending to high altitudes. All climbers of lofty mountains are aware that at great heights, such as the summit of Mont Blanc, respiration becomes more or less troublesome, the heart beats rapidly and sometimes irregularly, and a feeling of exhaustion, often accompanied by nausea, is experienced. These effects arise largely from the rarity of the air, and since the atmosphere becomes less dense the higher one goes, it is evident that a limit must soon be reached above which man cannot ascend. Professor Mosso made his first experiments on Monte Rosa, next to Mont Blanc, the highest peak of the Alps, where he ascended to an elevation exceeding 15,000 feet without serious inconvenience. Returning to Turin he made his next ascent, so to speak, without ascending at all. In other words, he produced an imitation of the rare atmosphere of a very lofty mountain-top by partially exhausting the air from a large pneumatic chamber in which he had shut himself. When the air in the chamber corresponded in density with that which would be found at a height of 24,272 feet above sea-level, he suffered such ill effects that he could not carry the experiment further. The height to which Professor Mosso thus simulated an ascent is almost a mile less than that of Mount Everest, so that it seems improbable that man will ever be able to set his foot on the loftiest peak of the earth.

THE TRADE REVIEW.

DUN & CO. REPORT ON BUSINESS CONDITIONS.

Better Prices Are Looked for in the Immediate Future—Bank Failures Cause Temporary Hesitation—Crop Returns Indicate Disappointment.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

Letter prospects and relief from monetary anxiety do not yet bring larger demands for finished products, though large buying of pig iron, wool, leather, hides, cotton and other materials continued to show a growing business tending to the belief that a general movement upward in prices will come with the replenishment of dealers' stocks this fall.

Most prices are extremely low, so that nothing more than ordinary demand would advance them. But bank failures at New Orleans cause temporary hesitation, crop returns indicate disappointment in some cotton and some spring wheat states, prices of corn and oats make it unprofitable to sell at present, the number of manufacturing works and mines in operation does not gain, but rather decreases, reductions of wages are somewhat numerous and occasionally resisted by strikes. All these conditions diminish for a time the buying power of the people.

While many think general improvement cannot come until the election has removed political uncertainties, others expect soon to see the result anticipated. The weekly output of pig iron decreased 26,578 tons in August to 130,500 tons, against 217,300 in November, a shrinkage of 40 per cent. Other works still have stopped since September began.

The output of Connellsville coke was 65,997 tons weekly, against 166,000 Oct. 6 last year, and 5,640 ovens are at work, against 13,511 then, with 10,000 workers now idle.

Sales of wool for the week have equaled the normal consumption for the first time in some months, not because manufacturers have more orders or are doing more work, for no gain is seen in the demand or output. The buying is mainly speculative, based on the belief that prices must advance.

No considerable decrease appears in the enormous stock of print cloths, although the output has been reduced about half for two months, and a fifth of the year's supply remains in the hands of the makers, but they have advanced the price 3-16 per cent during the week. For other goods there is a better demand and manufacturers have advanced prices because of the rising cost of material, the average for all cottons having risen 5.3 per cent since Aug. 6, but stocks of many kinds are large.

The Financial Chronicle's annual report makes the last crop of cotton 7,162,473 bales, the consumption north and south 2,695,810, and the exports 4,712,912 during the year. No account of southern mill stocks is attempted, and no estimate is yet given of the crop now coming forward. The government report is even more gloomy than a year ago, making the condition the lowest for many years. There is no doubt that the damage has been serious, as the price has advanced to 8 1/2 cents, with much speculative buying.

Wheat declined a cent, but then advanced, closing a cent up for the week. Western receipts still exceed last year, having been in two weeks 11,229,038, against 10,323,238 bushels last year, while Atlantic exports, flour included, have been for the same weeks, 3,933,265 bushels, against 2,417,872 last year.

Corn is almost wholly out of danger and the yield is generally expected to be the largest, as the price here is the lowest ever known.

Failures for the week have been 315 in the United States, against 187 last year in the United States, and forty-seven in Canada, against thirty-four last year.

NOMINATES W. S. FORMAN.

Illinois Gold Democrats Make Their New Selection for Governor.

John C. Black on Wednesday absolutely declined the nomination for governor of Illinois which was given him by the anti-silver democratic state convention. His declination was accepted without delay by the anti-silver democratic state committee. John P. Hopkins nominated William S. Forman to fill the vacancy, and the committee unanimously ratified the nomination. Mr. Forman was the anti-silver nominee for attorney-general. D. V. Samuels, a well-known Chicago attorney, was nominated for attorney-general.

Martin Takes Holt's Place.

Thomas Taggart would not accept the chairmanship of the Indiana democratic state committee, and Parks M. Martin of Owen county was elected. Chairman Martin has announced the appointment of a campaign committee composed of Gov. Matthews, D. F. Allen of Frankfort, Thomas Taggart of Indianapolis, James Murdock of Lafayette, and John E. Lamb of Terre Haute.

Dress Reform in Court.

The Judge—Which is the plaintiff in this case?

The Plaintiff—I am the plaintiff, your Honor.

The Judge—I thought the wife was the plaintiff?

The Plaintiff—I am the wife, Your Honor.

The Judge—Th-the dickens you are!

The Plaintiff—I trust Your Honor entertains no prejudice against the habits of the new woman.

The Judge—Me! Certainly not. At the same time I feel it my duty to inform you that you don't stand the ghost of a show with this jury.

The Plaintiff—Why not?

The Judge—Because they are all married men.

Shrill voice from the jury box—You're off, Judge. Four of us are married women!—Cleveland Post.

Her Last Request.

"One moment," said the fated Queen of Scots, as she paused at the foot of the scaffold, "I have a last request to make. When you come to bury me, and are about to restore my head to my body, be sure to remember one thing."

"And what is that?" quoth the impatient warder.

"Just try your best to put it on straight."

And the cortege swept on.—Cleveland Post.

In Darktown.



Mother (angrily)—Joe Jefferson! How many times muss I call yo', befo' I can make yo' hear?

Joe Jeff—Dunno—Yo' stan' than an' holler, an' I'll sit here an' count.

Justification.

"My dear," said Mrs. Dukane to her daughter, "I am inexpressibly shocked to hear you use such expressions."

"What expressions, mamma?"

"Didn't I hear you say to your brother, 'What's eating you?'"

"I guess you did."

"Well, don't you know that is very reprehensible slang?"

"But, mamma, isn't the word 'eat' a synonym for 'consume?'"

"Yes, I suppose it is."

"Then, mamma, dear, I don't think that your criticism is well founded, for I have often heard you say you were consumed with curiosity."—Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph.

"Break, Break, Break."

"A Loving Mother" writes that her only child, a boy of twenty-one, is painfully awkward, and she wants to know how he may learn to be graceful. He is so clumsy he breaks everything he comes in contact with. When a mere child he broke the ten commandments and a water pitcher, and his mother fears that he will break his neck. We would advise "A Loving Mother" to allow her son to try a faro bank. If he succeeds in breaking that she is invited to write again.

Getting Rid of the Gas.

Torker Long (a bore)—I tell you fellows, that tooth was a terror! The dentist says to me, he says: "Now, Mr. Long, you've got lots of nerve, and can stand pain as well as the next one, but you'll have to inhale gas for this tooth!" And I took the gas! Yes, sir, after considerable thought, I decided to take the gas, and—

An Auditor—Yes, old man, and now you're getting rid of it, aren't you?

The Odd One.

"Your pastor has solemnized a good many marriages of late, hasn't he?"

"Yes; he told me the other day that since the first of the year he has caused 117 hearts to beat as fifty-eight and a half."

"Where did the half come in?"

"Oh, that was when he married a bloomer girl to a postage-stamp collector."

The Way She Took It.

Mrs. Lovey (proudly)—Yes, Mr. Lovey and I have been married for twenty-five years. And we have yet to make up our first real quarrel.

Miss Pert—Isn't that rather a long time to sulk?

Three Balls.

"I see they are applying ball bearings to a great many things now."

"Yes, they have a ball bearing sign down where I keep my watch."—Washington Times.

Barrington Review.

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THE GRADE QUESTION.

This all-important question seems to crop out at every meeting of the Village Board whenever the sidewalks are given attention.

It is paramount that if our village trustees ever expect to see even sidewalks in Barrington—stepless sidewalks—they must have a grade line. Something definite to work by.

In our opinion the best surveyor in the country would be unable to give you stepless sidewalks without making some cuts or fills somewhere. The surveyor who submitted the present grade line to the Village Board, and which was accepted, made some fills and some cuts. Probably he made the cuts deeper than they should have been, or perhaps ordered a fill in some places which might appear to a person as an injustice. Let this be as it may. Our Village Board accepted the work and paid their money for the same, some \$500 being required before the grade was established.

We do not think it good policy—as long as we must have a grade line—to throw up the present grade. We would advise that every property owner try and comply with the grade line as already established. The cuts will only have to be made once, and the same may be said of the fills. We warrant that when every property owner has lived up to the provisions of the present grade line, and the village has done likewise with its streets, there will not be a citizen of Barrington but what will say that it is a good piece of work.

If some property owner has been done an injustice let him go before the board of trustees and make his complaint, and in our opinion the trustees can find some way in which to give him relief if his case warrants doing so.

Whatever we do let us get to work and do it quick. Get your sidewalks in shape before someone is injured on some of our miserable walks. If any corporation ever needed better sidewalks Barrington is the village. There are some walks which are actually dangerous for feeble persons to travel over. Compel the owners to repair them.

LAKE ZURICH'S FIRST VILLAGE BOARD.

Lake Zurich was incorporated last Saturday, at which time the following officers were elected:

For President—Frank P. Clark.
Clerk—Chas. W. Kohl.
Trustees—Henry Seip, Wm. Eichman, Wm. Buesching, J. C. Whitney, H. L. Prehm and Fred Kuckuck.

The gentlemen are the leading business men of that pretty little burg. We believe that Lake Zurich will be given good municipal government, and that she will profit financially and otherwise by having become an incorporated village.

Several of the newly-elected trustees stated to a REVIEW reporter that the chief object of incorporating was to be able to preserve better order and build and maintain good sidewalks. These principles if strictly adhered to will surely bring good results. Lake Zurich can feel proud of her first Village Board, and we offer our congratulations.

The supervisors of Lake county levied a county tax of \$33,000 at their meeting last week. This falls \$9,000 short of the amount raised last year, and is \$3,000 less than the amount recommended by the Finance committee to meet the running expenses of the county for the ensuing year.

The grand total of all taxes collected in Lake county this year is \$286,346.65. Of this amount the railroads running through the county pay \$34,511.37, or more than 12 per cent of all the taxes collected.

Rhode Island, although the least of the states, is strong in manufacture, employing 85,976 hands and producing \$142,500,625 worth of various lines of goods.

England in Egypt.

As far back as 1801 an English army drove France out of Egypt. Ever since then France has held a grudge at England on the Egyptian question. Ever since then, too, England has been more or less busy in connection with the affairs of the distracted Nile country. The Suez canal gives Great Britain the right to concern herself intimately with the government of the country. Egypt is nominally a suzerainty of Turkey, while an English army occupies her territory, and she has likewise an alleged government of her own.

British influence is, however, paramount. How long it will continue so Arthur Silva White gives us indirectly to understand in a paper in The North American Review. In 1874 and succeeding years much territory was won for the khedive in upper Egypt, still with the aid of the English. Gordon Pasha, otherwise called Chinese Gordon, was governor general of the Sudan in 1880. Jan. 26, 1885, he was killed in the Mahdist rebellion at Khartoum.

After that the Sudan was overrun by the Mahdists or dervishes, the troops were withdrawn, and upper Egypt was abandoned to its fate. Recent events and conditions have induced England to enter the Sudan again. The Italians have abandoned Abyssinia. France is reaching out along the Kongo toward the British central and east African possessions. France has now Russia at her back, and France has not forgotten that the English drove her out of Egypt in 1801. The new British possession, Uganda, and other British territory in Africa imperatively demand for their safety the reconquest of the Sudan, ostensibly for Egypt, really for Great Britain.

It is nothing less than the conquest of the entire Sudan, according to Mr. White, that is the aim of the British expedition to Dongola. And when the Sudan is conquered for Egypt by British troops, it will have to be held for Egypt by British troops, and that is another link in the chain which will hold England in the Nile country apparently till judgment day.

An English paper thinks the marriage of Wales' remaining daughter, Princess Victoria, to William Waldorf Astor would not be so bad. It declares that many a royal marriage consummated in the past few years has been less promising than a union between a princess royal "to a man of good physical attributes and moral commercial character." "Moral commercial character" is good, very good. The commercial kind is apparently the morality that counts with our British brethren. The English paper proceeds further to remark that the marriage between Astor and the princess would give the greatest satisfaction to intelligent people in the English speaking world. Just so. And the meaning between the lines is that the British people are taxed so heavily for the support of the queen of England and her multitudinous progeny that they would not care much whom one of this progeny of either sex married, just so it was somebody who would entirely support in sufficiently grand style the given princess or prince. The English newspaper hastens to add, however, that in case the princess married Astor of course Astor would be immediately raised to a dukedom. Oh, yes, of course. And then every Briton would be ready to kiss the boots of the descendant of the old German fur dealer who came to America a century ago.

As desolate as any portion of this continent are the islands along the New England coast, spots like Block island and the isles of Shoals. Yet when the white men came to the country all these coast islands were thickly covered with woods. Trees and vegetation grew abundantly and the soil was sufficient to maintain them. Now the islands are mere barren rock and shifting sands. There is not vegetation enough on some of them to pasture a sheep. The only place where anything will grow at most places on their surface is where the soil has been made artificially. The story is the old one of man's greed and destruction. The beautiful trees were all cut down. The winds then had full sweep over the ground and covered it with the sands of the sea and swept the soil off the rocks. A thousand years of tree planting and soilmaking could now scarcely bring back the islands to the fruitful condition of two centuries ago.

When money is scarce in this country, interest rates are high, and when interest rates are high here money flows to us from Europe to take advantage of them. That is partly what has recently brought us gold from abroad.

Li Hung Chang to President Cleveland: "The reputation of your esteemed virtues is widely known throughout the world."

When a country is new and thinly inhabited, the nonincrease of its population is a discouraging sign. But when a country has people enough already, like the most thickly populated portions of the earth, a stationary number of inhabitants is not at all to be lamented. Indeed, on the whole, considering the present financial depression throughout most portions of the civilized world, France is rather to be congratulated on the fact that her population increases very slowly. It is not more men and women the world wants at the entrance to the twentieth century so much as better men and women.



RIDE
A
MONARCH
AND
KEEP
IN
FRONT



Four Styles—\$80 and \$100

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Is what every man is heading for but, like the seat in the White House, is very hard to reach. There is one firm, however, whose popularity is increasing day by day on account of the way the firm is

Underbuying AND Underselling

Its competitors. The name of that firm is

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Wauconda, Illinois

DEALER IN

Hardware, Stoves, Tinware AND
YANKEE NOTIONS

—HE ALSO DEALS IN—

All kinds of Carriages, Buggies, Farm and Truck Wagons, Etc.

SPRING LAKE.

D. Forbes called at the factory Wednesday.

"Clint" Peebles has returned, and is at work in the factory.

There are two bicycle raffles promised us in a few days.

Fred Reese of Barrington passed through here Tuesday.

J. Janek of Algonquin was a caller in this vicinity Tuesday.

J. Suchy and W. H. Heath have each purchased a corn binder.

M. C. McIntosh has \$6000 to loan in amounts to suit. Call at his Barrington office.

No! They have not met with an accident. They are simply discussing free silver.

There will be a dance at the Bohemian hall tonight, Saturday, Sept. 19. Good music and a royal time is promised.

A number of the M. W. A. members, accompanied by their ladies, attended the funeral of W. P. Thompson at Algonquin Sunday.

Our farmers were somewhat surprised, Tuesday, to find their contracts put nearly in half when they contracted their milk. The average price for six months was \$1.12.

We handle the Heath & Milligan paint, which is especially prepared for the following classes of work: House, barn, roof, wagon, buggy and floor painting. Remember, our paint is put up in large and small quantities, to meet the requirements of the trade.
J. D. LAMEY & Co.

LANGENHEIM.

R. Frick was in Cary Thursday.
Joe Rofal is working for J. Kirmse.
Herman Zemler was in Barrington Tuesday.

Mary Kaleber was a Langenheim caller Tuesday.
Aug. Haak passed through here Monday.

C. Kraus was in Barrington Wednesday.
Miss Mary Riley returned to Chicago last week.

Andreas Teske was the guest of Aug. Klein Sunday.

Henry Antholz spent Saturday at the home of his uncle, L. Langenheim.

Robert Eichler, who had his foot cut while here some time ago, is doing nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Lageschulte were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. B. Lageschulte Sunday.

Miss Katie Langenheim called on Mrs. Wm. Antholz, Barrington, Tuesday.

Those who attended the Libertyville fair were: Mrs. C. Kraus, Mrs. Custer, Miss Bertha Strobach and Elmer Grundy.

WAUCONDA.

Albert Roney made a trip to Chicago Monday.

Did you see those new leather suspenders at H. Maiman's.

F. E. Green of Nunda spent Sunday with his parents.

M. W. Hughes was a Chicago visitor Saturday.

J. E. Gainer transacted business in Chicago Monday.

Frank Knigge of Rockefeller was on our streets Sunday.

John Roney of Chicago spent Sunday with his parents.

Elihu Hubbard of Nunda spent Tuesday with relatives in our village.

Dr. Muffet of Palatine spent Monday and Tuesday in our village.

Miss Pettibone of New York is visiting with Prof. and Mrs. R. C. Kent.

Leather suspenders at only 30c per pair, at H. Maiman's.

J. Miller of McHenry transacted business in our village Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hubbard are entertaining relatives from Iowa.

The skating rink was well attended Saturday evening. It promises to be a success.

On Wednesday Mr. Geo. Pratt, jr., and Mrs. Ray were united in marriage at Genoa, Wis. Mr. and Mrs. Pratt returned to Wauconda at 8 o'clock in the evening, and a half hour later were serenaded with tin horns

and pans. We extend our congratulations to the happy couple, and wish them a happy and prosperous life.

The sorghum mill will soon be running again. If you want good syrup bring your sugar cane here.

The Republican rally which was to have been held at Volo last Saturday evening was postponed on account of bad weather.

G. W. Pratt and a friend from Chicago spent Sunday camping at Fox river. They captured a fine string of fish and a great many snipe and rail hens. "Jud" always brings home some game.

Jos. Dryer of Chicago spent the first of the week with Mr. and Mrs. H. Maiman.

Mrs. Ruggles, who has been spending the past month with relatives at Detroit, Mich., returned home Tuesday.

A meeting was held in the school-house Monday evening for the purpose of organizing a McKinley and Hobart marching club. The club is the largest ever formed in Wauconda.

Mr. and Mrs. Hammond of Chicago, who have been spending a few days with Mrs. Andrew Oaks, returned home Tuesday.

E. L. Harrison and A. W. Reynolds have taken a job of cutting corn for J. M. Clark. This is rather new work for the boys, and the first day seemed to tell.

Mrs. Wells, who has been visiting relatives and friends at Nunda, returned home Sunday.

OBITUARY.

Saturday morning death called away one of our oldest inhabitants in the person of Mrs. Ambros Werden, at the advanced age of 78 years, 4 months and 29 days.

Mrs. Werden was a native of Lanesboro, Berkshire County, Mass., and was born April 14, 1818.

Her education was acquired in the common schools of that state and in the higher schools of Shelburn, Mass., and Bennington, Vt.

She was united in marriage to Ambros P. Werden, Nov. 7, 1841, who was also a native of Berkshire county, Mass., and who preceded her to the last resting place on the 15th of Jan., 1883.

Their union was blessed by four sons, and all are yet living. The eldest, Henry, was married to Miss Louisa Oaks and is a farmer of Nunda, McHenry County, Ill.

Herbert is a commission merchant and a successful business man of Chicago.

Kirk V., the third son, since the death of his father, resided with and tenderly cared for his widowed mother until her death. Previously he had resided on a farm, but when Mrs. Werden was left alone he felt that his duty called him to her.

Will E., the youngest, graduated from the commercial department of the Valparaiso Normal School, taught school, and was then in a business house in Chicago, but is now engaged in mercantile pursuits in Waukegan.

Mr. and Mrs. Werden desiring that their children should grow up men of worth, who would lead honorable and successful lives, provided them with good educational advantages and endeavored to instill into their minds lessons of industry and uprightiness, and their teachings have not been without effect.

The family came to Lake County in 1856 and cast its lot with the early settlers of Wauconda Township.

Mrs. Werden was a member of the Baptist Church, and her life was made up of deeds of kindness and acts of charity, which were performed in a quiet and unostentatious manner. She made her home the abode of hospitality and her friends were always sure to receive a kindly welcome to her fireside.

Three years ago, while at the World's Fair, Mrs. Werden fell down a flight of stairs in one of the buildings, which caused her injuries from which she never recovered.

The funeral services were held from the Baptist church Monday morning at 11 o'clock, and the remains were laid to rest in the Wauconda cemetery, the four sons lowering the casket into the grave, the same duty they performed for their father thirteen years ago.

Mrs. Werden leaves many relatives and friends to mourn the loss of a kind mother and a respected and hon-

ored friend. The REVIEW extends its heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family.

Do you want to TRADE

for a first-class milch cow?

We have a few more good milchers left which we will sell cheap or trade for butcher's stock.

If you have any dry cows or stock of any kind that you would like to trade for a fresh milcher come in and tell us what you have and what you want. Fresh Milchers from \$25 to \$50.

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AUCTIONEERS
BARRINGTON, - ILL.

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Buy the Celebrated

Crown Piano

an instrument superior in every particular to other pianos.

Combines 13 instruments in one

and costs no more than the best pianos of other manufacturers.

Crown Organs

are the best made, elegantly finished and sweetest toned, suitable for church or the family circle.

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NOTARY PUBLIC and
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and it's a guarantee you can hold us to.

Quick Bakers,
Superior Cookers,
Powerful Heaters.

Ask for the Peninsular brand and be determined to get it.

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C. C. HENNINGS, Proprietor.

A First-class Hotel in Every Particular
OPPOSITE DEPOT. BARRINGTON, ILL.

FIRST-CLASS SAMPLE ROOM

in connection, where only the best of imported and domestic Liquors, Wines, Cigars and Tobaccos are kept. Give us a trial.

PABST Milwaukee Beer on Draught.

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The Columbia Hotel

Is the place to make your home when in Barrington.

H. A. DREWES, MANAGER.

Everything First-class

Barrington, - Illinois

Linseed Oil Takes

a Drop

We wish to call the attention of the public to the fact that Linseed Oil has taken another fall in price, and we are now selling both the Best Linseed Oil and D. B. Shipman's White Lead

Lowest Prices on Record!

The large crop of flax seed just harvested has caused the linseed oil to drop another notch recently. We always follow the market, and therefor have dropped our prices accordingly. This places both white lead and linseed oil at astonishing low figures, in fact, they are so low that it would seem impossible for the market to hold at this point but for a short time. Parties who have been thinking of doing painting will, in our opinion, find no better and profitable time to do so than right now.

Our sales of Painter's Materials in Barrington and vicinity has been large, and is still growing. We cut the prices down close for the purpose of securing the trade in particular from the surrounding community, and we are pleased to say that we are getting a good part of it.

If you want anything in the paint line let us know. We want your trade and would like to talk with you.

Drain Tile

We also carry a large stock of the celebrated Gilberts' tile. They have been used in this community to such a large extent and have given such good satisfaction that they need no introduction. If you want tile, just let us know. We want to give you our figures.

J. D. LAMEY & CO.,

BUILDING MATERIAL,

BARRINGTON, - ILLINOIS.

TAET FATAL LOVE.

BY CLARA AUGUSTA
INTERNATIONAL PRESS ASSOCIATION.

CHAPTER III.—(CONTINUED.)

He opened the door with one of a bunch of keys which he carried, and noiselessly entered. The gas was turned down low, but a mellow radiance filled the place. A bed stood in one corner, and Sharp advanced toward it. The noise he had made, slight though it was, aroused the occupant, and, as she started up in a fright, Arch met the soft, pleading eyes of Margia Harrison son. She spoke to him, not to Sharp.

"Do not let him kill me!"

Sharp laid a rough hand on her shoulder, and put a knife at her throat.

Simultaneously, Arch sprang upon him like a tiger.

"Release that girl," he hissed. "Dare to touch her with the tips of your fingers, and by Heaven I will murder you."

Sharp sprang back with an oath, and at the same moment a pistol shot rang through the house, and Sharp, bathed in blood, fell to the floor. Old Mr. Trevlyn, travel stained and wet, strode into the room.

"I've killed him," he said, in a cracked voice of intense satisfaction. "He didn't catch old Trevlyn napping. I knew well enough they'd be after my diamonds, and I gave up the journey. Margie, child, are the jewels safe?"

She had fallen back on the pillows, pale as death, her white night dress spattered with the blood of the dead robber.

Arch lifted a tiny glove from the carpet, thrust it into his bosom, and, before old Trevlyn could raise a hand to stop him, he had got clear of the premises.

Such a relief as he felt when the cool, fresh air struck his face. He had been saved from overt criminality. God had not permitted him to thus debase himself. Now that his excitement was gone, he saw the heinousness of the sin he had been about to commit in all its deformity.

Let old Trevlyn go! Let him goit over his diamonds while yet he had the opportunity. He would not despoil him of his treasures, but he could not give up his scheme of vengeance. It should be brought about some other way.

A large reward was offered by Mr. Trevlyn for the apprehension of Sharp's accomplice, but, as no description of his person could be given by any one except Margie, who could not or would not be explicit on that point, he was not secured.

Trevlyn recognized and appreciated her noble generosity in suffering him to go free, for in the one look she had given him on that disgraceful occasion he had felt that she recognized him. But she pitied him enough to let him go free.

Well, he would show her that her confidence was not misplaced. He would deserve her forbearance. He was resolved upon a new life.

He left the saloon, and after many rebuffs succeeded in getting employment as errand boy in a large importing house. The salary was a mere pittance, but it kept him in clothes and coarse food, until one day, about a year after his apprenticeship there, he chanced to save the life of Mr. Belgrade, the senior partner. A gas pipe in the private office of the firm exploded, and the place took fire, and Mr. Belgrade, smothered and helpless, would have perished in the flames, had not Arch, with a bravery few would have expected in a bashful, retiring boy, plunged through the smoke and flame, and bore him to a place of safety.

Mr. Belgrade was a man with a conscience, and, grateful for his life, he rewarded his preserver by a clerkship of importance. The duties of this office he discharged faithfully for three years, when the death of the head clerk left a vacancy, and when Arch was nineteen he received the situation.

Through these three years he had been a close student. Far into the night he pored over his books, and, too proud to go to school, he hired a teacher and was taught privately. At twenty he was quite as well educated as nine-tenths of the young men now turned out by our fashionable colleges.

Rumors of Margie Harrison's triumphs reached him constantly, for Margie was a belle and a beauty now. Her parents were dead, and she had been left to the guardianship of Mr. Trevlyn, at whose house she made her home, and where she reigned a very queen. Old Trevlyn's heart at last found something beside his diamonds to worship, and Margie had it all her own way.

She came into the store of Belgrade & Co. one day, and asked to look at some laces. Trevlyn was the only clerk disengaged, and with a very changeable face he came forward to attend to her. He felt that she would recognize him at once—that she would remember where she had seen him the last time—a house

breaker! She held his reputation in her keeping.

His hand trembled as he took down the laces—she glanced at his face. A start of surprise—a conscious, painful blush swept over her face. He dropped the box, and the rich laces fell over his feet.

"Pardon me," he said, hurriedly, and, stooping to pick them up, the little glove he had stolen on that night, and which he always wore in his bosom, fell out, and dropped among the laces.

She picked it up with a little cry.

"The very glove that I lost four years ago! And you are—" She stopped suddenly.

He paled to the lips, but, lifting his head proudly, said:

"Go on. Finish the sentence. I can bear it."

"No, I will not go on. Let the memory die. I knew you then, but you were so young, and had to bear so much among temptations. And the other was a villain. No, I am silent. You are safe."

He stooped and, lifting the border of her shawl, kissed it reverently.

"If I live," he said solemnly, "you will be glad you have been so merciful. Some time I shall hear you say so."

She did not purchase any laces. She went out forgetful of her errand, and Arch was so awkward for the remainder of the day, and committed so many blunders, that his fellow clerks laughed at him unrebuked, and Mr. Belgrade seriously wondered if Trevlyn had not been taking too much champagne.

CHAPTER IV.

MARGIE HARRISON and her guardian sat at breakfast. Mr. Trevlyn showed his years very plainly. He was nearly seventy-five—he looked eighty.

Margie looked very lovely this morning and it was of this the old man was thinking as he glanced at her across the table. She had more than fulfilled the promise of her childhood. The golden hair was chestnut now, and pushed behind her ears in heavy, rippling masses of light and shadow. Her eyes had taken a deeper tone—they were like wells whose depth you could not guess at. Her features were delicately irregular, the forehead low, broad and white; her chin was dimpled as an infant's, and her mouth still ripe and red as a damask rosebud. She wore a pink muslin wrapper, tied with white ribbons, and in her hair drooped a cluster of apple-blossoms.

"Margie, dear," said Mr. Trevlyn, pausing in his work of buttering a muffin. "I want you to look your prettiest tonight! I am going to bring home a friend of mine—one who was also your father's friend—Mr. Linnere. He arrived from Europe today."

Margie's cheek lost a trifle of its peachy bloom. She toyed with her spoon, but did not reply to his remark.

"Did you understand me, child? Mr. Linnere has returned."

"Yes, sir."

"And is coming here tonight. Remember to take extra pains with yourself, Margie, for he has seen all the European beauties, and I do not want my little American flower to be cast in the shade. Will you remember it?"

"Certainly, if you wish it, Mr. Trevlyn."

"Margie!"

"Sir!"

"You are aware that Mr. Linnere is your affianced husband, are you not?"

"I have been told so."

"And yet in the face of that fact—well, of all things, girls do beat me! Thank heaven, I have none of my own," he added testily.

"Girls are better let alone, sir. It is very hard to feel one's self bound to fulfil a contract of this kind."

"Hard! Well, now, I should think it easy. Mr. Linnere is all that any reasonable woman could wish. Not too old, nor yet too young; about forty-five, which is just the age for a man to marry; good looking, intelligent and wealthy—what more could you ask?"

"You forget that I do not love him—that he does not love me."

"Love! tush! Don't let me hear anything about that. I loathe the name. Margie, love ruined my only son! For love he disobeyed me and I disowned him. I have not spoken his name for years! Your father approved of Mr. Linnere, and while you were yet a child you were betrothed. And when your father died, what did you promise him on his deathbed?"

Margie grew white as the ribbons at her throat.

"I promised him that I would try and fulfil his requirements."

"That you would try! Yes. And that was equal to giving an unqualified assent. You know the conditions of the will, I believe?"

"I do. If I marry without your consent under the age of twenty-one, I forfeit my patrimony. And I am nineteen now. And I shall not marry without your consent."

"Margie, you must marry Mr. Linnere. Do not hope to do differently. It is your duty. He has lived single all these years waiting for you. He will be kind to you, and you will be happy. Prepare to receive him with becoming respect."

Mr. Trevlyn considered his duty performed and went out for his customary walk.

At dinner Mr. Linnere arrived. Margie met him with cold composure. He scanned her fair face and almost faultless form with the eye of a connoisseur and congratulated himself on the fortune which was to give him such a bride without the perplexity of a wooing. She was beautiful and attractive, and he had feared she might be ugly, which would have been a dampener on his satisfaction. True, her wealth would have counterbalanced any degree of personal deformity; but Mr. Paul Linnere admired beauty, and liked to have pretty things around him.

To tell the truth, he was sadly in need of money. It was fortunate that his old friend, Mr. Harrison, Margie's dead father, had taken it into his head to plight his daughter's troth to him while she was yet a child. Mr. Harrison had been an eccentric man, and from the fact that in many points of religious belief he and Mr. Paul Linnere agreed (for both were miserable skeptics), he valued him above all other men, and thought his daughter's happiness would be secured by the union he had planned.

Linnere had been abroad several years, and he had led a very reckless, dissipated life. Luxurious by nature, lacking in moral rectitude, and having wealth at his command, he indulged himself unrestrained, and when at last he left the gay French capital and returned to America, his whole fortune, with the exception of a few thousands, was dissipated. So he needed a rich wife sorely, and was not disposed to defer his happiness.

He met Margie with emprosement, and bowed his tall head to kiss the white hand she extended to him. She drew it away coldly—something about the man made her shrink from him.

"I am so happy to meet you again, Margie, and after ten years of separation! I have thought so much and so often of you."

"Thank you, Mr. Linnere."

"Will you not call me Paul?" he asked, in a subdued voice, letting his dangerous eyes, full of light and softness, rest on her.

An expression of haughty surprise swept her face. She drew back a pace.

"I am not accustomed to address gentlemen—mere acquaintances—by their Christian names, sir."

"But in this case, Margie? Surely the relations existing between us will admit of such a familiarity," he said, seating himself, while she remained standing coldly by.

"There are no relations existing between us at present, Mr. Linnere," she answered haughtily; "and if, in obedience to the wishes of the dead, we should ever become connected in name, I beg leave to assure you in the beginning that you will always be Mr. Linnere to me."

A flush of anger mounted to his cheek; he set his teeth, but outwardly he was calm and subdued. Anger, just at present, was impolitic.

"I hope to win your love, Margie; I trust I shall," he answered, sadly enough to have aroused almost any woman's pity; but some subtle instinct told Margie he was false to the core.

But all through the evening he was affable and complaisant and forbearing. She made no attempt to conceal her dislike for him. Concealments were not familiar to Margie's nature. She was frank and open as the day.

Mr. Linnere's fascinations were many and varied. He had a great deal of adaptation, and made himself agreeable to every one. He had traveled extensively, was a close observer, and had a retentive memory. Mr. Trevlyn was charmed with him. So was Alexandrine Lee, a friend of Margie's, a rival belle, who accidentally (?) dropped in to spend the evening.

Mr. Linnere played and sang with exquisite taste and skill—he was a complete master of the art, and, in spite of herself, Margie listened to him with a delight that was almost fascination, but which subsided the moment the melody ceased.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Ignorance of Immigrants.

Of the 229,370 alien steerage passengers who arrived at the port of New York last year, 42,942 above 14 years of age could not read and write. About 149,500 of the steerage arrivals were over 14 years of age, and only 29,287 of these brought with them \$30 and over. No less than 182,000 of the whole number of steerage immigrants had some point in the north Atlantic states for a destination, while only 2,451 were bound for the south central states.

Several Grand Excursions.
On September 29, October 6th and 20th there will be a homeseekers' excursion via the Missouri Pacific railway and Iron Mountain route to the west and southwest, at one fare, plus \$2, for the round trip, tickets good to return 21 days from date of sale, with stopover privileges on going trip. Write for particulars and hand books.
BISSELL WILSON, D. P. A.
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Keeps the Food Warm.
A London restaurant uses an electrically heated plate to keep one's food warm. So long as the current is turned on, one can dine in as leisurely a way as he likes. There is no danger of receiving a shock from touching the plate.

Average Depth of the Sea.
The average depth of the sea, in yards, is as follows: Pacific, 4,252; Atlantic, 4,026; Indian, 3,653; Antarctic, 3,000; Arctic, 1,690; Mediterranean, 1,476; Irish, 240; English Channel, 110; Adriatic, 45; Baltic, 43.

Very low rates will be made by the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway for excursions of September way for excursions of September 29th, to the south for Homeseekers and Harvesters. For particulars apply to the nearest local agent or address Jas. Barker, Gen'l Pass. Agt., M. K. and T. R. R., St. Louis, Mo.

Great Britain's postal service receipts the past year exceeded expenses by over \$18,000,000, while the United States postal service usually shows a yearly deficit of nearly half that amount.

SWAMP ROOT
The Great
KIDNEY,
LIVER &
BLADDER
CURE.
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Advice & Pamphlet free.
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Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau.
\$75. in last year, 15 adjudicating claims, atty. since.

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sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water.**

Take Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best when you need medicine. For blood, appetite, nerves, stomach, liver, nothing equals
The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1.
Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

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Lv Chicago 9.00 pm Ar St. Louis 7.24 am
Free Reclining Chair Cars. Pullman Buffet Open and Compartment Sleeping Cars. See that your tickets between Chicago and St. Louis
READS VIA THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.
It can be obtained of your local ticket agent.
A. H. HANSON, G. P. & A. Ill. Cent. R. R. Chicago, Ill.

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THE BEST IN THE WORLD. ASK YOUR DEALER FOR IT.
EXTRA STRONG. GALVANIZED WELLS AND BUT THREE TIMES MORE INLET FOR WATER THAN ANY OTHER POINT MADE.
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STEADY WORK
WE PAY CASH WEEKLY and want men everywhere to SELL STARK TREES. See the millions test. "absolutely best." Superb outfits, new system. STARK BROTHERS, LOUISIANA, MO., ROCKFORD, ILL.



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Battle Ax PLUG

"Battle Ax" bridges a man over many a tight place when his pocket-book is lean. A 5-cent piece of "Battle Ax" will last about as long as a 10-cent piece of other good tobaccos. This thing of getting double value for your money is a great help. Try it and save money.

COUGHS, COLDS, LA GRIPPE and THROAT TROUBLES SPEEDILY CURED.
Miss Nellie Penoyer, 1536 So. Tenth St., Omaha, Neb., writes: "Have used your Dr. Kay's Lung Balm for a severe case of La Grippe. Two doses gave relief. My lungs were very sore and in taking the Dr. Kay's Lung Balm I found that it stopped any desire to cough at once. The soreness on my lungs and in my head soon disappeared. It is very pleasant and easy to take and while it does not cause sickness at the stomach, like many cough remedies, it cures quicker than any I have ever tried."
Dr. Kay's Lung Balm
It cures every kind of cough. Sold by druggists or sent by mail for 25 cts. It is perfectly safe for all ages and a sure cure for all lung troubles. Send address for booklet. It has many valuable receipts and gives symptoms and treatment for nearly all diseases and many have said they would not take 50.00 for it if they couldn't get another. Address (Western office) Dr. B. J. KAY MEDICAL CO., Omaha, Neb.

WORK OF A TRAITOR.

LONDON POLICE HEAD OFF A BIG CONSPIRACY.

Bell and Tynan Alleged to Have Been Prepared to Make Bombs — Recently Released Dynamiter Gave Information to the Authorities.

It is generally believed at London that the police, by the arrest of Edward Bell at Glasgow Saturday, J. W. Wallace and John F. Kearney at Rotterdam and P. J. P. Tynan ("No. 1") at Boulogne-sur-Mer, France, have nipped a widespread dynamite plot in the bud.

At Rotterdam, in addition to arrest-

further stated that the government recently released several prisoners so as not to furnish an exact clew to the source of its information.

BIG VOTE IN MAINE.

Republicans Carry the State by Largely Increased Plurality.

Elections throughout Maine Monday resulted in the election of the republican state ticket headed by Llewellyn Powers for governor. The indications are that the total republican vote will reach 82,112, a gain of 12,523 over two years ago. The plurality for Powers (rep.) for governor will be over 45,000, and probably in the neighborhood of 50,000. Mr. Reed's plurality will reach 10,000, the largest he has ever received.

The returns show a majority of about 12,000 for Mr. Dingley for congressman

A WORK OF ART.

"The Texarkana Gateway to Texas and the Southwest.

Is the name of a handsome publication recently issued by the Iron Mountain Route, consisting of 224 pages of descriptive matter, interspersed with 600 beautiful half-tone illustrations. It is the most comprehensive and typographically the handsomest work of its kind ever issued on the state of Texas, and is really a commercial and industrial history of the state. Any one reading this will have an excellent idea of the vast resources and great possibilities of the Lone Star State. The book was gotten up by the St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway and its connections in the state of Texas for distribution in the north and east, with the view of attracting immigration, investors, tourists and seekers after health. It is in every way a valuable contribution to the current literature of the day, and is calculated to be of great service to the state of Texas. A copy of this publication will be mailed free on application to any passenger representative of the Missouri Pacific Railway—Iron Mountain Route—or may be had by addressing H. C. Townsend, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis.

Photographic Marvels.

In making instantaneous photographs of the splash formed by a falling liquid, Professor Worthington of the Royal society has succeeded in giving an exposure of less than three one-millionths of a second! This is effected with an electric spark which can be so accurately timed that the operator can select any desired stage in the progress of a splash within limits of error not exceeding two one-thousandths of a second. A photographic printing machine, exhibited at a recent "conversation" of the Royal society, had a roll of prepared bromide paper fed in at one end and turned out finished photographic prints at the other end at the rate of 2,000 to 3,000 per hour. These photographs are used for illustrations in newspapers and magazines.

Economizing.

"Do you economize while you're so hard pressed, Drummie?"

"You bet. I've told my wife to cut down all household and personal expenses to the low water mark. Come and have a cigar with me, will you?"

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

The exports of cheese from Canada are about 1,000,000 pounds short of last year's, while those from New York are about 5,500,000 pounds short.

FITZ stopped free and permanently cured. No greater first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free \$2 trial bottle and treatise. Send to Dr. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The largest bible in the world is the Buddhist tripitaka, or "Three Baskets," which comprises 325 volumes and weighs 1,625 pounds.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth, Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething.

Brux, in northern Bohemia, which was partly wrecked by the moving of a quicksand under the town last year, is collapsing again.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has been a God-send to me.—Wm. B. McClellan, Chester, Florida, Sept. 17, 1895.

Cairo streets are now adorned with trolley cars.

HEEDLESS WOMEN.

They Pay a Sad Penalty for Their Neglect.

If women only heeded first symptoms—nervousness, backache, headache, lassitude, loss of appetite and sleep; palpitation, melancholy, "blues," etc., and at once removed the cause with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, there would be much less suffering.

But they are careless, or their physician is to blame, and they drift into some distressing female disease. The Vegetable Compound at once removes all irregularities of the monthly period; inflammation, ulceration and displacement of the womb, and all female troubles. All druggists have it. Write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., if you wish for advice, which she will give you free.

"I should not be alive to-day, if it had not been for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I was suffering greatly from an attack of female weakness, and nothing I had tried could give me relief; when by the advice of a friend I began the Compound. After using it two months I was a different girl, and now at the end of six I am entirely cured."—Mrs. ANNIE KIRKLAND, Patchogue, L. I.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

Apples for the Queen.

"Fifteen years ago," says The London Sketch, "an Englishman traveling in Virginia had his attention directed to the Albemarle pippin. When he had tasted the fruit he thought it so excellent that he actually ventured to send a barrel of Albemarles to the queen. A sample was shown to her majesty when the apples duly arrived, and she, too, found them delicious. So every year an order is sent from Windsor to a grower on the Blue Ridge Mountains for six barrels of this particular apple from his orchards. Very carefully are the apples packed in polished barrels, with a small Union Jack and United States flag painted on the top."

An Optical Peculiarity.

The eye is the most movable organ in the face; yet if you hold your head fixed and try to move your eyes while watching their reflection in the mirror you cannot do it—even to the extent of one-thousandth of an inch. Of course, if you look at the reflection of the nose or any other part of your face your eye must move to see it. But the strange thing is that the moment you endeavor to perceive the motion the eye is fixed. This is one of the reasons why a person's expression, as seen by himself in a glass, is quite different from what it is when seen by others.

The Ladies.

The pleasant effect and perfect safety with which ladies may use Syrup of Figs, under all conditions, makes it their favorite remedy. To get the true and genuine article look for the name of the California Fig Syrup Company, printed near the bottom of the package. For sale by all responsible druggists.

Horse Meat in Paris.

There are at least 200 horse-butcher shops in Paris. The first one dates from July 1, 1866, since when the consumption has grown continuously. In 1872, 5,034 horses were eaten in Paris; in 1878, 10,000; in 1894, 21,227; in 1895, more than 30,000.

Sarsaparilla Sense.

Any sarsaparilla is sarsaparilla. True. So any tea is tea. So any flour is flour. But grades differ. You want the best. It's so with sarsaparilla. There are grades. You want the best. If you understood sarsaparilla as well as you do tea and flour it would be easy to determine. But you don't. How should you? When you are going to buy a commodity whose value you don't know, you pick out an old established house to trade with, and trust their experience and reputation. Do so when buying sarsaparilla.

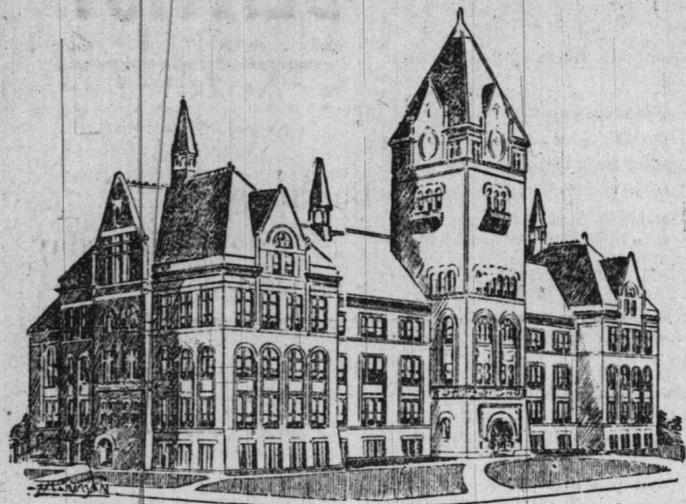
Ayer's Sarsaparilla has been on the market 50 years. Your grandfather used Ayer's. It is a reputable medicine. There are many Sarsaparillas—but only one Ayer's. It cures.

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. Dr. E. E. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA.

W. N. U. CHICAGO, VOL. XI, NO. 38.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

DETROIT'S MAGNIFICENT NEW HIGH SCHOOL OPENED.



The new high school which was opened on Monday at Detroit has been pronounced the finest building of its kind in the country by such educators as Professor Coulter of the Chicago university and Professor Brown of Berkeley, Cal. Professor Brown had just finished a critical examination of the laboratory of the Armour institute of Chicago, and gave it as his opinion that that department in the Detroit school was in every way superior to the Chicago plant. The school was begun four years ago. Built of stone, it is heavy, severe, and massive in appearance. Apart from the sculpture the building would attract attention at once, but the mural sculpture is a real triumph of art. High above the doors are the heads of Plato, Gutenberg, Shakespeare, Homer, Newton, Michael Angelo, Faraday, Franklin, Pasteur,

Bach, Goethe, and Galileo, while elsewhere the symbolism of wisdom and learning is beautifully wrought out in bold lines.

The interior is no less attractive. The spirit of the classic breathes in every line and curve and symbol. The designers, not neglecting the beautiful, paid attention everywhere to the useful. Practically, nothing is wanting. Every provision has been made for the accommodation of the classes. In one corner of one of the pavilions is the botanical laboratory. It will be used as a conservatory. Special heat provision is made, so that the plants and flowers will not suffer. In the northern part of the building are the zoological and physiological departments. The building is perfectly lighted and heated, and withal is an object lesson to school boards everywhere.

ing Wallace and Kearney, the police captured some infernal machines and a quantity of correspondence which is said to incriminate a number of people and which may result in further arrests in the near future.

It appears that the police officials have been cognizant for some time past of the existence of a fresh dynamite conspiracy, and there is no reason to doubt that the information in possession of the Scotland Yard authorities is of the most serious character, although it is difficult to obtain definite facts at present.

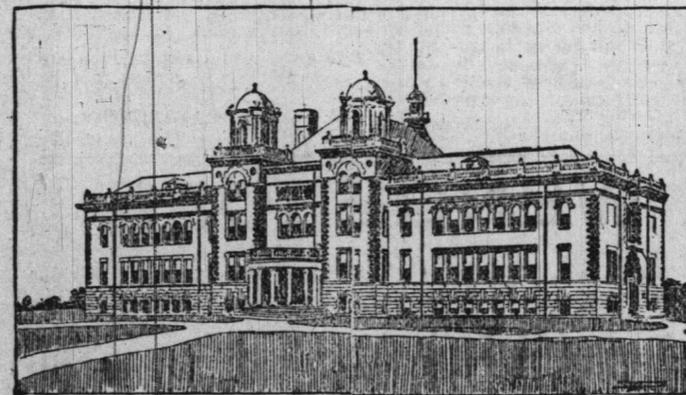
The Globe, which has close relations with the government, in a long leading editorial article intimates that the arrests were made on information received from one of the recently released Irish political prisoners. It is added that this man has also furnished the authorities with valuable evidence in relation to the Clan-na-Gael, and it is

from the 2d district, over 10,000 for Mr. Milliken in the 3d district and practically the same for Mr. Boutelle in the 4th district.

Sons of Veterans Elect Officers.

At Louisville, Ky., Thursday the commander-in-chief of the Sons of Veterans concurred in the recommendation of Commander-in-Chief Russell that in the future the annual encampment of the order be held contemporaneously in the same city with the encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic. The following officers were elected: Commander-in-chief, James L. Rake, of Pennsylvania senior vice commander, L. P. Kennedy, of Colorado; junior vice commander, R. M. Buckley, of Louisville; council-in-chief, L. P. Kennedy, ex-officio president; F. W. Heine, of Nebraska, Fred Meyers, of Colorado. Indianapolis was selected as the next place of meeting.

NEW NORMAL SCHOOL AT SUPERIOR, WIS.



Wisconsin's new normal school at Superior, which was opened last Monday, is one of the handsomest and most substantial school buildings in the country. The material of which it is constructed is finely faced brick and Arcadian brownstone. The main entrance is a thing of beauty and of a style that is seldom found in school buildings. It is adorned with a pretty portico, the roof of which makes an open veranda for the second story. This porch is sustained by ten great pillars of Arcadian brownstone with capitals of the Ionic order. There are three subordinate entrances, each of which has considerable merit from an archi-

tectural point of view. The general belief in physical culture finds its expression in this school in the splendid gymnasium and bathing arrangements provided for the students. The interior, otherwise, is wisely divided. Opposite the main entrance is the famous window of Wisconsin that attracted so much attention at the world's fair. This window cost \$1,500. It was made by a Milwaukee house and was recently presented to Douglas county. One of the attractions at the new normal school is the grounds. They are extensive and are laid out with great care and art. In a few years the building will be surrounded by fine shade trees.



"The added pleasure of riding a Columbia is worth every dollar of the \$100 a Columbia costs."

The supremacy of Columbias is admitted. They are Standard of the World. If you are able to pay \$100 for a bicycle, why buy any other?

Full information about Columbias and the different Models for men and women—and for children, too—is contained in the handsomest art book of the year. Free from any of our Branch Houses and Agencies or by mail for two 2-cent stamps.

POPE MFG. CO., Hartford, Conn.

Branch Stores and Agencies in every city and town. If Columbias are not properly represented in your vicinity, let us know.

All Columbia Bicycles are fitted with HARTFORD SINGLE-TUBE TIRES UNLESS DUPLEX TIRES ARE ASKED FOR. WE KNOW NO TIRES SO GOOD AS HARTFORDS.



One Cup One Cent

Less than a cent in fact — and all Cocoa — pure Cocoa — no chemicals. — That describes Walter Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa.

WALTER BAKER & CO., Limited, - Dorchester, Mass.

EVERY FARMER IN THE NORTH

CAN MAKE MORE MONEY IN THE MIDDLE SOUTH.

He can make twice as much. He can sell his Northern farm and get twice as many acres for his money down here. We sell improved farms for \$8 to \$20 an acre. Plenty of railroads—four of them. No droughts. Neither too hot nor too cold—climate just right. Northern farmers are coming every week. If you are interested write for FREE pamphlets and ask all the questions you want to. It is a pleasure to us to answer them.

SOUTHERN HOMESEEKERS' LAND COMPANY, Somerville, Tenn.

LAKE ZURICH'S OFFICERS.

Something About the Men Who Compose the First Official Board of the Village of Lake Zurich.

Two tickets were in the field at the village election last Saturday. The following was the vote: President—F. P. Clark 19, J. A. Sutherland 13; Clerk—C. W. Kohl 20, J. Meyer 11; Trustees—J. C. Whitney 22, H. L. Prehm 29, Wm. Buesching 29, Wm. Eichman 27, Ansel Packard 16, F. C. Kuckuck 21, Henry Seip 19 and Al R. Flicke 16. The officers elected are capable men, and we trust they will give us a good administration.

PRESIDENT F. P. CLARK.

Frank P. Clark was born in Durhamville, Oneida Co., N. Y., in December, 1849. When but 19 years of age he was engaged in the milling business on "his own hook," and later entered the glass manufacturing business. In 1884 he removed to Lake Zurich, where he engaged in the ice business, and today is half-owner of the Lake Zurich Ice Co.

Mr. Clark was married to Miss Flora D. Fox, who was born in Mr. Clark's native home, in 1880, one child, Marguerite A., blessing the union. Mr. Clark's election was unsought for on his part, he telling his friends on the day of election that he did not care for office and would not run but they elected him anyway, and we know he will make an efficient official.

CLERK CHARLES W. KOHL.

This promising young business man was born on October 10, 1871, at Frankfort, Will county, Ill. He attended the Frankfort High school, and graduated with the Class of '84. He entered a telegraph office during the summer of 1884, and received his certificate entitling him to take charge of a telegraph instrument on September 28th. Not being satisfied with his high school training he entered the Morgan Park Academy to prepare himself for the Chicago University. On January, 1886, he was appointed relief agent on the Chicago and Joliet division of the M. C. railroad, which position he held for over two years. Sept. 3d, 1888, he took charge of the Manhattan, Ill., grammar school, and was its principal until June, 1889. On June 16th he was given a position on the E. J. & E. railroad as chief clerk in the bill office at Joliet, and the following September was appointed station agent at Normantown, where he served two years, and then was transferred to Lake Zurich, where he was agent for five years. He is now engaged in general mercantile business, and his establishment is one of the most complete to be found anywhere. He is one of the best men that could have been selected for the position. Mr. Kohl is not married.

TRUSTEE HENRY SEIP.

Henry Seip, the pioneer business man of Lake Zurich, was born in Hesen Darmstadt, Germany, on July 19, 1840. When but 8 years of age his parents removed to the United States, settling in Erie county, N. Y. In June, 1851, they removed to the town of Freemont, Lake county, and in 1876 Henry engaged in the general mercantile business at Lake Zurich, and which business he still conducts, making Mr. Seip the oldest business man of that popular little burg. Mr. Seip differs from many of the old business men in that he ever keeps abreast of the times, and his stock of merchandise is always up-to-date. No shoddy goods are allowed to stay in his place of business, and he has always made it a point to sell just as cheap if not cheaper than his competitors, hence the popularity of his establishment.

Mr. Seip was married to Miss Carolina Reddy of Freemont on July 4, 1855, thirteen children being born to them, three dying when quite young, and ten are still living, namely: Peter Albert; Fred, with the Standard Oil Co., at Chicago; Charles, in business at Palatine; Carrie, now Mrs. William Bignus of Chicago; Della, stopping in Chicago, and Louis, Ella, Emma, Ida and Jennie are at home.

TRUSTEE H. L. PREHM.

H. L. Prehm, one of the leading business men of Lake Zurich, is a native of Cook county, this state, and came to the village in 1891, where he engaged in the saloon business, which business he disposed of after three years to embark in the furniture and hardware business, in which he has

been very successful. That he is "at home" at almost any trade is very evident from the fact that he erected two houses with his own hands, and which would be a credit to any carpenter. Mr. Prehm's store is one of the neatest and best-stocked that can be found anywhere.

On July 5, 1887, he was married to Miss Lizzie Fischer of Lake Zurich, three children blessing the union, two of whom, Albert and Walter, are still living to fill this comfortable home with sunshine.

TRUSTEE WILLIAM EICHMAN.

Wm. Eichman was born September 10, 1842, in Germany. In the fall of 1873 he emigrated to America, engaging in gardening business at Chicago. In the spring of 1882 he came to Lake Zurich and engaged in the blacksmith business, of which he has made a great success, owing to his skill. He learned his trade in Germany, and that he is one of the best artists in his profession is evidenced by the distance some of his customers come from, and they don't seem to mind the distance, knowing as they do by experience that when he does repairing it is done thoroughly. Mr. Eichman was married to Miss Lena Lierson of Palatine in October, 1877, ten children blessing the union, one of whom died an infant. The names of the living are: Augusta, living in Chicago; Lena, at present attending school at Detroit, Mich., and Clara, Willie, George, Emil, Alma, Dora and Rose are living with their parents.

TRUSTEE J. C. WHITNEY.

J. C. Whitney was born in Oswego county, N. Y., June 8, 1833, and in 1840 removed with his parents to the farm on which he still resides. Mr. Whitney enlisted in Co. C, 96th Ills., and was mustered out at Nashville, Tenn., June 10, 1865, having been in active service for nearly three years. On his return home Mr. Whitney was elected town clerk of Ela township in 1866, after which he was elected town collector. He has held the offices of school trustee and also that of constable. Mr. Whitney is at present, justice of the peace, having held that office for four consecutive terms, which is in itself evidence of the high esteem in which he is held by his neighbors and acquaintances. In all his service he has conducted the offices entrusted to his care with credit to himself and justice to those with whom he came in contact. Mr. Whitney was married to Miss M. J. Delaney, four children brightening their happy home: Clara, now Mrs. Joseph Catlow; Lillie, now Mrs. Geo. Prussia; Miss Mary E., the talented teacher of the Deerfield school, and Lydia, now Mrs. Jas. Snetsinger.

TRUSTEE WM. BUESCHING.

Wm. Buesching is a native of Germany, and was born March 13, 1853. When but 16 years of age he accompanied three brothers and one sister to the United States, settling near Lake Zurich and in a short time they sent for their parents.

Mr. Buesching is a successful farmer and also pays considerable attention to the dairy business. He is a gentleman who stands high in the estimation of his fellow citizens, and well merits the esteem. He was married to Miss Carrie Thies of Long Grove in February, 1875, and their home is one of the happiest to be found. Mr. and Mrs. Buesching's family consists of nine children: William, jr., employed at the Quentins Corner creamery, and Henry, Carrie, Minnie, Fred, Tillie, Rose and August.

TRUSTEE FRED KUCKUCK.

Fred Kuckuck, the enterprising carpenter and contractor of Lake Zurich, first saw the light of day on August 29, 1846, in Germany. When 29 years of age he emigrated to the United States and followed his trade. He came to Lake Zurich in April, 1893. Mr. Kuckuck is a gentleman who thoroughly understands his business, and has the full confidence of his fellow citizens. In November, 1865, he was united in marriage to Miss Louise Wilke of Addison, this state, and prior to 1893 Mr. and Mrs. Kuckuck lived on a farm at Fairfield. Seven children blessed the union of Mr. and Mrs. Kuckuck, two dying young and five are still living, as follows: Minnie, now Mrs. W. C. Prehm; Amelia, Katie, Fred and Louisa.

Mrs. W. J. Bartholf has returned to Chicago.

Luther Clifford has returned home from Camp Douglas.

Owing to the bad weather Saturday evening there was only a small attendance at the Republican rally. Hon. C.

T. Heydecker was the only speaker present. The Lake Zurich brass band furnished campaign music on the pavilion. Later the band serenaded the newly-elected village officers.

H. Seip was a Barrington visitor Monday.

George Jones of Elgin was in town Tuesday.

Charles Seip of Palatine was here this week.

Our band boys are improving wonderfully of late.

H. Gieske of Palatine was here Wednesday.

Mr. Meyers is having his farm elevated owing to the E. J. & E. railroad going down.

J. H. Forbes transacted business at Elgin Thursday.

Herman Arndt of Dundee was in town this week.

W. S. Hutchinson is now town clerk of Ela township.

Herman Prehm and Frank P. Clark were at Waukegan Tuesday.

Louis Ernsting of Long Grove was in town Tuesday on business.

We understand that the Lakes Corners store is for rent.

The traveling public is complaining about the bad condition of the roads.

Miss Augusta Eichman has gone to Chicago for a prolonged stay.

The steam shovel has been taken to Spaulding to load gravel for filling in at the sink hole at Meyer's slough.

There was to have been a game of baseball played at Quentins Corners last Sunday, but it did not materialize.

Miss Ameda Hacker of River View visited here recently.

Wm. Eichman entertained guests from Palatine on Sunday.

All those that failed to attend the fair this year, missed it.

H. Hillman was taken sick Monday. Dr. Moffat of Palatine was summoned.

I. B. Fox of Barrington will move into the old Plow residence at this place.

If you have anything to sell advertise in the columns of this paper.

William Meyer of Diamond Lake was observed in town the first of the week.

We hear many say that our town could support a hospital at the present time, since there are so many cripples.

Nutting parties are the order of the day. Hickory nuts seem to be plentiful this year.

Piano cheap for cash or on installments at Frank Clark's, Lake Zurich.

Dr. Clausius of Barrington was installed in the M. W. A. of this place Saturday. Many members of the Barrington lodge were present.

Ernest Branding and J. Diekson carry their hands in a sling; John Meyer is nursing a sore ear, while J. H. Forbes and Wesley will keep moving about on crutches.

Merchant Kohl is getting in his winter stock of goods. He is selling very cheap now, to make room for same.

If you are going to do painting don't forget that J. D. Lamey & Co's is the cheapest place in this section to buy first-class material.

Theo. H. Flicke, who spent his vacation here with his relatives, returned to Andover, Mass., Monday, to resume his studies. He was accompanied by his brother, Otto, who will also enter Phillips Academy.

AN OFFER—We have made an arrangement with the Publishers of Demorest's Magazine whereby we are able to offer our readers De Longpre's water color study "Chrysanthemums," at the ridiculously low price of 10 cents per copy. The picture is 12x28 inches in size and is printed in twelve colors. The art publishers both of this country and Europe vie with each other every fall in producing elegant colored art studies but none of them has equalled De Longpre's "Chrysanthemums," which every reader of this paper can now have by cutting out this slip and sending it to the BARRINGTON REVIEW with ten cents.

The Everett ball nine defeated the Highland Park nine in an exciting game of ball at the Libertyville fair yesterday. Score, 6 to 5.

CUBA.

Line in nature is not found; Unit and universe are round; In vain produced, all rays return; Evil will bless, and ice will burn. —Emerson.

Henry Courtney is entertaining friends at his home this week.

Mrs. James Grace and daughter, Florence, were Chicago visitors last week.

V. E. Davlin and Chas. Given were Chicago visitors Sunday.

Mrs. John Daily is on the sick list.

Miss Grace Reynoldson returned from the city recently.

Mrs. P. Courtney is very ill at present writing.

John Conmee is entertaining a number of friends at his home.

W. Donnelly returned to the city recently.

Mrs. O'Hara is entertaining a friend from the city.

A number from Cuba attended the fair at Libertyville Tuesday.

Mr. Hodge of New York expects to spend the winter with W. Paddock.

The ball game between the Wauconda "collegiates" and the Langenheim "mud flingers" terminated in a victory for the "collegiates." Score, 28 to 15.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of Miss Maude Otis to Mr. A. L. Robertson next Wednesday, September 23.

On the Back Fence.

"It's strange," said the Maltese cat, "that in this life nobody seems to get what he really needs without difficulty."

"I've heard that before," said the tortoise shell cat.

"Yes, but I've had more cause than usual to notice it. If I wore shoes, I wouldn't have anything like the collection of bootjacks and blacking brushes that come now without the asking."—Washington Star.

CHURCH NOTICES.

THE EVANGELICAL SALEM.—Rev. T. Suhr, pastor. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath school at 9:00 a. m. Teachers' meeting Sunday at 6:45 p. m. Children's Mission Band meets every first Sunday in the month at 2:30 p. m. Young people's meeting Tuesday evenings at 7:30 o'clock. Prayer meetings Wednesday and Thursday evenings at 7:30 o'clock. Choir practice Friday evening at 7:30. On Saturdays the pastor holds school for the children of the congregation. Young People's Missionary Society meets first Tuesday in the month at 7:30 p. m. Women's Missionary Society first Thursday of every month 1:30 p. m. Mission Prayer meeting first Wednesday of every month at 1:30 p. m.

ST. ANN'S CATHOLIC.—Rev. J. F. Clancy, pastor. Services every alternate Sunday at 9 o'clock a. m.

ZION'S EVANGELICAL CHURCH.—Rev. E. R. Troyer, pastor. Preaching every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Y. P. A. meeting every alternate Tuesday evening. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening. Singing Friday evenings. Catechism Saturday morning at 9:00 o'clock. Sabbath school at 9:15 a. m.

BAPTIST.—Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m.; Sabbath school at 12 m.

GERMAN EVANGELICAL ST. PAUL'S.—Rev. E. Rahn, pastor. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.—Rev. T. E. Ream, pastor. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m.; Sabbath school at 12 m.; Junior League at 3 p. m.; Epworth League at 6:15 p. m.; Sunday school teachers' meeting Fridays at 7:30 p. m. at the parsonage; prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30 p. m. in the church.

WM. HOBEIN

has purchased Wm. Hager's CIDER MILL

and will be prepared to make cider on and after Wednesday, Aug. 12th, on the Fred Pomeroy Farm. PRICES REASONABLE.

DR. KUECHLER, DENTIST

Graduate of the Royal University of Berlin, Germany, and of the North-Western University of Chicago. Office, 455 W. Belmont Avenue, one block from Avondale Station. Will be in....

Barrington Every Thursday at the office of the Columbia Hotel Save Pain and Money

Teeth extracted without pain. Make no charge for extracting teeth when new set of teeth are ordered. PAINLESS FILLINGS. Silver Fillings..... 50 cents Gold Fillings..... \$1 and up SET OF TEETH, fit and quality guaranteed..... \$5 and up GOLD CROWNS, and TEETH without plate..... \$5 CLEANING TEETH, my own method. 50 Cents to \$1. It will pay you to give me a call, as I will do you first-class work cheaper than you can get work done elsewhere.

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