

THE BARRINGTON REVIEW

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BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1903.

\$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

FARMERS TO COMBINE

And Wage Bitter Fight on Middlemen and Syndicates.

Aim is to Derive Better Profits for Products—8,000,000 to Become Members.

The agriculturists of this country have decided to fight back at the combines, trusts, syndicates and all forces working to control the prices of farm products. The project of the meeting lately held in Chicago and participated in by representative farmers from every state and territory in the great west, was discussed by the advisory board of the organization—the Farmers' National Co-Operative Exchange company, and it was decided that the best plan was to establish elevators and markets independent of the "middlemen" and syndicates, and thereby secure better prices for all products of the farm.

Plans for the unification of all local farmers' associations have been considered for several years and has now developed into what is known as the "Fifty Million Dollar Farmers' Trust" which is backed by the leading farmers of the country.

A representative of 20,000 farmers in Oklahoma and Kansas said: "We are getting tired of trusts and middlemen, and we have declared it time for the farmer to find a way to sell his products direct to the markets. Beef that you pay 18 and 20 cents a pound for we have to sell as live stock to the middleman for 13 cents a pound. Wheat would bring us from 5 to 10 cents a bushel more if we could wipe out the middleman. Our people are sick of it."

Said Henry H. Carr of Illinois: "The project has been discussed for several years. The sentiment in its favor is so strong that its being carried to success is almost certain. There are over 5,000 township, county and state farmers' organizations, now independent, which are ready to join. This will bring us over 8,000,000 members, whose property is valued at over \$20,000,000,000. We are going to exert influence to obtain our rights from the railroads. In their unorganized state the farmers are simply in the hands of the trusts which secure favors from the railroads. If a farmers' union wants to build an independent elevator the railroads, in deference to the trusts, will refuse us a site. By raising the price of dressed beef and lowering the price of cattle, during the last year alone, the beef trust has filched from producers and consumers over \$1,000,000,000."

If the agricultural interests of the country force this project the consumers will profit greatly.

Gospel Truth

An exchange wisely remarks that "a newspaper is like a man—because generally it reflects some man—and it should be judged as a man should be judged, largely and on the whole. No man lives a perfect life; no editor prints a perfect paper. If an editor is honest, he is bound to offend some one every day of his life; if he doesn't offend some one, the editor is nambamby and flamby. The same thing is true of the average man. A newspaper is bound to make mistakes; in getting news it must necessarily take hearsay. But in the long run, and in the main, day after day and year after year, a paper stands for decency, for honest thinking and clean living; if it speaks for those who are trying to do good and condemns sneaks and cheats and low persons, that is a good paper."

Political News Notes.

It is reported that Judge Charles H. Donnelly of Woodstock, presiding in this circuit court, is being favorably mentioned as a probable candidate for governor.

H. E. Kellogg of Capron has announced himself as a candidate to succeed George R. Lyon, member of the legislature from Lake county. By common consent governed by the law of fairness, says the Belvidere Republican, Boone county is this year entitled to the assemblyman while Lake county takes the senatorship.

Colonel Lowden's friends claim that he has a lead pipe cinch on the nomination for governor. The backers of Mr. Deenen make the same claim and treat Lowden's candidacy as a joke. Supporters of Governor Yates say: "It will be Yates; he deserves a second term and has the leaders of the regular republican organization at his back." Perhaps the republicans of the state in convention assembled may break some of the slates.

James A. Rose, secretary of state,

insists that he is not a candidate for governor, but he does not say that he will not be later, and many politicians profess to believe that Mr. Rose will announce his candidacy some time during the winter.

The Chicago Inter Ocean brings out Hon. Vespasian Warner of Christian county as the right man for governor of Illinois. Thus Governor Yates loses his main newspaper support.

According to some of the dispatches President Roosevelt will not interfere in Illinois further than to tell the republican convention whom to nominate.

North Chicago and Winthrop Harbor have busted their promoters and Zion City has a bad sick spell just now. Waukegan with its fifty years of solid growth was to have been overgrown by each of these little cities, so their promoters said, but she remains prosperous and growing and can look with amusement on the troubles of her infant neighbors, says the Waukegan Sun.

ELIJAH II. FORCED TO VACATE

Zion City and All Properties in the Custody of Federal Court.

The meteoric career of John Alexander Dowie, self-styled "Elijah II. the Restorer," is fast drawing to a close. The ending is not as spectacular as the self-constituted prophet would have it—far from it. The man who has by his powers of hypnotism, or whatever it may be termed, duped thousands into accepting his teachings and depositing their savings and earnings into his coffers that himself and family might revel in luxury, is deposed from the exalted position he has so long occupied. He now surveys the city of his creation as a dethroned monarch.

Perhaps John Alexander Dowie may regain, in the near future, his throne, but his prestige is gone and many of the deluded ones who have blindly followed him, will seek other fields.

Zion City and its industries are in the hands of receivers appointed by Judge Kohlsatt of the U. S. court on petition of numerous creditors whose demands received slight consideration at the counter of Zion City bank. It is no doubt true, that the assets of Elijah II. are greatly in excess of the liabilities, but his financial standing has received a severe shock and many months must elapse before the proposed resumption of improvements at Zion will go forward.

What the thousands of Dowieites at Zion City will do, now their leader has fallen, is a question which only the future can answer.

Put not your trust in Eliahs

WAUCONDA MENTION.

Succinctly Told by Our Regular Correspondent.

A. D. Loomis, of McHenry, was a Wednesday caller.

Harry T. Fuller transacted business in the city Tuesday.

Orbon Hubbard, of Chicago, spent Thanksgiving at home.

Jos. and Hill Baseley, of Union, spent Thursday at home.

Several of our citizens transacted business at Libertyville Wednesday.

Frank Harrison, of Chicago, spent Sunday with his mother and sister.

Harry Graham, of Barrington, spent Sunday with his parents in our village.

Jos. Waelti went to Chicago, Thursday where he has secured employment.

Geo. E. Ford of Chicago, is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. J. L. Hobbs at present writing.

Mrs. Waelti and daughter Hilda, visited with relatives and friends at Elgin Wednesday and Thursday.

Will Shaw, of Woodstock, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. C. Roberts and family the first of the week.

Cole's Cough Cure is the ideal cough remedy. It is pleasant to take, the children like it and it is guaranteed to cure. Try it. 25 and 50c by all druggists.

Miss Gertrude Coyle was most pleasantly surprised by a number of her young friends Monday evening. A most enjoyable evening is reported by all.

A serious accident befell little May Fuller Saturday. While playing on the ice, she fell and broke both the ulna and radius of her right arm. Dr. Hobbs set the broken bones, and the child is reported on the gain.

For choice candies and fruits go to F. W. Stott's.

PALATINE LOCAL NEWS

Events of Past, Present and Future of Village and Vicinity.

Gathered and Compiled by A. G. Smith, Local Editor.

Foot ball dance Saturday, Dec. 12th. Albert Behling has rented the first flat of Charlie Seip's house.

Mr. Wiere's horse dropped dead west of the village Tuesday.

Philip Matthei is moving into his new house in the subdivision.

Gilbert Shaddle was a guest of Miss Kean at Evanston last Sunday.

H. P. K. Bicknase has been sick all week and confined to the house.

Will Mosser has moved into Mrs. Storck's house on Chicago avenue.

Henry F. Mundhenk died at his home in this place last Thursday morning after a brief illness.

Mrs. D. Schweitzer started for California last Monday, where she will spend the winter with her daughter.

Chas. Seip has moved into his place formerly occupied by him and, expects to open a saloon in a short time.

In the list of Republicans club officers last week we failed to insert the name of C. E. Julian, who was elected secretary.

Richard Taylor visited relatives in Lockport over Sunday. Miss Clara returned with him and reports a very enjoyable visit.

Miss Mary Hoffmeister has secured a teachers certificate in Cook county and also in Stephenson county. She says the examination in the latter county was harder and the required average is larger.

The foot ball team is arranging for a dance to be given in Battermann hall on Saturday evening Dec. 12th. They hope to make enough to clear themselves on expenses of the games here this fall.

We all know people whose chief charm lies in their exquisite cleanliness, and about whom there lingers a faint, sweet odor as of wild flowers. If you would acquire this charm use Cole's Carbolic Soap. This is not carbolic soap. It is purely vegetable. Get Cole's, try it once—and you will use no other. By all druggists.

In offering to the public the second edition of the Ladies Aid Cook book, the committee in charge of its publication desire to return thanks to the many firms whose advertising patronage has assured success to the enterprise. We believe we can conscientiously recommend everything found advertised in this book. Especial care has been observed in the selection of recipes, each one having been tried and vouched for by those denoting. We have endeavored to compile a useful, practical, every day cook book and with confidence in its merits we submit the result of our efforts. Ladies Aid Society. Palatine M. E. Church.

Fishing for a Job.

It is understood that Luman T. Hoy of Woodstock, secretary of the republican state committee, is a candidate for the republican nomination for secretary of state. Mr. Hoy was talked about considerably some time ago as a possible candidate for this place, but his reputed candidacy seemed to drop out of notice for awhile. Now it is being revived, and it is said that Mr. Hoy will announce his candidacy within a short time.

Unable to secure the long promised federal position. Mr. Hoy hopes to convince the next state convention that the party owe him an exalted office. There is no more persistent office seeker than Luman T.

This is the age of hustle, hustle and sweat, says the Washington Star. A man hustles from early dawn until late for three meals a day and a place to lie awake at night. If he does not overwork he is called lazy, and if he does overwork he goes crazy. He toils and saves through the days of his youth so that when he grows old he can wear a silk hat and sit on the knee of luxury, but when his hair turns to snow and his whiskers gray thin and gray in life's late afternoon, he finds he has victimized and most grievously uncoined by his own calculations and that rheumatism and poor relations have shattered all his dreams and punctured his long hopes.

Papa Wouldn't Kick.

Out our way here lives a small boy whose mother is bringing him up according to the most correct ideas. He

came in the other day with his pockets quite full of "marbles"—glassies, crockies, jaspers and all the other kinds boys hold dear. His mother asked where they all came from.

"I won 'em playing keeps," answered the boy.

The mother was properly shocked. "Why," said she, "don't you know it's wrong to play for keeps? It's nothing but gambling, and gambling is wicked. You must give them all back or I shall speak to your father about it."

"Oh, that'll be all right," answered the boy. "Speak to father. He won't care. He didn't care a bit about that silver dish you won at the euchre party, and I guess he won't kick at my keeping a few old marbles."

Assessments Will Stand.

C. E. Pope of East St. Louis is in receipt of a letter from Attorney General Hamlin which gives an opinion to the effect that no new assessment books will have to be made for 1904, and that land will not have to be assessed next year. Leading lawyers have held that the assessment made by the assessors this year would stand but for one year, owing to the amendments made in the law by the last general assembly. The opinion that the assessment will stand two years will interest property owners.

CASHIER WRIGHT IN JAIL

Charged with Embezzling \$60,000 From Dundee Bank.

Francis D. Wright, former cashier of the First National bank of Dundee bank, which closed its doors Nov. 22, was arrested Monday, charged with embezzling \$60,000, taken to Chicago, and in default of \$20,000 ball locked up in the Cook county jail. David A. Cook, receiver of the bank, was the complaining witness.

The warrant, issued by U. S. Commissioner Foote, charges Wright with wrongfully appropriating the money between June 1, 1901, and November 21, 1903.

Francis Wright is well known to the people of Dundee and vicinity. Three years ago he married a prominent young lady of Dundee, a niece of Delos Dutton, president of the First National bank. Wright was then employed as bookkeeper in the condensing factory at Elgin. Mr. Dutton at once elevated his new relative to the position of cashier of the First National, and, it is said, the young man at once plunged into speculation on the Chicago board of trade. Shortly before the bank closed ugly rumors were in circulation about the institution. President Dutton called Wright home from a hunting trip, demanded an explanation, and the true state of affairs was made public.

NEWS OF LAKE ZURICH

Happenings of the Week in that Lively Village.

Very best of ice weather.

E. Bruce and John Stephens visited in Chicago Monday.

Geo. Eichman is now employed at W. C. Ritche's home.

George Spinner of Barrington was transacting business here Saturday.

W. C. Bicknase was attending to business matters in Chicago Tuesday.

W. C. Ritche and family have taken possession of their new home on the lake front.

R. M. Lovett and family have returned to Chicago after a week's visit in our village.

Watch for the fine stock of holiday goods to arrive soon at the store of Chas. Scholz & Co.

A number of people from this vicinity have attended the Fat Stock show at Chicago this week.

The Knickerbocker Ice company has completed the shipment of ice from their storage houses here and given their employes a vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Tonnie, Misses Minnie Busching, Rose Scholz, Emma Nortmeyer, Hannah Scholz and Messrs. Frank Scholz and Chas. Weitzler visited Chicago Monday evening to witness the opera "Old Heidelberg."

A Rockford store has gone after country trade with a new idea, that of serving hot coffee and doughnuts to its out of town customers. It's the old plan of reaching a man's pocket book by means of his stomach.

Eight-room House for Rent—Known as the Robt. Nightingale house, S. Hawley St. Inquire of J. E. Heise Secretary Board of Education.

A Special Sale.

During the Next Week

We will have on sale the very best article you have ever seen,

Men's Grey Tricot Suits at \$4.98

Other Special Offerings,

A lot of Men's, Boy's, Ladies' and Children's shoes at 25 per cent. discount.

A lot of Ladies' P.N. \$1.00 Corsets, to close, 59c.

If you want the very Best 25c coffee you ever drank, try a pound of the South Sea Blend.

Choice Syrup 25c a gallon. Try it.

Lot choice Japan Tea 25c a pound.

COME AND SEE US. **The Big Store.** WE SAVE YOU MONEY.
A. W. MEYER.
BARRINGTON.

Announcement.

Opening of Our New Store.

We wish to announce to the people of Barrington and surrounding territory, that we shall open our new store in the Sodd Block, on

Monday December 7th,

with a general stock of new merchandise. It shall be our greatest aim to serve you with the best goods your money can buy. "Highest Quality" shall be our motto.

All goods will be marked at the closest margin possible which will make it to your advantage to do your buying here.

Soliciting your patronage,

Respectfully yours,

D. F. Samey.

Barrington, Dec. 4.

NEWS OF THE WORLD

Industrial, Political, Domestic and Foreign Happenings of Minor Importance Told in Paragraphs.

Prof. Rheinhold Begas, the sculptor, once Emperor William's favorite, but reputed of recent months to have lost the emperor's good will, has received the cross of the Hohenzollern order set in diamonds, with an autograph letter from the emperor, thanking the professor for his work in connection with the sarcophagus of the Empress Frederick.

The London war office has decided to establish balloon stations in the Mediterranean. Sections of the balloon corps have been ordered to proceed to Malta and Gibraltar early in December.

The Austrian and Russian governments have selected MM. Pogatscher and Hartwig as their respective assessors to supervise the carrying out of the Macedonian reforms.

In the Russian provinces of Armenia conflicts are occurring between the people and the troops or police. The chief cause is the decree issued some time ago by which the property of the Armenian church was handed over to the government.

King Edward at the cattle show in Birmingham was represented by three Herefords, two shorthorns and four Devons. He has obtained four first prizes, three second prizes, three breed championships and two challenge cups. His Hereford steer was the best beast in the show.

Isaac Brubeck, aged 12, residing near Grove City, Ill., was instantly killed by a wagon running over him.

Thomas Flannery, a farmer and believed to be the oldest man in western Wisconsin, died at La Crosse, aged 101.

Max Morean of Hammond, Ind., fined last May for infringing the revenue laws, neglected the matter and the federal judge has sent him to jail.

As the result of a quarrel Mrs. Emma Miller was shot and perhaps fatally wounded at her home in Glens Falls, N. Y., by her sister, Mary Montgomery.

Miss Maude Weeden of Woodstock, Wis., while on a train on the St. Paul road took a dose of carbolic acid. The cause, so far as known, is a love affair.

Stanford Newel, United States minister at The Hague, was a passenger on the steamer Noordam, which arrived at New York from Rotterdam.

Louis Severson, a farmer in the vicinity of South Leeds, Wis., hung himself because of excruciating pain caused by the breaking of a glass eye in his head.

Judge James A. Howe of the district court at Des Moines, Iowa, held that a decree granted under the Dakota divorce statutes, if it is proven the non-resident litigant resides there merely for the purpose of securing a divorce, is void.

The circuit court at Hamilton, Ohio, has granted the motion for a stay of execution of the sentence of death passed upon Alfred A. Knapp for the murder of his wife. The execution was set for Dec. 11, and a stay has been granted for thirty days.

Governor A. B. Cummins and most of the Iowa officials have accepted invitations to attend a possum banquet under the direction of Jeff Logan, colored janitor of the state senate cloakroom.

Giuseppe Impazzatti, a wealthy macaroni manufacturer, was shot to death at New Orleans, his murderers being supposed to belong to the Mafia. He was implicated in the Hennessey case twelve years ago which resulted in the lynching of eleven Italians. A list found on his breast indicated that other Italians are doomed.

A monument to Emperor Frederick was unveiled at Muenchen-Gladbach in the presence of Prince Eitel Frederick, who attended the ceremony as the representative of Emperor William.

Citizens of Cleveland, O., formally presented a handsome bronze ship's bell to the new cruiser Cleveland at Portsmouth, N. H. A brief speech of presentation by W. B. Mathas, chairman of the presentation committee, an address of acceptance by Commander Cogswell of the cruiser and music by the naval band comprised the ceremonies.

Children and heirs of the late ex-Governor Francis M. Drake of Centerville, Iowa, have given up the search for the missing will and appointed Dr. J. L. Sawyer, a son-in-law, to wind up the affairs of the estate. The absence of a will cuts out \$15,000 of the \$25,000 promise made by the late general to Drake university a few days prior to his death.

The czarina's condition causes alarm, as the inflammation of her ears does not yield to treatment and it is feared that an operation may be necessary.

The Iowa Park and Forestry Association will hold its annual meeting in Des Moines Dec. 7 and 8.

Car inspectors working on a refrigerator car arriving in Minneapolis from Gladstone, Mich., found the frozen body of Earl Seaburg, a young man from Emery, Wis.

The mixhouse of the Independent Powder company's plant, five miles southwest of Carthage, Mo., blew up, instantly killing the two mixers, Lester Ridge and Bert Cobb, and seriously injuring Joe Cahay, Elmer Bowers, Henry Summer and Charles Newton.

William C. Hook of Leavenworth, Kan., was sworn in at Kansas City in the United States court as Circuit Judge of the Eighth judicial district, succeeding Judge Henry C. Caldwell of Little Rock, Ark. The ceremony, which was brief, but impressive, was performed by Judge F. Phillips.

Perry S. Heath, secretary of the Republican national committee, which meets in Washington Dec. 11 to select the next convention city, will leave Salt Lake City for Washington Saturday.

The Hyperion theater, New Haven, Conn., has been engaged by local Democrats for Jan. 11, when William J. Bryan will deliver a lecture on "the value of an ideal." It is expected the occasion will mark the opening of an active campaign in New England.

Charles D. Purroy was retired as chief of the fire department of New York on his own application, on account of years of service, and will receive half pay during the remainder of his life. Deputy Chief Charles W. Cruger was detailed as acting chief.

Sweden's famous literary prize, founded by Herr Nobel, will be divided between Bjornstjerne Bjornson and Ibsen, Dec. 10. Each will receive 75,000 kroner (\$20,000). Ibsen is seriously ill at present. If he should die Bjornson will be awarded the whole amount.

Gov. Durbin of Indiana, accompanied by a number of friends, passed through Atlanta, bound to south Georgia, for a week's hunting expedition in the Ocmulgee river section.

Justice David J. Brewer of the Supreme court of the United States was the principal speaker at the annual banquet of the Baltimore Bar association.

It is reported that the crown prince of China will come to the United States next summer and will witness the annual Yale-Harvard boat race under escort of Wong Kai Kah, a Yale graduate, who is Chinese commissioner to the St. Louis exposition.

Archbishop J. J. Hartz, en route to Manila to assume charge as the head of the Catholic church in the Philippines, said during a visit with friends in Kansas City: "I am going to put in my life working in the Philippines. I am not going to stay a while and resign."

Mrs. Eugenia A. Bopp of Columbus, Wis., has been awarded a verdict of \$30,000 in the circuit court of Spink county, South Dakota, against the Chicago and Northwestern railroad for the death of her husband in an accident near Athol, S. D., last February.

Prairie fires are raging in the western part of Caddo county, Oklahoma, south of the Washita river. Many homes are reported to have been burned between Fort Cobb and Anadarko. The fire took a swath from five to six miles wide, destroying everything in its path.

Justice Bunn in the United States circuit court at Milwaukee, Wis., made an important ruling regarding the life of trademarks. The suit was brought by the Warren Featherbone company against the American Featherbone company. The Warren company claimed the sole right to use the word "featherbone." The claim that the right to a trademark expired with the patent on the article was not allowed, the decision being that a trademark lasted indefinitely.

Dr. B. F. Decosta, formerly an Episcopal clergyman of New York, who was ordained a subdeacon in the Roman priesthood Nov. 15 and a deacon Nov. 22, was ordained a priest by the bishop of Fiesole.

Santos Dumont announces that Dec. 12 he will start for New York to arrange for participation in the aeronautic competition at St. Louis. Upon his return to France he will conduct a series of experiments with a view to solving the question of equilibrium.

The republic of Colombia is trying to induce France to renew work upon the construction of the Panama canal. The French canal company has published a statement in Paris in which it declares that the offer of the United States is ridiculous and places a high value upon the company property and concessions. It also states that with an expenditure of \$102,400,000 the canal can be completed.

The Independent Window Glass Company, one of the three leading glass manufacturers' associations, has been dissolved. The glass in stock is being returned to the members who formerly owned it and most of them are preparing to enter a new combination.

The British Columbia legislature is considering a bill to borrow \$1,000,000 on treasury debentures, which is a new departure in the financial affairs of this province. The legislature is also considering bills to collect taxes from railway property and on property and incomes.

Frank Smith and Charles Tulver, from Madison, Wis., were arrested at Bloomington, Ill., while in possession of a horse and buggy stolen in Joliet.

Claus Reimers, 14 years old, at Davenport, Iowa, reprimanded by his father for running away from school, shot himself in the head with a 22-caliber rifle and will die.

George Utterback, farmer, accidentally killed himself with a shotgun at Centralia, Ill.

Now that the will of Millionaire Stephen Rice of New York, submitted by Albert T. Patrick, has been proved a forgery, C. E. Rice and James Rice of Lafarge, Wis., brothers of the deceased, will be made wealthy. They are poor farmers.

The Swedish mission church at Paxton, Ill., has celebrated its twenty-fifth anniversary.

The federal court at Springfield, Ill., directed a foreclosure sale of the property of the Alton waterworks in the suit of the Farmers' Loan and Trust company.

DAILY DOINGS IN HALLS OF CONGRESS

Matters Before the Senate and House Are Briefly Set Forth.

OUTLINE OF THE PROCEEDINGS

Text of Bills Introduced in Both Branches of the National Legislature, Together With Pithy Portions of the Speeches That Are Made.

Friday, Nov. 27. After a brief session the Senate adjourned until next Tuesday. The business was confirmed almost exclusively to the introduction of relief bills. Senator Daniel introduced a bill appropriating \$5,000,000 for the erection of a patent office east of the capitol, the site to cost \$600,500. The Cuban reciprocity bill was laid before the Senate, but as no one expressed a desire to speak upon it Mr. Cullom at 12:22 p. m. moved an executive session, and three minutes afterward the Senate adjourned.

When the House convened a message from the President transmitting correspondence relative to Panama additional to that forwarded to the House in response to a resolution was received. Mr. Payne (N. Y.), the Republican floor leader, then moved that when the House adjourn it be until next Tuesday. Thereupon Mr. Williams (Miss.), the minority leader, and Mr. De Armond (Dem., Mo.) twitted the majority upon dilatory tactics and asked for a definite statement of party policy. In the course of his reply Mr. Payne said the Republicans would hardly care to take up the question of tariff revision and disturb conditions on the eve of a presidential campaign. He also said the time was not opportune to consider reciprocity with Canada. There was a party alignment on the vote adopting the motion to adjourn over, the Democrats voting against it, the vote being 81 to 63. Mr. Patterson (Dem., Tenn.) introduced a bill to abolish slavery in the Philippine archipelago and to abrogate the treaty with the Sultan of Sulu. Mr. Hepburn (Rep., Iowa) introduced the pure food bill which was reported to the last Congress by the committee on interstate and foreign commerce. Mr. Parker (Rep., N. J.) introduced a bill providing for a national military park commission to consist of five civil war veterans and two from the confederate army and a bill restoring the army canton. Adjournment was voted at 1:20 p. m.

Tuesday, Dec. 1. The Senate was in open session thirty minutes. After receiving a number of bills, resolutions and petitions and after spending some time in executive session, the Senate adjourned until Friday. A majority of the bills offered were for private pensions and most of the petitions for the expulsion of Mr. Smoot (Rep., Utah). As usual Mr. Cullom (Rep., Ill.) called up the Cuban reciprocity bill, but as no one manifested a desire to address the Senate on it, the bill went over. Senator Penrose introduced a resolution authorizing the committee on post-offices and post roads to request the Postmaster General to send to the committee all papers connected with the recent investigation of the Post-office Department, and if necessary make further investigation. Senator Morgan introduced resolutions authorizing the committee on inter-oceanic canals to investigate the part alleged to have been taken by the transcontinental railroads in the isthmian canal matter and also to inquire into the plans of the inter-oceanic canal commission. The Senate went into executive session at 12:30 and at 1:40 o'clock adjourned.

The time in the House was chiefly consumed in a tariff debate. When Mr. Payne had offered a motion to adjourn over until Friday, Mr. Williams, the minority leader, suggested that they would like about thirty minutes on a side for debate, whereupon Mr. Payne asked the consent of the House. The speaker, announcing the request, said: "The gentleman from New York, at the suggestion of the gentleman from Mississippi asks unanimous consent that there be thirty minutes talk on a side." Mr. DeArmond (Dem., Mo.) in a humorous vein criticised the majority, while Mr. Williams (Miss.) and Mr. Gaines (Tenn.) dwelt on the tariff policy of the Republicans. On the Republican side Mr. Hepburn (Iowa), Mr. Grosvenor (Ohio) and Mr. Hemenway (Ind.) replied, defending the policy of their party, the latter two responding to charges of dereliction made by the minority against the majority. Representative Robinson of Indiana introduced a bill making the Chinese expulsion law applicable to the Japanese. At 1:10 the House adjourned.

River Neva Is Ice Bound. St. Petersburg special: The river Neva is completely ice bound.

SHOOTING BREAKS UP A DANCE Guest Tries to Eject Combatants and Is Badly Wounded. Harrisburg, Ill., special: A dance at the home of Newton Pemberton, three miles south of this city, broke up in a general fight, in which John A. Smith, one of the guests, was shot and badly wounded. Essie Cook and James McDonald had started a fight in the house and Smith attempted to eject them. In the struggle two shots were fired, one of which struck Smith in the temple.

ALDERMAN IS GUILTY OF ELECTION FRAUD

Chicago Solon and His Companions Face Terms in Jail for Violating State Law.

Chicago dispatch: Verdicts of guilty for the violation of election laws were returned by the jury in the trial of Alderman John J. Brennan, Charles McCarle, and Herbert E. Kent Sunday.

Judge Gary opened his chambers in the Criminal Courts building at 11 o'clock to receive the judgment of the jury, which had been out since 11 o'clock Saturday morning.

The penalty, if the verdict stands, is a term in the county jail of from three months to a year for each of the three defendants. The verdict evidently surprised them, as it did their attorney, W. S. Forrest, who was smiling confidently as the jury filed into court. Alderman Brennan gazed in a helpless stupor when the announcement was made, and his two companions appeared stunned.

The three defendants were all found guilty on the same counts—violation of the election laws. The three escaped imprisonment in the penitentiary, however, as well as subjection to fines, which had the verdicts held them guilty of conspiracy, they would have received.

AVENGES DEATH OF DAUGHTER

Missouri Father Kills Man Who Caused Girl's Suicide.

Sedalia, Mo., dispatch: Frank Dunton shot and killed Emil Meyers because Dunton's daughter had committed suicide and left a note charging Meyers with her downfall. The girl's father was not at home when the suicide took place last August and did not return until Saturday night. Sunday morning he interviewed two women who knew of Meyers' relations with his daughter, went to the church of the minister who preached her funeral sermon, went home to dinner and then walked to Meyers' home, called him out and told him that he wanted to hear his side of the story of the girl's death. Meyers made a threat and Dunton shot him three times. Dunton is in custody.

IS OPPOSED TO RECIPROCITY

Premier of Ontario Against Trade Alliance With the States.

Toronto special: In a speech before the Canadian club G. W. Ross, premier of Ontario, said, among other things: "The most entangling alliance at this time would be a reciprocity treaty with the United States. I believe in establishing a trade with Great Britain which would be permanent. I do not believe in making our trade at the mercy of congress or of any foreign country. We can get all we want from the United States without a treaty. If the United States want Canadian products they can take off the duty. It is as simple as a, b, c. If they are so anxious for reciprocity, let them take down their tariff wall."

QUANTRELL'S BONES ON VIEW

Kansas Historical Society Exhibits the Legs of Notorious Guerrilla.

Topeka, Kan., special: The Kansas Historical society, it is learned, has the thigh bones of W. C. Quantrell, the notorious guerrilla leader, who led the massacre at Lawrence in 1863. They were left with Judge F. G. Adams, until his death secretary of the society, in 1888 and have been preserved in secrecy until now. The death of Quantrell's mother at Springfield, O., permitted the society to register them and put them on exhibition. The bones were presented to the society by W. W. Scott of Canal Dover, O., with the consent of Mrs. Quantrell, on the condition that they should not be exhibited until after her death.

ADJOURN COURT TO DIG GOLD

Judge and Others Excited by Bonanza Discovery in New Mexico.

Denver, Col., special: A dispatch from the Sierra county bank at Hillsboro, N. M., said a bonanza discovery has just been made near Hillsboro. Many large nuggets have been found. The dispatch says that the third judicial court adjourned and everybody, including Judge Parker and other court officials, have rushed to the scene of the discovery.

End Bankruptcy Proceedings.

Peoria, Ill., special: The involuntary bankruptcy proceedings against the Acme Harvester Company and the petition for the appointment of a receiver for the plant were dismissed on an order from Judge Kohlsaat of Chicago as the result of an agreement which has been reached.

Football Injury Is Fatal.

St. Louis, Mo., dispatch: Harvey Chase, aged 16, who suffered injuries several weeks ago in a game of football, died at his home at Kirkwood. The boy's arm was hurt during the game. Blood poisoning set in, resulting in death.

PITTSBURG BANK TO REOPEN

Old Management to Take Hold of Federal National.

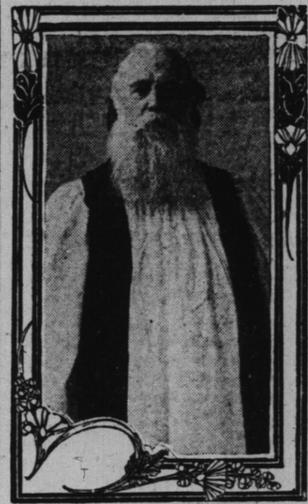
Pittsburg, Pa., dispatch: It is announced that the Federal National bank, which closed its doors Oct. 21, will reopen Dec. 7 under the old management. President J. A. Langftt and a committee of the directors are now in Washington arranging details. According to the report of the receiver to the comptroller of the currency the bank is solvent and its capital unimpaired.

RECEIVER NAMED FOR DOWIE'S ZION CITY

Clamoring Creditors Demand Satisfaction for Judgments Secured Against "The Restorer"—Trouble Alleged to Be Due to Failure of Eastern Trip.

Control of Zion City's industries and all to which John Alexander Dowie holds title has passed to the federal courts. Alarmed by rumors of an impending crash creditors went before Judge Kohlsaat at Chicago and he appointed Fred M. Blount and Albert D. Currier to take possession of the industries in the town.

The bankruptcy proceedings were based on the allegation that Dowie was insolvent. The petitioners declared he had committed an act of bankruptcy by making a preferential payment on Nov. 2 to the E. Streeter Land company. The amount was \$3,770. The creditors whose petition resulted in the appointment of receivers are: H. B. Smith Machine company,



John Alexander Dowie. \$400 on note; Elizabeth McCrimmon, Batavia, \$669 on account; Meyer & Wenthe, \$100 on account.

It was decided to operate the industries under the receivership, but to close the bank pending an investigation.

"Zion is prosperous and fears no creditors," Dowie asserted. "There will be no difficulty in meeting any and all claims. Money is now at hand to satisfy all creditors. Everything is flourishing. At a moment's notice I can collect any funds needed."

"I must take charge of all industries," Receiver Currier said. "It would be hard to stop our activities now," said Dowie. "This must not be done if it can be avoided. Large markets are dependent upon our outputs and many would be placed in want."

Dowie paused a moment, then continued: "Zion has debts, as all large financial institutions have. Heavy pressure comes and delay is asked. Then excitable persons cry out that Zion is on its last legs. But we can pay a hundred cents on the dollar and there is not a claim that cannot be met at reasonable notice. This receivership is a hard blow. It stirs up suspicions in malicious minds and may lead to persecution."

NEW YORK TRIP BLAMED.

Alleged Failure of Eastern Mission Made Creditors Uneasy.

The storm which has broken upon Zion gathered in New York. When the Restoration Host failed to win converts to the Zion banners in the New York crusade the creditors of Dowie put themselves on inquiry. They secured the information that the expense of the Eastern trip was not far from \$300,000. They became suspicious that much of this money was taken from the resources of the different industrial enterprises of Zion City.

One or two creditors became uneasy two weeks before the journey began. One filed a suit on Oct. 3. The amount of the claim was less than \$500, and Dowie apparently gave the action no consideration. The suit was brought by John A. Raebling's Sons.

On Oct. 12, two days before the departure of the hosts, Marshall Field & Co. filed a suit for \$5,000. Again no attention was paid by Dowie or his advisers. On Oct. 14, the day the trains left Zion City, a third suit, for \$2,583, by B. H. Howell Sons & Co., was begun.

The business community at large, however, looked upon these suits as efforts to collect from an unwilling but a solvent debtor. Dowie, they figured, would sooner be sued than pay over money which he wished to handle for a few weeks longer. No other suits were filed then.

Had Dowie come back from New York with cash and converts there is no reason to believe that additional suits would have been filed or that

he would have delayed settling these three claims.

But when he came back with lessened prestige there was activity among all creditors. They pressed their bills upon him on Nov. 1. They insisted on immediate settlement. His deacons went out and asked for time. Everywhere they were refused. Deacon Arthur Newcome made the assertion that he was convinced that the creditors acted with mutual understanding—that they had agreed to make no extensions.

Dowie did not have the cash to pay. When requests for time proved futile he drew back and waited, apparently "for something to happen." Something did happen. It took the form of suit after suit in the Lake County Circuit court. From Nov. 8 to Nov. 27 hardly a day passed without the filing of a suit. On Nov. 23 forty suits had been filed for a total of \$67,945.

Not until Nov. 28, did Dowie make a public effort to calm the rising tempest. Then he announced that he would pay off the claims before court assembled on Dec. 7, and that payments had begun that day. For a week prior to that time he had been demanding that Zionites come forward to his relief with all their ready cash. They responded slowly, but money in considerable quantity came into his tills.

The announcement seemed at the time to have come at just the proper moment. On Nov. 28, the heaviest claim against Zion, one for \$15,000 on a mortgage held by J. G. Hammond of Minneapolis, was arranged by part payment, and several small claims were paid.

Dec. 1, however, new signs of disturbance appeared. Reports came from Zion that every man had been ordered to deposit every available dollar in the Zion City bank, but that the appeal had netted only a small sum, and that at the price of the dissatisfaction of the inhabitants of Zion. Then came the assertion that workers in Zion had not been paid their salaries in cash for several weeks, being forced to be content with coupon books good at the general store.

A depositor tried to draw money from the Zion City bank, but it was refused him, the officials taking refuge behind the right of a thirty day notice of withdrawal. The atmosphere of Zion was one of unrest. Working-men were ordered to stop labor on the new enterprises of Zion. Cars were drawn up on the sidetracks, but the goods were not unloaded—the "C. O. D." charges were not paid. Before the news of the appointment of a receiver reached the town, the sense of disaster was abroad.

Dowie's own description of the troubles of Zion is "growing pains." "When it is remembered," he wrote for his followers to read, "that we have been spending in Zion City for the greater part of this year at the



Overseer Jane Dowie.

rate of \$1,500,000 a year for wages, \$1,500,000 for stores and fresh food, and probably nearly \$3,000,000 a year for building material, it will be seen that the sum which our enemies imagined to be so difficult for us to raise is a small one in proportion to Zion's vast business.

"We have simply temporarily suffered from our unprecedented growth, which has made the city now so large and which demands fresh capital for the extension of its great and profitable industries and for the building of houses for the people. Our pains in Zion are growing pains. The year which is closing has been one of great blessing, and it is probable that the estate of Zion, viewing it as a whole, has increased in value by probably \$5,000,000. We value it at about \$25,000,000 above all liabilities."

Foretelling the Weather.

Congressman Fred Landis of Indiana never thinks of consulting weather predictions when he wishes to know a meteorological change is imminent. "We know something better than that out in my state," he remarked as he sat drinking a cup of coffee. "Do you see the bubbles rising from the sugar in my coffee and gathering around the center of the cup instead of hugging close about the edges? Every man in Indiana knows that means a change of weather. It is surely coming."

The Two Captains

By W. CLARK RUSSELL.

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Chapter XX—Continued.

On the whole this mail booty was not disappointing. Pope kept the newspapers to read; there was no literature in the little ship, and he believed these West Indian journals would interest Miss Crystal. When the bags had been thoroughly sacked, every letter and parcel opened and flung away. Pope read out the figures he had entered and told the men how much more they were worth in solid money since eight bells had been struck.

"Are you satisfied?" he said. "Yes, they were all satisfied." "Mark now, my hearts," he exclaimed, "that this is only the beginning; this cruise isn't up until I'm worth ten thousand pounds, and ye'll all be rich men when that's been brought about. You can fill your cans and drink success; this is a good day's work."

Going aft, Capt. Pope met Laura ascending the companion way from her cabin. He stopped at once, with his usual low bow and flourish.

"Have you searched the mails?" she asked. "Yes," he answered, leaning opposite to her against a bulkhead and laughing, and adoring her.

"What did you find?" "Certain things proper to enrich us," he replied.

"How can you have the heart to steal, Captain Pope?"

"Because, besides my hand, I must possess an estate to lay at your feet." This was put in a rather Irish way, and unconsciously there was a touch of the brogue in his delivery. His accent amused her and she smiled, and then looked up at Crystal, a little piece of whom she could just catch a sight of as he sat on the edge of the skylight.

"If you had been the owner of the Thetis, I should not find you an advocate for piracy," said Miss Laura who seemed disposed to linger, as

says Laura, fastening her eyes, full of spirit and temper, upon Crystal's rugged, storm-furrowed face.

"I know my duty as your relation," he answered, "and I know what Pope's duty is as a gentleman. I'll do mine, so help me the gods; and he'll have to do his," he answered, stepping so as to oblige her to walk with him.

"But he is doing his duty as a gentleman!" exclaimed the girl, with a mounting color. "He's kind to me, and courteous. It is you who are brutal." He looked sternly at her. "If father and mother were both on board this ship, they would find nothing in the behavior of Captain Pope to object to, however much they might abominate his and your trade."

In a moment Pope returned to the deck. He was smoking a cigar. He went to the wheel and looked at the brig's course. Then with his seaward blue eyes he narrowly circled the horizon. Crystal leaned against the bulwark rail, and Laura a little at a loss took up the papers upon the skylight, and seemed to read their addresses. Pope called down the companion hatch, and the man who was preparing the table for that last early meal, which at sea is called supper, brought up a chair which the captain placed against the skylight in the shadow of the trysail.

Miss Laura seated herself. Captain Pope pulled out a penknife, and cut open three or four newspapers, one of which he handed to the young lady, himself retaining another.

"Crystal," sings out Pope on a sudden, "what d'ye say to this?"

The square man came leisurely forward with his newspaper in one hand and his pipe in the other.

"Here surely seems something in the shape of booty," said Pope, with a little excitement. "What's the date of this sheet?" He looked at it and read it aloud. "Set by George, Jonathan, we ought to fall in with her!" and he read out of the body of the

contrived in so doing to throw the sheen of the flame over the helmsman's face.

"You're one of the Thetis's men, ain't you?" said he.

"Yes, sir," was the answer.

"How d'ye like this life?" said Crystal.

"Why, I ain't seen enough of it yet to make up my mind," replied the man. "There's a bit of the swag below a-coming to my share, and if the skipper was to knock off now it isn't me as would be the first to sing out."

Crystal sucked a moment or two at his pipe in silence.

"I'm beginning to think," he said, with an affected yawn, "that this life's out and away to risky for a man who values his neck and reputation. And though my friend Captain Pope makes light of the difficulty, cuss me if I can understand how we're going to dispose of the booty, and not get nabbed, every mother's son of us, and strung up."

"I suppose," said the fellow at the helm, "if any of us men want to go clear of this job the cap'n would be willin' to transship us."

"Ay, by sending ye adrift," said the man. "That 'ud be bleeding hard," said the helmsman. "No cap'n's got a right to force a man into being a pirate without his consent."

"Sound some of the men forward, your own shipmates particularly," says Crystal, with a note of carelessness in his voice. "You needn't mention this conversation of ours. Report to me privately. If more than half the ship's company are willing to abandon the cruise, then I may induce the captain to give it up, and make for safety while our necks are our own."

Saying this he moved away, and stood beside the skylight, and, unperceived, looked down.

He witnessed a love scene, and involuntarily clenched his hands. Pope had murdered a blockader, he had barbarously plundered an aunt. He had killed, robbed and scuttled, and Crystal quite understood that the handsome dog, unless he cheated the law by his own hand, or was collared by disease and walked off, must be hanged. He was enraged and mortified also by Laura's indifference to his views and wishes. She was allowing Pope to make love to her, and Jonathan ground his teeth.

Laura, who clearly listened with interest, often with a light of pleasure in her beautiful face, and sometimes she would flash a look at her worshiper.

Doubtless she knew that her cousin was on deck, but the infrequent glance she would shoot through the skylight sank into the dusk past the face glimmering to the skylight.

Crystal took off his hat and wiped his brow. The meteoric dust was very plentiful over the mastsheads, and the horizon opened northeast against a gentle play of violet lightning. The square man was thirsty, he was also hungry, and Grindal being too drunk to relieve him his irritability increased because he observed that the couple in the cabin made no signs of coming on deck.

Quitting the skylight he walked slowly forward. The gloom was deep betwixt the rails, and all about the neighborhood of the caboose, owing to the inky dye cast into it by the shadowing of the sails, and the dusk was spangled with the glowing bowls of smokers, who, finding the temperature of the 'tween-decks oppressive, had cast themselves upon the deck and lay in groups.

(To Be Continued.)



"Certain things proper to enrich us."

'though she enjoyed a conversation with the heroic Irishman, while her cousin sucked his old pipe above.

"I dare not argue with you," said Pope. "Your eyes drive the logic out of my head. Miss Crystal—Miss Laura—Laura," he cried, with a sudden passion which anybody might see he could not control, "you will be my wife?"

The piece of Crystal that was showing in the skylight disappeared; his newspaper fluttered and vanished like a butterfly.

"It is ridiculous!" she answered, with nothing but a faint tremble of voice to mark loss of self-control. "We are strangers—we are scarcely known to each other."

"You could not be better known to me," he exclaimed, approaching her and seizing her hand, which she allowed him to retain, "had we sailed round the world together."

Just as he said this Captain Crystal came down the companion steps.

"Are you coming on deck, Laura?" says he, pausing.

"Why do you object to this young lady being in my company?" said Pope, and he looked at Crystal with dangerous eyes.

"My wish is that my cousin should be left along by you while she's aboard this brig," replied Crystal, in a harsh and savage voice.

Pope, without unfolding his arms, with the same dangerous expression burning in his blue eyes, eyed him critically for a moment or two, as though hesitating to decide whether he was drunk or mad. He then said, pointing with a rapid, menacing gesture to the companion hatch: "Go on deck, sir, and look after the ship!"

"Come you with me," called out Crystal to Laura, and the girl, with a single glance of entreaty and fear at Captain Pope, at once arose and went up the steps after her cousin.

Pope stood for some moments lost in thought leaning with his hand upon the table. "I who murdered," ran his thought, "I who, at the risk of my life, plundered the old woman, not less in his interests than in my own. But—" he continued to muse, then, pondering deeply, he stepped into his cabin.

"I hope you have not asked me to come on deck to quarrel with me,"

paper full particulars of a large West Indian of seven hundred tons, which was to sail from Kingston on a date that made it four or five days after that of the issue of the paper he held. She was a far richer ship than the Thetis. She was to carry twelve thousand pounds in specie; several valuable consignments were mentioned.

He put down his paper, went below and returned in a few minutes with a large chart of the Atlantic. He put this chart down upon the deck close beside Laura and knelt upon it, and Crystal likewise knelt.

"A week's ambling should bring us abreast," said Pope rising, and Crystal also rose, and the wily chart rolled itself up like a thing of life. "If we can take her, she should suffice."

"There will be another fight," said Laura, folding and unfolding her paper. "How dreadful! Both of you may lose your lives, and all for a little money which will not do either of you good, because it will not be honestly come by."

"When I get my fortune ashore," says Pope, smiling at her, "I will have it blessed, and then the money will be as sweet and chaste as though earned by that sort of sweat which is as holy as prayer."

CHAPTER XXI.

The Slaver.

The dusk glowed out of the east and overwhelmed the west; it was loaded with stars and some clouds hovered over the edge of the sea.

"Crystal," said Pope, speaking as though the unpleasant passage between them that afternoon had clean gone out of his mind, "what d'ye say to heaving the brig to every nightfall for the night? She's not to give us the go-by in the dark, John."

"I wouldn't heave to yet if I was you," answered Crystal, "we haven't closed her by leagues."

"We must fall in with her at all costs," says Pope; "for I want to see an end to this jaunt. Miss Crystal, will you permit me to conduct you to the plain supper table of a pirate?"

With some ceremony he clasped her hand. Crystal walked away to the wheel and took out the binnacle lamp to light his pipe, and replaced it, but

ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

WHERE REVENUES COME FROM

One-Fifth of Internal Taxes Comes From Prairie State.

Latest reports show Illinois paid more than one-fifth of the entire amount of internal revenue collected in the past year, and the Fifth, or Peoria, district was the banner collection district of the United States. The aggregate collections of internal revenue for the year ending June 30 last was \$230,740,925, and of this Illinois paid \$50,562,455, while the Peoria district alone paid \$32,413,033.

The First district of Chicago paid \$6,641,455. The Eighth district, Springfield, paid \$10,967,282, and the Thirtieth district, East St. Louis, paid \$540,694. In cigars Illinois had 2,252 factories, used 5,876,335 pounds of tobacco, and manufactured 305,000,000 cigars. In addition to this Chicago produced 23,515,000 cigarettes.

Illinois produced 1,268,841 pounds of oleomargarine, which was taxed 10 cents a pound because of its coloration to resemble butter, and 29,155,339 pounds of oleomargarine uncolored, paying a tax of one-fourth of a cent a pound. In addition to this the state produced 19,482,239 pounds of process or renovated butter.

Minister Wars on Vice.

Rev. Haney of Auburn has begun a single-handed crusade against vice in that town. He visited the saloons in person, demanded that slot machines be taken out and that gambling cease. He declares that if the people won't help him he will enforce the law by individual prosecution. Dr. J. A. Wheeler, member of the state legislature, is mayor of the town.

Mysterious Death.

The dead body of an unknown colored man was found on the track of the Valley line near Modoc, about sixteen miles northwest of Chester. The coroner's jury failed to find any evidence on his person leading to his identity. It is believed that he was murdered and his body placed on the track to hide the crime.

Is Robbed of \$20.

Charles Miller of Monticello, while in Decatur was robbed of \$20 in money and a gold watch by two women. The township poundmaster, Tip Carter, was arrested for complicity in the robbery.

Traveler Is Convicted.

W. S. Williams, a traveling salesman, was convicted of obtaining money under false pretenses at Quincy and sentenced to jail for thirty days.

GASOLINE BRINGS DEATH TO BOY

Father Likely to Lose His Sight as Result of Mistake.

Through an error in ordering gasoline in place of kerosene, an explosion occurred in the house of David Owens at Moline, which resulted in the death of Wilfred Owens, 12 years old, and the serious burning of Mr. and Mrs. Owens. The house took fire from the burning oil, and when the parents descended the stairway with the boy, who had been sleeping in a room above, the flames barred their way, and before they could get to safety, the child was badly burned, and his parents were both severely burned. They were taken to the city hospital, where the boy died a few hours later. Mr. Owens will probably lose his sight.

Insults Women and Children.

D. M. Allen, a negro, was arrested at Bunker Hill because he threatened women and children. He was given a hearing before Squire F. J. Stehlin and fined \$15 and costs. In default of payment he was given over to the street superintendent and will work out the fine upon the streets. The negro is a preacher of the White Horse Army denomination.

Insist on Water Meters.

At a special session of the Greenville city council the petition of 100 water consumers to have the ordinance providing for the use of meters repealed was laid on the table. It was decided to enforce the meter ordinance, and all water consumers will have to put in meters the first of the year.

Predicts Cold Winter.

The coming winter is to be extremely cold. So said Judge W. W. Duncan. Judge Duncan bases his prediction on the fact that the southern Illinois raccoon has already been provided with an extra heavy coat of fur, and the presumption is that nature knows what is coming and provides for it.

Forfeits \$500.

The Chicago firm which was recently awarded the contract for the erection of the new township high school building at Centralia has refused to accept the contract and have forfeited \$500, the amount accompanying its bid. New bids will now be called for.

Normal School Trustee.

Gov. Yates has announced the appointment of J. E. Ingersoll of Carbondale as a trustee of the Carbondale normal school to succeed himself.

EPISCOPAL DEDICATION IS UNIQUE.



St. Stephen's hall, the first of a series of church buildings of St. Stephen's Episcopal parish of Peoria, erected under the direction of Rev. Sidney Gilbert Jeffords, dean of the Episcopal clergy of Peoria, has been dedicated. The services were unique, as the program included representatives of all denominations, the city administration and the congregation

of St. Stephen's. Mr. Jeffords was for thirteen years rector of St. Paul's and in a recent church quarrel he resigned and immediately set to work to raise money for the establishment of St. Stephen's in the lower section of the city. St. Stephen's hall is 70x40 feet, is of red brick and finished in the rough in the interior. In a few weeks the erection of the main building will begin.

Improve Fair Grounds.

The stockholders of the Greene County Fair association met and elected seven directors, as follows: Hon. H. T. Rainey, William R. Bare and S. E. Simpson of Carrollton; George W. Wright of Wrightsville, A. S. Seely of White Hall, Daniel Platt of Eldred, A. H. Barrow of Roodhouse. The directors then elected the following officers: John P. Kahm, president; Jacob G. Pope, vice president; Charles H. Eldred, treasurer; S. E. Simpson, secretary; E. Z. Curnutt, assistant secretary. All premiums were paid in full; also nearly \$1,300 was paid out for improvements on the fair grounds.

Gold for Retiring Pastor.

Rev. Father J. B. Schlottman, who has been pastor of St. Augustine's church at Hecker, Monroe county, for the past sixteen years, has been transferred to a pastorate at Evansville by Bishop Jansen of the Belleville diocese. He was tendered a reception by his parishioners, who remembered him with many substantial tokens of their esteem, among them being a purse of gold.

Farmers Ask Franchise.

The Farmers' telephone company has selected Thomas H. Kulton of Stevenson, John Hershberger of Salem and D. L. Cover of Iuka as a committee to prepare and present a petition to the Salem city council asking for a franchise to build and operate the proposed line.

Loses Silverware.

W. A. Rule of Decatur, a restaurant employe, was arrested for stealing a lot of silverware belonging to a traveling salesman named Coen from Chicago. Rule tried to get out of the city with the silverware, it is alleged, but was caught at the train.

To Build Good Roads.

A well-defined movement to obtain congressional assistance in getting permanent hard roads has been inaugurated in Madison county. A meeting held in the Upper Alton high school, was addressed by Hon. L. Y. Sherman of Macomb. The promoters propose to ask the government to bear the expense of the material for the roads and the property owners pledge themselves to do the work free. The movement had its beginning through the difficulties of the rural free delivery mail carriers.

Runaway Accident.

While returning home from Waterloo, Fred Schneider, a farmer, and his wife were thrown from their wagon in a runaway accident. Both sustained serious injuries, Mrs. Schneider having three ribs broken.

Plays With Matches.

A little son of Ed Cobine was badly burned about the abdomen at Edwardsville the result of playing with matches. The boy's mother was also burned about the hands in endeavoring to smother the fire.

W. E. HINSHAW IS RELEASED

Minister Is Paroled From the Northern Indiana State's Prison.

WAS SERVING A LIFE SENTENCE

Had Been Convicted of Slaying His Wife, Although He Claimed She Was the Victim of Men Who Had Invaded His Home.

Indianapolis, Ind., dispatch: Rev. William E. Hinshaw was released on parole Friday from the Northern prison, where he has been serving a life sentence for the murder of his wife. This is probably the closing chapter in one of the most sensational domestic tragedies that ever occurred in Indiana.

In 1895 Hinshaw was the pastor of the Methodist church at Belleville, Hendricks county. He was a pulpit orator of much ability, and had many friends among the members of all denominations. On the night of Jan. 15 he preached to a country congregation, and at the door of the church one of the members invited him and his wife to his home for the night. The minister declined the invitation, but insisted that his wife accept it, but she refused with so much vehemence that it attracted attention at the time and was recalled afterward.

About 1 o'clock the next morning the people of Belleville were startled by a cry of murder, and when they reached the parsonage they found Hinshaw in the yard bleeding from a bullet wound in the side and a number of knife cuts. His wife, Thurza, was lying in the kitchen doorway with a bullet in her brain.

The minister said he had been awakened by a pistol shot as Mrs. Hinshaw exclaimed, "Oh, Will, I'm shot!" He sprang from the bed and grappled with one of two men in the room, and Mrs. Hinshaw engaged in a struggle with the other one. The fight was through the house into the street, where the man who had been struggling with Mrs. Hinshaw appeared and fired a bullet into the minister's side. The men then escaped. The furniture in the house gave evidence of a struggle.

A diligent search for the murderer was made, and, though a light snow had fallen that night, no tracks could be found leading to the scene. The next day the minister's revolver and razor were found in the yard. These facts excited suspicion, and it was said he and Mrs. Hinshaw had had frequent differences over his attention to a member of his congregation. A detective swore out a warrant against the minister, but the people were so indignant they drove the detective out of town.

The grand jury subsequently took the matter up and Hinshaw was indicted. Protests from the church people followed, but the conviction of his guilt grew daily, and many of his best friends deserted him. Though the law gave Hinshaw the privilege of testifying in his own behalf, he did not go on the stand, and this was construed into a confession of guilt.

After sentence his friends began to work for his release. Governors Matthews and Mount were appealed to for a pardon, and both refused to grant it. Many still believe in Hinshaw's innocence.

VICTIM OF HIS OWN MAN-TRAP

Man Near Duquoin, Ill., Dies From Wound From a Shotgun.

Carbondale, Ill., dispatch: William Kennedy, living near Duquoin, was accidentally shot in the ankle at his home and was so weakened by the loss of blood that he died. He was the victim of a shotgun trap he had set for thieves who had been stealing chickens from the hen house. He forgot about the trap and when he went to the henhouse he received the full charge in his ankle.

LATEST CASH-MARKET REPORT.

WHEAT
Chicago—No. 2 red, 80¢ 8/16.
New York—No. 2 red, 84¢.
St. Louis—No. 2 red, 84¢ 1/2.
Kansas City—No. 2 hard, 79¢ 7/8.
Milwaukee—No. 1 northern, 81¢ 1/2.
Minneapolis—No. 1 northern, 79¢.
Duluth—No. 1 northern, 78¢.
CORN
Chicago—No. 3, 43¢ 1/2.
New York—No. 2, 44¢.
St. Louis—No. 2, 41¢.
Kansas City—No. 2 mixed, 41¢.
Peoria—No. 2, 43¢.
OATS
Chicago—Standard, 38¢.
New York—No. 2, 40¢.
St. Louis—No. 2, 36¢.
Kansas City—No. 2 white, 36¢ 3/4.
CATTLE
Chicago—\$1.75 1/2.
St. Louis—\$2.35 1/2.
Kansas City—\$1.25 1/2.
Omaha—\$1.50 1/2.
HOGS
Chicago—\$4.50 1/2.
St. Louis—\$4.50 1/2.
Kansas City—\$4.50 1/2.
Omaha—\$4.00 1/2.
SHEEP AND LAMBS
Chicago—\$2.00 1/2.
Kansas City—\$2.00 1/2.
St. Louis—\$2.00 1/2.
Omaha—\$2.00 1/2.

Kills Gray Eagle.

Alto Pass, Ill., dispatch: A gray eagle measuring seven feet from tip to tip of wings has been killed by T. J. Menesse, near Anna. The eagle had been feeding on Mr. Menesse's high-bred geese, valued at \$2.50 each.

Mabel McKinley Is Stricken.

Owensboro, Ky., dispatch: Mabel McKinley, a niece of President McKinley, is lying dangerously ill at the Rudd house. The vaudeville company with which she plays has disbanded.

The Barrington Review

Entered as Second-Class Matter.

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M. T. LAMEY, Editor and Publisher.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1903.

Blow to Bogus Insurance.

Among the new bills pending in congress is one introduced by Senator Dryden of New Jersey which is aimed at the disreputable concerns in the insurance business. It was presented at the request of the reputable insurance companies of the country and has their strong support.

The object of Senator Dryden's bill is to widen the scope of the existing federal statute prohibiting the use of the mails for the transmission of lottery matter so as to make it applicable to letters, postal cards, circulars, pamphlets and other publications concerning any business contracts or policies of life, fire or other insurance transmitted into any state, district or territory by concerns or persons not authorized to transact such business in the state from which they are transmitted.

The insurance companies which are looking for this legislation say that the public loses more through the irresponsible concerns, of which there are so many, than through any other form of fraud. While this may be an exaggeration, it is unquestionably true that people pay out large sums for insurance of one kind and another which is absolutely worthless. It may be said that they ought to be more careful and investigate the standing of a company before they pay it a premium, but people are not always as wise as they ought to be, and it is necessary to have laws to protect them against seductive forms of fraud. It can hardly be expected that the legislation suggested, if enacted, will put an entire stop to the bogus insurance business. It will doubtless be carried on to some extent as long as there are men who cannot tell a bad from a good insurance company and as long as there are knaves to take advantage of their ignorance, but it would no doubt greatly lessen this very common method of extracting money from the pockets of overcredulous and unsuspecting people.

Money for the Canal.

Already Wall street has begun to discuss with a great deal of interest the manner in which the "Panama payment" will be made and how it will affect the money market. This is quite natural, as Wall street is regarded as the money center of the country.

As the canal situation now stands the United States government is bound to pay upon the ratification of the treaty \$40,000,000 to the French shareholders in the Panama enterprise and \$10,000,000 more to the isthmian state selling the canal. On the face of things this would appear to mean the "laying down" on a given date of \$50,000,000 at Paris and Colon. If shipment of such a sum were to be made in actual cash the question would arise whether it would be obtained from the treasury vaults or from the money market. It might be drawn from either, for, in addition to the \$144,000,000 actual cash in the treasurer's own hands, the government has \$159,000,000 on deposit in banks and subject to demand.

If only idle cash in the treasury vaults is used for this purpose, there would apparently be no disturbance in the money market, while, on the other hand, if the banks were required to send \$50,000,000 the money market would naturally be much upset for a time. Uncle Sam has, however, sufficient funds accumulated to meet this obligation without embarrassment.

The Chicago Tribune, which has a penchant for statistics, figures out that October fire losses for the United States and Canada were \$10,409,800, as compared with \$9,593,300 in 1902 and \$14,749,900 in 1901. Of the month's totals \$8,563,766 is to be credited to the United States. As compared with this total the showing for November is not encouraging, for the total losses for the first seventeen days are \$7,804,061. To this amount two fires alone, at Coney Island and Troy, N. Y., contributed \$2,500,000. The total fire losses for 1903 to date are about \$120,000,000, as compared with about \$150,000,000 for all of last year. It is likely that the losses this year will considerably exceed those of last year and nearly approximate those of 1901.

A foreign news item says that after having his leg broken in two places Lord Kitchener "was in a cheerful mood." Since Lord Kitchener rarely smiles, it must take quite a wrench to make him really gay.

The Washington Post thinks that life in the navy will lose many of its attractions for Rear Admiral Evans if he has to sandpaper his language every time he communicates with the authorities at Washington.

As Panama is to copy the constitution of the United States it will be a long time before the Panama senators can be elected by direct vote of the people.

Is it possible that the United States Shipbuilding company was one of those "bad trusts" about which there was some talk a few months ago?

Russia is preparing to demonstrate that a bear can do as much damage as a bull in a China shop.

Even the people who were disappointed over the results of the recent elections will face the future cheerfully if Mr. Baer and Mr. Mitchell will refrain from creating another deadlock in the coal business.

Among the unaccountable things in business is the fact that the high price of cotton is forcing up the cost of all wool underwear.

Notwithstanding the immense sums of money involved, some of the trusts appear to be engaged in pretty small business.

Has anybody heard lately of a man named Dowie, formerly of Chicago and recently a visitor in New York?

In paying taxes on \$10,000,000 without a protest Mr. Carnegie lays himself liable to the ostracism of the Millionaires' club.

Panama has politely informed Colombia that she can be a sister to that country, but cannot maintain any closer relations.

The Flesh of the Goat.

The latest circular of the bureau of animal industry of the agricultural department gives a bit of information which will not be altogether pleasant to persons of delicate sensibilities.

A few months ago information about the goat skin industry, its proportions and its possibilities, was spread broadcast over the country. The result was an awakened interest in this particular domestic animal, and the demand for information has been so great that the department of agriculture has put forth this new circular relating to the common goat as distinguished from the Angora. The distribution of the creature in question is made the subject of an illuminating table, which shows that the goat industry is very much larger than is generally supposed. In Texas alone there are 627,333 of these animals and in New Mexico 224,136.

Goats are raised almost entirely for their skins, for which there is a large and growing demand. Naturally the question arises, What becomes of the rest of the kid or goat after his hide is taken off and made into gloves or shoes? The answer is that it becomes the butcher's legerdemain "lamb" and "mutton."

Among the great mass of the people of this country there is a prejudice against the flesh of the goat for food, in spite of the many epicures, from Robinson Crusoe down, who have testified to its delicacy.

Butchers who have sold the strangled "lamb" over their blocks never hear a complaint of it because their customers do not know the difference. The flesh of a grownup goat, however,

WEEDS

Consumption is a human weed flourishing best in weak lungs. Like other weeds it's easily destroyed while young; when old, sometimes impossible.

Strengthen the lungs as you would weak land and the weeds will disappear.

The best lung fertilizer is Scott's Emulsion. Salt pork is good too, but it is very hard to digest.

The time to treat consumption is when you begin trying to hide it from yourself. Others see it, you won't.

Don't wait until you can't deceive yourself any longer. Begin with the first thought to take Scott's Emulsion. If it isn't really consumption so much the better; you will soon forget it and be better for the treatment. If it is consumption you can't expect to be cured at once, but if you will begin in time and will be rigidly regular in your treatment you will win.

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Asthma

"One of my daughters had a terrible case of asthma. We tried almost everything, but without relief. We then tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and three and one-half bottles cured her."—Emma Jane Entsminger, Langsville, O.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral certainly cures many cases of asthma.

And it cures bronchitis, hoarseness, weak lungs, whooping-cough, croup, winter coughs, night coughs, and hard colds.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., \$1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

ever, is at best only as good as poor mutton. "A considerable number of mature common goats are purchased by the packing houses of the larger cities," says the agricultural department's circular on this point. "They are purchased as goats and sold, either in the carcass or canned, as mutton, and many who decry goat meat have unconsciously eaten it many times, no doubt."

Growth of the Telephone.

The Electric Review calls attention to the fact that hardly a day passes in which several telephone companies are not incorporated in the smaller cities and towns throughout the country. Particularly is this true among the farmers of the middle west who are finding the telephone very useful in conducting their household affairs, and in marketing their crops. Formerly the farmer stored his grain in elevators, waiting for an advantageous time to sell. Now he stores it himself, says the Electrical Review, receives the market quotations over the telephone and disposes of his grain by telephone whenever in his judgment he can do so to the best advantage. He does this without loss of time and has the satisfaction of closing a bargain at once at current prices.

According to statistics compiled by the Bell Telephone company, there were in 1902 2,525,606 telephones in the hands of licensees under rental in the United States. There was a total of 1,020,047 stations, and the number of exchange connections daily was 7,531,761, or a total per year of over 2,425,000,000. The entire capital invested in telephone systems in this country was estimated at \$350,000,000. Doubtless the figures for the current year will show still greater increase in number of stations installed and number of instruments under rental.

New Jersey appears to be in earnest in the enforcement of its new child labor law. A cigar concern has been fined \$100 for employing two girls not yet fifteen years old. This was the first case under the law, and it is well that the sentence should be a severe one. The cigar concern, however, does not appear to have been any more culpable than the parents of the children, who swore that the girls were above legal age.

The office photographer went out and took a picture of a row of corncribs near town, and the managing editor ran it across the top of the page as "a recent view of Barranquilla, where our consul was stoned by the Colombian populace."

It is understood that the czar of Russia has promised the emperor of Germany that he will not declare war against Japan. Is Kaiser Wilhelm trying to ruin the German gun and the Missouri mule industry?

It is intimated that the practice of the Harvard athletes in the new stadium is frequently interrupted by vigorous disputes as to how the name of the building should be pronounced.

Every now and then some millionaire is complimented on what he is doing for the turf, but the small and misguided bettor is really the one who supports the race track.

There seems to be almost enough trouble in the world just now to justify the czar in calling The Hague tribunal together again.

Wizard Edison has good ideas on other subjects than electricity. He wants to prohibit the manufacture and sale of cigarettes.

In granting a pension of \$50,000 to General Gomez the Cuban congress evidently desires the battle scarred veteran to retire permanently from the revolutionary business.

Hawaii has justified her fitness as an American territory by developing an election scandal that makes the ring politics of some of our municipalities seem harmless in comparison. Subscription to The Review, \$1.50.

HOAR'S AUTOBIOGRAPHY

Senator's Recollections of Makers of American History.

BLAINE'S REPUTATION EULOGIZED

Venerable Statesman Says the Former Secretary of State Acted in a Great Way Under Great Responsibilities—Severe Strictures on Benjamin F. Butler—The English Mission Twice Offered to the Senator.

Senator George F. Hoar's "Autobiography of Seventy Years," issued by Charles Scribner's Sons, is an interesting contribution to the political history of the country, embracing, as it does, his personal recollection of most of the leading actors in it, says the New York World.

In the chapter on reconstruction Mr. Hoar says:

"It was the desire of many Republican leaders, especially of Mr. Sumner and General Grant, that there should be a provision at the national charge for the education of all the citizens in the southern states, black and white, so far as the states were unable or unwilling to afford it. It was never contemplated by them to give the right to vote to a large number of illiterate citizens without ample provision for their education at the public charge."

Mr. Hoar thus speaks of James G. Blaine:

"James G. Blaine was a man of many faults and many infirmities, but his life is a part of the history of his country. It will be better for his reputation that the chapter of that history which relates to him shall be written by a historian with a full and clear sense of those faults and infirmities, concealing nothing and extenuating nothing. But also let him set naught down in malice. Mr. Blaine was a brilliant and able man, lovable, patriotic, far seeing, kind. He acted in a great way under great responsibilities. He was wise and prudent when wisdom and prudence were demanded."

In a chapter on Benjamin F. Butler Mr. Hoar says:

"His military career was, with the exception I have stated (the war administration of New Orleans), disgraceful to himself and unfortunate to the country. From the beginning of Butler's recruiting for the war wherever he was in command came rumors of jobs, frauds, trading with rebels through the lines and the putting of unfit persons in responsible positions."

Discussing Butler's relations with General Grant, Mr. Hoar says:

"I do not suppose that the secret of the hold which General Butler had upon General Grant will ever be disclosed. Butler boasted in the lobby of the house of representatives that Grant would not dare to refuse any request of his, because he had in his possession affidavits by which he could prove that Grant had been drunk on seven different occasions. This statement was repeated to Grant by a member of the house, who told me of the conversation. Grant replied, without manifesting any indignation or belief or disbelief in the story, 'I have refused his requests several times.' My own belief is that at some time during the war or before the war, in times of discouragement, Grant may have been in the habit of drinking freely and may at some time have done so to excess. During the whole time of his presidency I had good opportunity to observe him in personal intercourse. I was familiar with many men who were constantly in his company at all hours of the day and often far into the night. They assured me that there was no foundation for any imputation that he was in the habit of drinking to excess then. If at any time he had formed such a habit he had put it under his feet. For that I think he is entitled to greater honor than if he had never yielded to temptation. My explanation of Butler's influence over Grant is to some extent conjecture, but I believe that Grant thought him a powerful political leader."

In a chapter on "The Senate in 1877" Mr. Hoar says:

"The reform of the civil service has doubtless shorn the office of senator of a good deal of its power."

"I think President McKinley, doubtless with the best and purest intentions, did still more to curtail the dignity and authority of the office." This was by "the appointment of members of the senate to distinguished and lucrative places in the public service, in which they were to receive and obey the command of the executive, and then come back to their seats to carry out as senators a policy which they have adopted at the command of another power, without an opportunity of consultation with their associates or of learning their associates' opinions."

Mr. Hoar discloses the fact that he was twice offered the English mission, once by Secretary Evarts and again by Mr. McKinley. The chapter relating to this also discloses that he suggested to President Hayes the appointment of President Eliot of Harvard as British minister when Mr. Welsh resigned, and Mr. Lowell, then minister to Spain, was reluctant to accept the appointment.

Dreaming of Christmas. It's hard to keep him quiet w'en you tuck him up in bed; He's a heartin' of de reindeer des a-runnin' on de shed. En, restless on dat piler is his lip curly head— Dreamin' en dreamin' er de Chris'mus!

It's hard to keep him quiet w'en de excrinin' shadders creep En you tell him 'bout de sugar plums en say he'll git a heap! He waken' ez a watchman w'en dey rockin' him ter sleep— Dreamin' en dreamin' er de Chris'mus! —Atlanta Constitution.

Lowden Seeks Nomination.

It is practically admitted that Colonel Frank O. Lowden of Chicago and Oregon is an avowed candidate for the nomination for governor at the next Republican convention. At the time that this is written no open statement has been made by the colonel, but one is looked for daily. Mr. Lowden is a strong man for the position which he seeks and his candidacy will have the loyal support of a great body of earnest men in the party who admire him personally and are certain that he would make an ideal governor. He is extremely popular in the northern part of the state, where he is known to a great many people who warmly admire his many excellent traits of character. He has earned by honest effort the high place which he holds in the city of his adoption and has a legion of friends there as in the state at large who would be glad to see him the occupant of the gubernatorial mansion at Springfield.—Galena (Illinois) Gazette, September 12, 1903.

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BRYAN ON ENGLISH SOIL

Noted Nebraskan's Method of Sightseeing in London.

MISSES LITTLE AND QUESTIONS ALL

Tradesmen, Policemen and Cabbies, Porters, as Well as Ambassadors and Others of Distinction, Are Thoroughly Questioned - He Absorbs Knowledge at Every Stage and Meets Tipping Problem Without Flinching.

During the course of his systematic sightseeing in England, William Jennings Bryan, the noted Nebraskan, lunched at the Cheshire Cheese tavern, on Fleet street, London, occupying the seat which, according to a tablet in the wall, was the favorite seat of Dr. Samuel Johnson, and remarked that he would know the portrait anywhere because of the family resemblance to Tom Johnson, says Charles Michelson in a special cable dispatch from London to the New York American. Mr. Bryan's lunch consisted of stewed steak; but, being a teetotaler, he had to forego the bitter beer which Dr. Johnson found so acceptable. He copied from the menu the Johnson quotation, "No, sir, there is nothing which has been contrived by man by which so much happiness has been produced as by a good tavern," and indorsed the sentiment. Naturally he bought a book about the place, as he buys a book about everything he sees and, what is more, reads them.

Bryan is about the most conscientious sightseer that ever the world's metropolis identified, and it does identify Bryan. Wherever he goes he is recognized, and there is about as much curiosity about him as there is about the king of Italy, who is also in London. It was this king who gave Bryan his first sight of royalty. Bryan was returning from the Cheshire Cheese when a procession escorting the visiting ruler came along the Thames embankment from Guildhall, and the apostle of Democracy found himself hemmed in by a crowd in front of Somerset House. The embankment was lined with soldiers and policemen, and Bryan soon found what was expected and waited on the sidewalk for the royal carriage to come.

King Edward was not in the procession, but the Prince of Wales and the Duke of Connaught were. So Mr. Bryan had a good view of them; also of the king and queen of Italy. Their majesties looked a good deal bored by the whole proceeding, and something of the same expression was noticed on the face of the great Nebraskan.

His only comment on the royal parade was that the English people seemed to take their dignitaries philosophically.

The next stage in his exploration of London led Bryan to Westminster abbey. The verger took him through and pointed out the tombs of forgotten kings, murdered princes and beheaded nobles in the singsong way peculiar to the tribe of exhibitors of famous places. Here, as elsewhere, Bryan was thorough and systematic. First he thoroughly inspected the beautiful building on all sides; then he took the decorations, panels and carvings in the nave and transept, sternly averting his eyes from the monuments and tombs until he had secured a proper impression of their surroundings. Then he went with the verger, and that gowned guide had a new experience. Bryan did not disturb him in his recital of the names and deeds of mere kings and queens, but he cross questioned him closely about every tomb that holds the body of a man distinguished for what he did for the people.

He tarried at the spot from which Cromwell's body was torn after the restoration to be hanged and spent much time in the poets' corner. He would not discuss the effect of so much buried royal splendor, but there was with him all the time his son, William Junior, and it was easy from the manner in which he called the boy's attention to the violence of the death of so many great ones of English history to read his mind. He was tremendously impressed by the beauty of the abbey itself, but the record of murders, beheadings and violations of the sepulcher made a stronger impression upon him than did the glory of the dukes and kings of England.

Bryan differs from the majority of American sightseers in London. He really wants to see and hear and does not care who knows that he is a tenderfoot in London. He questions everybody—tradesmen, policemen, cabbies and porters, as well as ambassadors and others of distinction. He pays all charges without objection and meets the tipping question without flinching, but he asks the cabbies all about themselves, their earnings, their history, and absorbs knowledge at every stage of his journeyings. The souvenir books, guides and catalogues which he has already collected would make a first class start for a library of London reference.

Are Metals Alive?

According to a writer in Harper's Weekly, a distinguished Hindoo scientist, Jagadis Chunder Bose, professor of science in the Calcutta university, has asserted that the true test of life in an object is its capacity to respond to external stimulus—in other words, its irritability or sensitiveness—and it is claimed that, according to this test, there is no essential difference between animals and metals; that a bar of iron, in fact, is as irritable and sensitive as the human body. Further, he says a bar of iron can be killed—that is, deprived of its sensitiveness forever—just as an animal organism can be killed.

Carpentersville.

Harry Huber, on account of ill health, has moved to Elgin, having resigned his position at the Bolt Co's works.

Fred Tuttle of Woodstock visited here last week.

Edward Lumm of Battle Creek, Mich., visited his sister, Mrs. Ray Harrison, lately.

Mrs. J. Lumm of Stocum's Lake was here lately.

Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Harrison attended the wedding of a cousin at Batavia last week.

The annual supper and fair of the Woman's Guild occurred yesterday.

Mrs. Margaret Matthews has been quite ill of an attack of pneumonia.

Ed Burney of Racine, Wis., was here lately to attend the funeral of his his grandmother, Mrs. Susan Birney.

Henry Davis of Wauconda visited here Monday.

The M. E. society gave a supper and fair to a large crowd Wednesday evening.

Without pure blood there can be no bright eyes and pink cheeks. The blood is the life and upon it health depends. Cole's Bludbilder makes pure new blood. It is a nerve tonic. Try it. \$1.00 a bottle by all druggists.

A Woman's Complexion.

It is rank foolishness to attempt to remove sallowness or greasiness of the skin by the use of cosmetics, or "local" treatment, as advocated by the beauty "doctors." The only safe and sure way that a woman can improve her complexion is by purifying and enriching the blood which can only be accomplished by keeping the liver healthy and active. The liver is the seat of disease and blood pollution. Green's August Flower acts directly on the liver, cleanses and enriches the blood, purifies the complexion. It also cures constipation, biliousness, nervousness, and induces refreshing sleep. A single bottle of August Flower has been known to cure the most pronounced and distressing cases of dyspepsia and indigestion. New trial size bottle, 25 cents; regular size, 75 cents. At H. T. Abbott's, Barrington.

Notice and Order.

Notice is hereby given that inasmuch as a vacancy exists in the office of states attorney in and for the county of Lake and state of Illinois, by reason of the death of the incumbent: It is my order that an election to fill the vacancy be held on Thursday, the 10th day of December, A. D. 1903.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal at my office in Waukegan, this 2d day of November, A. D. 1903.

[SEAL] ALBERT L. HENDEE,
County Clerk.

What Can a Woman Do

to make money at home? Write the Taxis Toilet Co., 6335 Madison avenue, Chicago, and they will tell you. They are going to open up an agency for their well known toilet preparations and fruit flavorings in Barrington. They want a responsible woman to take charge of the work. They will do extensive advertising in this paper and will give away several hundred free samples to establish the trade. This company does business on the only right plan. They guarantee absolutely every dollar's worth of goods they sell or money refunded. Their special Christmas boxes for holiday presents are big sellers. Sign the "good letter" in another column, mail it to them to-day and they will do the rest.

A wise mother always manages to have a box of Cole's Carbolsalve handy. Children are always getting hurt, and she knows there is nothing else so good for cuts and bruises. It quickly stops the pain of burns and scalds and heals without a scar. If it isn't Cole's it isn't Carbolsalve. 25 and 50c by all druggists.

Merchants and others who are troubled with frost forming on the window panes will find the following to be an excellent application to stop the frost from forming. A mixture of fifty-five grams of glycerine dissolved in one liter of sixty-two per cent alcohol. As soon as this mixture clears rub it over the inner surface of the glass.

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ROCHELLE, GA., Jan. 30, 1902.
Black-Draught Stock and Poultry Medicine is the best I ever tried. Our stock was looking bad when you sent me the medicine and now they are getting so fine. They are looking 20 per cent better.
S. P. BROOKINGTON.

Large Lowden Club.

There is no question about Dixon's or in fact Lee county's stand for Colonel Frank O. Lowden for governor. The colonel was in Dixon a short time Saturday evening and was given an ovation, which warrants the hearty support of this community. It is significant that on such short notice a Frank O. Lowden club could be formed with a membership of over 900 signing the lists.—Dixon (Illinois) Telegraph, October 19, 1903.

Lowden in the Lead.

"Looking over the situation as it appears to me today," said the well known business man, John M. Smyth, yesterday, "I believe that Frank O. Lowden is several laps ahead in the race for the gubernatorial nomination." Mr. Smyth has justly earned an enviable reputation as a forcaster on matters political, and his opinion in worth something.—Chicago Phenix, October 7, 1903.

The Rev. Irl R. Hicks 1904 Almanac.

The Rev. Irl R. Hicks Almanac for 1904 is now ready. It will be mailed to any address for 30 cents. It is surprising how such an elegant, costly book can be sent prepaid so cheaply. No family or person is prepared to study the heavens or the storms and weather in 1904 without this wonderful Hicks Almanac and Prof. Hicks' splendid paper, Word and Works. Both are sent for one dollar a year. Word and Works is among the best American magazines. Like the Hicks Almanac, it is too well known to need further commendation. Few men have labored more faithfully for the public good or found a warmer place in the hearts of the people. Send orders to Word and Works Publishing Co., 2201 Locust-st., St. Louis, Mo.

The Taxis Toilet Co., of 6335 Madison avenue, Chicago, want a good general agent for this state to travel and employ and instruct lady agents to handle their fine line of toilet preparations and pure fruit flavoring extracts. Man or woman. Write them to-day if you feel able to fill this position.

READ THIS.

Alvan, Ill., Sept. 20, 1901.—This is to certify that I have been cured of kidney and bladder trouble with one bottle of the Texas Wonder, Hall's Great Discovery, and do cheerfully recommend it to others suffering in the same manner.

MRS. C. F. McCARTNEY.

A Texas Wonder.

One small bottle of the Texas Wonder, Hall's Great Discovery, cures all kidney and bladder troubles, removes gravel, cures diabetes, seminal emissions, weak and lame backs, rheumatism and all irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women; regulates bladder troubles in children. If not sold by your druggist, it will be sent by mail on receipt of \$1. One small bottle is two months' treatment and seldom fails to perfect a cure. Dr. E. W. Hall, sole manufacturer, P. O. Box 629 St. Louis, Mo. Send for testimonials. Sold by all druggists.

Sick Headache?

Food doesn't digest well? Appetite poor? Bowels constipated? Tongue coated? It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills; they cure dyspepsia, biliousness.

25c. All druggists.

Want your mustache or beard a beautiful brown, rich black? Then use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers

PAINT, USE COSMETICS

This Is the Horse Show's Message to You, Ladies.

A ROSEATE FLUSH NOW THE STYLE

Your interesting pallor no longer in fashion. It is "Down and Out." Kate Carew Says Fashionable Women of 1903 Have Grown to Look Dissipated - Two Ways of Using Cosmetics.

Kate Carew, in the following article in the New York World, discusses the artifices employed by society women to enhance their beauty, as seen at this year's horse show in Madison Square Garden:

Has madam an interesting pallor? Then hasten, O madam, to change it for a roseate flush!

For your interesting pallor is no longer in fashion. It is out of style, it is obsolete; it is "down and out," as the pugilistic gentlemen say. In a word, it is as dead as last year's horse show.

The horse show of 1903 has lighted a flame in the cheeks and the lips of women, and that flame is fashion's latest word to the woman of New York—a flame for each cheek and a brighter flame for the chin.

Not within the memory of this generation—perhaps not since the days of wigs and patches—have women of irreproachable character permitted themselves to dip so deeply, with quite so obvious effect, into the pigments of commerce (I had almost written "quite so unblushingly," but that wouldn't be quite accurate, you know).

Then, it's hey for the complexion artist and the "beauty doctor," and the young man of 1903 can sing, "My love is like a red, red rose" more fervently than ever it was sung before, for King Cosmetic has come by his own.

And that's the horse show's message to the sex, mesdames. There are other messages, other clarion blasts for an over-bedizenment of person which marks the highest flood in the tide of public ostentation, but the complexions are what strike one first.

To borrow a phrase from the vernacular, they have last year's complexions "faded."

The beauty of the horse show in these social developments is that it presents the evidence for all it is worth. He who runs—that is, he who treads the sluggish whirlpool of the promenade—may read. There they are, the familiar faces in the familiar boxes, and when it is seen that beauty's face has taken on a deeper carmine all around the great glittering ring there's no getting away from the fact that fashion has spoken.

There are two ways of using cosmetics. You stain and polish a piece of mahogany to bring out its interior beauty—that's one way. You paint a fence to disguise the wood—that's the other way. The fashionable woman of former years treated her face as a piece of mahogany. I'm afraid the fashionable woman of 1903 treats hers as a fence.

We really ought to be more respectful to our own faces!

They do these things better in France. Let a Frenchwoman embellish her lips with a touch of carmine, and the effect is gay and sparkling, with no loss to youth and nativity; but after a conscientious tour of inspection round the promenade in Madison Square Garden one is forced to the sorrowful conclusion that Miss and Mlle. New York when they "make up" their charming lips look—er—well, dissipated.

It's a fact. We have grown to look dissipated, and it's all the fault of old King Cosmetic. It's a great pity, too, for many of the faces under their florid disguise are pretty, and some are dignified and a few almost patrician in a vivacious way, and nearly all are intelligent, and stripped of concealment they would eclipse the faces of women gathered by chance anywhere in the world; but, alas, old King Cosmetic has smeared them all with his crimson fingers and leveled them down to a level that lacks the softness and graciousness that one looks for in the caste of Vere de Vere.

By the way of an exception to prove the rule, the pale, indefinite face of Miss Alice Roosevelt shone from a conspicuous box and offered the unadorned work of nature as contrast to the results of a reckless art. Singular among women of society Miss Roosevelt is as innocent of "makeup" as the palm of one's hand. There is something startling in the simplicity of her appearance in such an environment as the horse show. It reminds one of the studied simplicity of her illustrious father's habits and the family affiliations with the Dutch Reformed church. I've been in that little old church in Washington, and I can see the hair of pastor and congregation rising at the apparition of the horse show complexions of 1903.

Miss Roosevelt's indefinite pallor makes her an extreme type of the unadorned, as the form of her features and carriage of her head make her a very distinguished one, and with only the most delicate accentuation of brows and lashes the president's daughter would present an invaluable object lesson on the art of embellishment without exaggeration.

Wreckproof and Fireproof Cars.

The Pennsylvania Railroad company is putting the finishing touches on a passenger car of new design in their Altoona shops, says the Iron Age. The sides, frames and floor of the car are of steel. The inside of the car is covered by a thick layer of asbestos. Very little wood is used. It is designed to be wreckproof as well as fireproof and will be tested shortly on the main line of the Pennsylvania railroad.



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STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County.
FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is a resident of the City of Toledo, Ohio, and that he is the owner of the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY, sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 5th day of December, A. D. 1933.
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 Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
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"Current Literature" covers every field of thought and endeavor, and after a perusal of its pages one is equipped to discuss any subject—politics, business, music, art, literature, science, the drama, invention, discovery.

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The only faith that wears well and holds its color in all weathers is that which is woven of conviction and set with the sharp mordant of experience.—Lowell.

Those Who Have Tried It will use no other. Defiance Cold Water Starch has no equal in Quantity or Quality—16 oz. for 10 cents. Other brands contain only 12 oz.

I think the first virtue is to restrain the tongue; he approaches nearest to the gods who knows how to be silent even when he is in the right.—Cato.

Lewis' "Single Binder" straight & cigar. Made by hand of ripe, thoroughly cured tobacco, which insures a rich, satisfying smoke. You pay 10c for cigars not so good. Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Even the surest-footed man cannot play a trombone without sliding.

You will never tire of Mrs. Austin's Panacea; a fresh supply now on hand at your grocer's.

A secret can be let out, but it cannot be drawn back.



Miss Rose Peterson, Secretary Parkdale Tennis Club, Chicago, from experience advises all young girls who have pains and sickness peculiar to their sex, to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

How many beautiful young girls develop into worn, listless and hopeless women, simply because sufficient attention has not been paid to their physical development. No woman is exempt from physical weakness and periodic pain, and young girls just budding into womanhood should be carefully guided physically as well as morally. Another woman,

Miss Hannah E. Mershon, Colingswood, N. J., says:

"I thought I would write and tell you that, by following your kind advice, I feel like a new person. I was always thin and delicate, and so weak that I could hardly do anything. Menstruation was irregular.

"I tried a bottle of your Vegetable Compound and began to feel better right away. I continued its use, and am now well and strong, and menstruate regularly. I cannot say enough for what your medicine did for me."
 —\$5000 Forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will cure any woman in the land who suffers from womb troubles, inflammation of the ovaries, and kidney troubles.

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Mothers, you may rely upon

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(LAXATIVE)
Syrup Pepsin

It keeps the baby's little bowels cool and regular, cures Wind Colic, and helps them to grow strong and hearty. Special directions for the babies on each bottle label. Your druggist sells it.

PEPSIN SYRUP CO., Monticello, Ill.

Wisdom Soap

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Do next week's washing with it. You'll be surprised.

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RESULTS OF POSTAL INVESTIGATION

Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General, J. L. Bristow, Gives Details of the Fraudulent Practices Unearthed in the Postoffice Department—Memorandum of the President.

Notifying Congress of the results of the investigation into corrupt practices obtaining in the Postoffice Department, President Roosevelt sent the following memorandum to the legislative body:

It appears that in December, 1902, Postmaster-General Payne and Congressman E. F. Loud, chairman of the Committee on the Post-Office and Post-Roads, held various consultations regarding the postal service, and as a result of these interviews it was determined that as soon as possible after the necessary appropriations could be made by the Congress an investigation should be made of the service, both Messrs. Payne and Loud agreeing as to the need for the investigation and the time when it should take place. Accordingly, an increase of \$5,000 in the appropriation bill reported in January was made for the express purpose of carrying on the investigation in question.

The investigation made by Mr. Bristow discloses a condition of gross corruption in the office of the First Assistant Postmaster-General and in that of the Assistant Attorney-General for the Post-Office Department. In the case of the superintendent of free delivery, Machen, the evidence shows that his misconduct began immediately after his appointment in September, 1893. In the case of the general superintendent of salaries and allowances, Beavers, it began soon after he was appointed to that place in 1897. In the case of Assistant Attorney-General Tyner it has gone on for a number of years, but it is impossible to say exactly when it began. The following is a list of the fourteen Post-Office employees in the service at the time this investigation was begun, who are apparently most seriously implicated in the wrongdoing, together with an account of the steps that have been taken by the Government in each case.

The case of ex-First Assistant Postmaster-General Heath, who had left the service over three years before this investigation was begun, is set forth in the report of Mr. Bristow.

James N. Tyner, Assistant Attorney-General for the Post-Office Department; appointed special agent, Post-Office Department, March 7, 1861; with intervals of a few years has been in the service ever since, and was Postmaster-General under President Grant for several months; he was removed April 22, 1903; he has been indicted three times.

A. W. Machen, general superintendent free-delivery system; appointed clerk in Post-Office at Toledo, Ohio, March 1, 1887; continuously in service ever since save for three years; removed May 27, 1903; has since been indicted fourteen times.

George W. Beavers, general superintendent of salaries and allowances; appointed to clerkship in New York Post-Office January, 1881; continuous service ever since; resignation accepted to take effect March 31, 1903; has since been indicted eight times.

James H. Metcalf, superintendent non-order system; appointed post-office inspector February 2, 1882; has been in postal service ever since; removed June 17, 1903; has been indicted once.

Daniel V. Miller, assistant attorney, Post-Office Department; appointed July 1, 1902; removed May 25, 1903; indicted once; after a mistrial was retired and acquitted.

Louis Kempner, superintendent registry system; appointed clerk in New York Post-Office August, 1886; removed October 21, 1903.

Charles Hedges, superintendent city delivery; removed July 22, 1903.

James W. Erwin, assistant superintendent free-delivery service; appointed post-office inspector June 27, 1887; removed September 15, 1903; indicted once.

W. Scott Tyner, superintendent Station D, Washington Post-Office; appointed clerk, Washington Post-Office November, 1890; removed October, 1903; indicted three times.

Otto F. Weis, assistant superintendent registry division, New York Post-Office; appointed clerk, New York Post-Office February 2, 1903.

T. W. McGregor, clerk, free-delivery division, in charge of supplies; appointed Post-Office Department, March 11, 1891; removed June 5, 1903; indicted twice.

C. E. Upton, clerk, free-delivery division; appointed July 1, 1900; removed June 5, 1903; indicted once.

Mr. W. Louis, superintendent supply division; appointed Kansas City Post-Office April 17, 1897; removed October 21, 1903.

Charles B. Terry, clerk, supply division; appointed September 20, 1900; removed October 21, 1903.

The three chief offenders in the Government service were Tyner, Machen and Beavers. As regards Messrs. Beavers and Machen the corruption took the form of bribery and blackmail in connection with the purchase of Government supplies. In the office of the Assistant Attorney-General for the Post-Office Department, under Tyner, the corruption was far greater wrong inflicted upon the public than elsewhere, to be measured by a pecuniary standard, for in this office the corruption of the Government officials took the form of favoring get-rich-quick concerns and similar swindling schemes; in other words, the criminals, whom it was the sworn duty of the Government officials to prosecute, paid them for permission to defraud the public unmolested.

I heartily approve of the recommendation of Messrs. Conrad and Bonaparte that the statute of limitations be extended in the case of Government servants to a period of at least five years; for the persons who in such positions of trust engage in corrupt practices can ordinarily conceal their guilt for a longer time than is covered by the present short statute of limitations.

No crime calls for sterner reprobation than that of the corruptionist in public life, and of the man who seeks to corrupt him. The bribe giver and the bribe taker are equally guilty. Both alike sin against the primary law of the State's safety. All questions of difference in party policy sink into insignificance when the face to face with a question like this, which lies at the root of honest and decent government. On this question, and on all others like it, we can afford to have no division among good citizens. Self-government becomes a farce if the representatives of the people corrupt themselves or are themselves corrupted. Freedom is not a gift which will tarry long in the hands of the dishonest or of those so foolish or so incompetent as to tolerate dishonesty in their public servants. Under our system all power comes from the

people, and all punishment rests ultimately with the people. The toleration of the wrong, not the exposure of the wrong, is the real offense.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

BRISTOW TELLS OF FRAUDS.

ASTOUNDING REVELATIONS OF LONG-EXISTING CORRUPTION.

The report of Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General J. L. Bristow on the postal investigation is substantially as follows:

He first takes up the case of Michael W. Louis of Cincinnati, appointed in 1837 Acting Superintendent of the Supply Division. His speculations amounted to many thousands of dollars. He was removed in October, 1903.

The administrative methods of Tyner and Barrett are clearly illustrated in a number of cases which were passed upon by them.

Mr. Bristow shows how many fraudulent schemes were accorded protection by Barrett and allowed use of the mails. These include many small swindles in the shape of lottery inducements, land-investment schemes, etc.

Of the "turf-investment" swindles Mr. Bristow says:

E. J. Arnold & Co., of St. Louis, Mo., were conducting what is known as a "turf-investment" scheme on November 25, 1902, the inspectors, having investigated the company, recommended that a fraud order be issued against it. In the meantime the company had employed Barrett as its attorney and paid him a fee of \$5,000. And instead of issuing a fraud order Tyner gave the company a letter of commendation. Two days after Tyner wrote this letter Barrett received a check of \$1,000 as an additional fee. The company failed in February, 1903—assets, \$75,000; liabilities, \$3,120,776.

J. J. Ryan & Co.—J. J. Ryan & Co., of St. Louis, was a kindred institution to Arnold & Co. In October, 1902, the inspectors recommended a fraud order against this company. The company was given a hearing by the Assistant Attorney-General's Office and another investigation by the inspectors was requested. In the meantime J. M. Johns, an attorney at Rockville, Ind., made a proposition to Ryan that if a fee of \$5,000 he could help him through his fraud order. The fee of the Assistant Attorney-General's Office. After some negotiations it was agreed that \$4,500 would be paid to Johns by Ryan if he would give him a "clean bill" before the Post-Office Department.

This Johns agreed to do, and Miller secured a favorable ruling for Ryan & Co., which he sent to Johns. As a result of this transaction Miller and Johns were indicted.

Rifling of the safe.—On April 21, 1903, while the investigation of the Assistant Attorney-General's Office was in progress, Mrs. J. N. Tyner, in a clandestine manner admitted to Barrett and Mr. Hamner, a safe expert, into a private room of the Assistant Attorney-General's Office, where he unlocked the safe and took out all of the contents, which Mrs. Tyner carried off. What was in the safe no one knows but the Tyners. Mrs. Tyner admitted that she had the office secured the contents of the safe under the direction of her husband, which statement he confirmed. As a result of this episode Tyner was summarily removed from the office of Assistant Attorney-General and Christianity resigned.

For six years under Tyner's administration certain favored firms and lotteries have been given free use of the mails. Barrett's scheme to resign and practice before the Office, and Tyner's part in that scheme, as set forth in the body of this report, was the climax of official perfidy; more evil in its results and more demoralizing to the public conscience than outright embezzlement or open theft.

Tyner and Barrett were indicted on October 5 by the grand jury for the District of Columbia for conspiracy to defraud.

The frauds in money-order forms, in which James T. Metcalf, superintendent of the money-order system, is involved, and for which he was removed from office, are next taken up.

A long list of swindles carried out by August W. Machen of Ohio is enumerated, and the charge is made that he has been guilty of forgery. The schemes by which the Government was defrauded include carriers' satchels, the Groff fasteners for letter boxes, painting of street letter boxes, carriers' leather cases, the contract for street letter boxes, package boxes, the Montague indicator, a device attached to street letter boxes showing the hours of collection, and rural carriers' badges.

The report continues:

"In August, 1897, George W. Beavers was appointed chief of the salary and allowance division. Beavers' methods have been reckless and without rule or regularity. Increases of allowances for clerk hire in Post-Offices were made as matters of course, regardless of the needs of the service. Promotions were frequently made without consideration of the merits of the clerk promoted. Long-time leases for Post-Office premises were canceled and the rent increased upon the recommendation of prominent political leaders, sometimes without regard to the rental value of the premises."

In the list of Beavers' misdeeds are included the sale of promotions, and the padding of pay rolls for clerk hire, operations which netted Beavers many thousands of dollars.

The report shows that the government has been swindled out of a vast amount of money by fraudulent leases. Twenty cases are cited, in all of which Beavers was implicated, and which have been fully proved. The revelations in this connection, and in the case of the purchasing of large amounts of "Brandt Automatic Carriers," are astounding.

Mr. Bristow says:

"Eliminating from consideration all indications of fraud and passing upon the case wholly as a question of administrative judgment, it appears to me that this transaction would have justified the summary removal from office of First Assistant Postmaster-General Heath and George W. Beavers."

"But the element of fraud can not be eliminated. Men of ordinary intelligence rarely waste the public revenues in such a manner without a personal motive. A bribe of \$12,500 was paid Congressman Edmund H. Driggs to secure the order for 250 machines. A part of this money has been traced to the bank account of Beavers."

"Driggs, Beavers, and Miller have been indicted by the Federal grand jury in the city of Brooklyn, N. Y."

The report continues:

"In 1890, while John Wanamaker was Postmaster-General, an effort was made to introduce the Bundy time recorder for use in the postal service, but it failed. Later, during the administration of Postmaster-General Wilson, upon the recommendation of A. W. Machen, it was adopted. Machen estimated that the entire free-delivery service could be supplied for \$45,599.50."

"In 1901 an effort was made by First Assistant Postmaster-General W. M. Johnson and his chief clerk, John M. Masten, to reduce the price of these time recorders, but the effort was afterwards abandoned."

"H. J. Truesdell, who was agent of the company at the time these clocks were first adopted, states that he paid Machen \$1,000 for his services in securing their introduction into the service. Criminal action on such payment is barred by the statute of limitations."

By the purchasing of canceling machines for use in the postal service it is shown that the government has lost over \$100,000, which sum was divided among the conspirators interested. Here again criminal action is barred by the statute of limitations."

Says Mr. Bristow:

"The most important contract for canceling machines was that for the Doremus. Its original promoters were W. D. Doremus, the inventor; L. T. Michener, member of the law firm of Dudley & Michener, of Washington, and H. J. Truesdell, of Binghamton, N. Y. The company was organized August 3, 1899, and capitalized for \$100,000, divided into 1,000 shares of \$100 each. Truesdell was on intimate personal relations with Beavers, and in 1899 an order was given for 100 machines, at \$150 each. Long before all of the 100 machines had been delivered the department received numerous complaints from postmasters stating that they were worthless; and on account of the gross dissatisfaction with this first 100 known as Model No. 1 the Doremus company established a factory of its own in Washington and created Model No. 2, and Beavers, without testing its efficiency, on June 30, 1900, contracted for 100 of the new machines at \$225 each. Model No. 2 also proved a failure, and Model No. 3 was substituted. Beavers promptly gave an order for 100 machines of that model at \$225 each."

"Of the 200 machines purchased of models Nos. 1 and 2 but 39 are now in use, the remaining 161 being practically a net loss."

Six hundred and seventy-one of these machines have been ordered by the department, at a net cost of \$143,475. This is a repetition of the story of automatic cashiers and Elliott & Hatch typewriters, except that it is on a larger scale."

"In 1901 Truesdell and Green became engaged and Truesdell left the employ of the Doremus company, and also sold his interest in the Doremus canceling machine. When interviewed by the inspectors Truesdell stated that before the second order on June 30, 1900, was given for 100 machines Green told him he had transferred to Perry S. Heath, First Assistant Postmaster-General, \$20,000 worth of his stock, in consideration of receiving an order for not less than 300 machines."

"Heath refused to make a written statement, but said verbally to Inspector Simmons that he never received any stock from the Doremus Canceling Machine Company or any remuneration of any kind, directly or indirectly."

"On October 5, 1903, indictments were found against Green, Doremus and Beavers for conspiracy to defraud."

"The evidence against Heath was also submitted to the district attorney, who deemed it not sufficient to warrant his indictment."

"The administration of Beavers was, if possible, more demoralizing upon the integrity of the service than that of Machen."

In conclusion the report says:

"For the purposes of this report, the investigation ordered by you on March 7 has been completed. In the preparation of cases for trial where indictments have been found, information may be secured which will necessitate further investigation and possibly involve persons not now implicated."

"The system of organized corruption that has been disclosed began in 1883 and continued until stopped by this investigation. The amount of money secured by the corrupt officials and their confederates is small as compared to the total loss to the Government. To illustrate:

"Barrett received but \$6,000 from Arnold, yet that company defrauded the people out of over \$500,000. Machen probably did not receive more than \$25,000 from the Groff fastener. Yet the Government has paid approximately \$130,000 for that device, which represents a net loss, since the Department continued, by the terms of the contract for letter fasteners, to pay for the original fasteners. Beavers, in the meantime, received less than \$20,000 from the automatic canceling machine. Yet the Department expended \$74,275 for this wholly unnecessary machine. The total amount that the perpetrators of these frauds themselves received can not be definitely learned, but it will aggregate between \$300,000 and \$400,000, while the loss to the Government, considering the unnecessary supplies that have been purchased and the inferior quality of those furnished by fraudulent contractors, can not be estimated with any degree of accuracy."

"As the gross abuses have been brought to light they have been promptly corrected by the proper department officers. Contracts where fraud has been discovered have been annulled."

"The results of the investigation demonstrate that all traveling agents of the Department—such as assistant superintendents of salaries and allowances, of the free-delivery service, the Railway Mail Service, and the registry system, and inspectors—should be placed under one organization."

"A number of changes should be made in the organization of the Department in order to provide a more perfect check on the various divisions, and some restrictive legislation affecting several divisions of salaries and allowance, of rural free delivery, and possibly others may be necessary. What the service most needs, however, is honest, intelligent, and vigorous administration. The corruption disclosed is not due to lax laws, but to the dishonesty of those men who have been charged with the responsibility of administering them."

GRATEFUL, HAPPY WOMEN



Miss Muriel Armitage.

THANK PE-RU-NA FOR THEIR RECOVERY AFTER YEARS OF SUFFERING.

Miss Muriel Armitage, 36 Greenwood Ave., Detroit, Mich., District Organizer of the Royal Templars of Temperance, in a recent letter, says:

"I think that a woman naturally shrinks from making her troubles public, but restored health has meant so much to me that I feel for the sake of other suffering women it is my duty to tell what Peruna has done for me."

"I suffered for five years with uterine irregularities, which brought on hysteria and made me a physical wreck. I tried doctors from the different schools of medicine, but without any perceptible change in my condition. In my despair I called on an old nurse, who advised me to try Peruna, and promised good results if I would persist and take it regularly. I thought this was the least I could do and procured a bottle. I knew as soon as I began taking it that it was affecting me differently from anything I had used before, and so I kept on taking it. I kept this up for six months, and steadily gained strength and health, and when I had used fifteen bottles I considered myself entirely cured. I am a grateful, happy woman to-day."

—Miss Muriel Armitage.

Peruna cures catarrh of the pelvic organs with the same surety as it cures catarrh of the head. Peruna has become renowned as a positive cure for female ailments simply because the ailments are mostly due to catarrh. Catarrh is the cause of the trouble. Peruna cures the catarrh. The symptoms disappear.

Female Weakness is Pelvic Catarrh.

Always Half Sick are the Women Who Have Pelvic Catarrh.

Catarrh of any organ, if allowed to progress, will affect the whole body. Catarrh without nervousness is very rare, but pelvic catarrh and nervousness go hand in hand.

What is so distressing a sight as a poor half-sick, nervous woman, suffering from the many almost unbearable symptoms of pelvic catarrh? She does not consider herself ill enough to go to bed, but she is far from being able to do her work without the

greatest exhaustion. This is a very common sight and is almost always due to pelvic catarrh.

It is worse than foolish for so many women to suffer year after year with a disease that can be permanently cured.

Peruna cures catarrh permanently. It cures old chronic cases as well as a slight attack, the only difference being in the length of time that it should be taken to effect a cure.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Gen. Dick Takes a Chance.

In the lottery of seats Gen. Dick of Ohio has been one of the most unfortunate members of the house, having never yet secured a desirable seat. At the beginning of the Fifty-seventh Congress he was one of the very last Republicans called, and had to take the seat in the extreme southwest corner, the alternative being a seat in the "Cherokee strip" on the Democratic side. Later in the session he discovered that a fairly desirable seat on the Republican side was vacant, and after watching it for a week or so applied to the sergeant-at-arms.

"If no one else with a prior claim wants that seat," he said, "I think I'll take it."

"What! take that seat!" the sergeant-at-arms fairly shouted. "Why, man, there isn't a member of the House would have it. Two members who have occupied that seat have died within the past year."

"I'll take it," promptly responded the Ohio member. "I had a blamed sight rather be dead than sit where I am."

He took the seat and survived that session and the next.—Washington Post.

Reads Like a Miracle.

Friarspoint, Miss., Nov. 30.—The Butler case still continues to be the talk of the town. Mr. G. L. Butler, the father of the little boy, says:

"The doctor said my boy had disease of the spinal cord, and treated him for two months, during which he got worse all the time. Finally the doctor told me he did not know what was the trouble. The boy would wake up during the night and say that he was dying. He would be nervous and trembling and would want to run from the house, saying he saw ugly things which frightened him. After we had tried everything else, I read an advertisement of Dodd's Kidney Pills as a cure for Nervous Troubles. I purchased some and used them until he had taken altogether eight boxes when he was sound and well with not a single symptom of the old trouble. This was some months ago, and I feel sure that he is permanently cured. We owe to Dodd's Kidney Pills all the credit for his restoration to good health."

A Hand to Win With.

One of the suppressed stories of the recent municipal campaign has just come out, and it is related as showing a readiness not generally credited to leader Charles F. Murphy, says the New York Times.

A district leader whose nationality inclines him to superstition seriously protested to the leader of Tammany Hall against the name of the mayoral candidate being printed "Geo. B. McClellan" on campaign banners.

"There be thoirteen letters in it that way," said he. "Sure, an' ye'd better spell out the George."

"Thirteen!" exclaimed Murphy. "Why, that's a full suit and every one of them trumps!"

Less Than 12 Hours to Hot Springs, Ark., Via Iron Mountain Route.

The new train which was inaugurated November 8th, leaving St. Louis 8:20 p. m., and arriving Hot Springs 8:20 a. m., makes the run in less than twelve hours, which beats all previous records between these points. Returning train leaves Hot Springs 7:30 p. m., arriving St. Louis 7:35 a. m. Thoroughly up to date equipment. For tickets and further information write any agent of the Iron Mountain Route, or H. C. Townsend, general passenger and ticket agent, St. Louis.

Some People Are Lucky.

Some people make an intelligent study of food and get on the right track (pure food) others are lucky enough to stumble upon the right way out of the difficulty just as a Phila. young woman did.

She says: "I had suffered terribly from nervous indigestion, everything seemed to disagree with me and I was on the point of starvation when one day I happened to run across a demonstration of Postum Food Coffee at one of the big stores here."

"I took a sample home and a sample of Grape-Nuts as well and there tried them again and found they agreed with me perfectly. For months I made them my main diet and as the result I am restored to my former perfect health and can eat everything I want to."

"When I spoke to my physician about Grape-Nuts he said 'It is a most excellent food.'" Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Look for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville," in every package of both Postum and Grape-Nuts.

Farmers' Interest in Roads.

It costs the farmers of the United States nearly three times more to get their crops to market than it does the farmers of Europe on an equal tonnage of farm products. This is because the roads of Europe are three times as good as the roads of this country on an average. The enormous cost of transporting crops to market can be reduced only by improving the highways over which they are hauled. The better the roads the less the cost.—Leavenworth Times.

The Next Necessity.

Congressman McAndrews of Chicago sent a lot of seed to his constituents a few days ago and very soon afterward received a reply from one of them, which read: "After taking one package of your grass seed I've become a hay-seed. The corn you sent has been planted in the vacant lot near the bank building. It is nine inches high now and all the people refer to it as McAndrews park. Try to send us a few trees and a watermelon patch."

Water Supply Important.

Many people who build homes in the country fail to realize, until it is too late, that the question of water supply is the most important problem with which they have to grapple. The fact is that an abundant quantity of water should be provided for before the location for house or stable or garden is chosen. Every additional foot which water has to be carried increases the expense and often diminishes the supply.—Country Life in America.

HIDDEN PICTURE PUZZLE.



Marguerite Awaits Her Sister. Where is She?

TELLS OF CRIME TO GET REWARD

Car Barn Murderer Seeks to Secure Money for His Mother.

GAMBLERS PROVE EASY PREY

Forces Dealer to Give Up Satchel Containing \$7,000 at Winnemucca, Nev., and Joins Crowd in Seeking for Bandit After the Alarm.

Chicago special: Endeavoring for his mother's benefit to collect the rewards offered in connection with murders and robberies planned and executed by himself and his "pals," Peter Niedermeyer spent Sunday in "winding up his business affairs," as he terms it. He hopes to secure for her \$3,300.

His calm announcement that he had held up a gambling house in Winnemucca, Nev., shooting the proprietor and getting away with about \$7,000, while amid the clang of bells the whole town was in uproarious pursuit, astounded the police, and the information that two of his followers, each as desperate as any now in custody, are still at large, caused them new anxiety.

Tells of Crimes.
After gaining the assurance of Captain Riley of the Chicago & Northwestern police that his mother would get the \$500 reward offered in connection with the hold-up of the Clybourn Junction station and the wounding of George W. Lathrop, the ticket agent, and hinting that he knew more than he mentioned, he told of several crimes, the rewards for which foot up \$3,300.

"I want to know that my mother will be cared for after I am hanged," said he. "I am guilty of crimes of which you know nothing and for which innocent men are now suffering. There are rewards offered for my capture and conviction. If you will guarantee me that these rewards will go to mother, I will convict myself. I will confess crimes that will startle you."

He outlined the crimes he spoke of in a way that only one who was concerned in them could do. But he refused to divulge the names of his partners in crime, pending proof that his mother would get the reward.

Stage Coach Robbery.
By far the greater part of Niedermeyer's "estate," however, is very much in "Spain," for the rewards offered require the arrest and conviction of the criminals. About nine months ago, he says, he and a desperado still at liberty whom the police fear, held up a western stage coach near Butler, Nev., taking the strong box from the Wells-Fargo messenger.

The representative of the express company refused to give the reward to Mrs. Niedermeyer, but the bandit still believes he may get it. He declares that an innocent man is suspected of being his accomplice, and the police, fearing that the real highwayman may come unknown to Chicago and endeavor to free Niedermeyer, would like to see the reward paid. The same situation exists regarding the train hold-up at Edgewater.

His Greatest Exploit.
Niedermeyer's greatest exploit, according to his story told to Chief O'Neill, Assistant Chief Schuetter,

Branch Emigration Office.
London cablegram: An emigration office in connection with the steamship lines touching at Bremen has been opened at Belgrade. Those who have taken tickets for the United States include 200 Macedonian refugees.

Refuse Carnegie Offers.
Philadelphia, Pa., dispatch: It is said that the council has decided not to accept Andrew Carnegie's gift of \$1,500,000 to establish a system of thirty branch libraries in Philadelphia.

and Inspector Lavin was his single-handed capture of a gambling-house in Winnemucca, Nev., shortly after the Butler job.

Edging around to be as near the "bank" as possible, Niedermeyer drew his two automatic revolvers, and, covering the roomful of armed men with one weapon, menaced the lookout with the other, ordering him to descend. Scarcely had he complied when the young bandit put away one gun and made a grab for a satchel of money. The proprietor started to run for the rear door at this, and Niedermeyer hit him in the back of the head, the bullet glancing. The man went down, but rolled to an alarm box, and, turning a switch, set a great gong on the corner to ringing.

Escapes With Money.
In the confusion Niedermeyer reached the rear door with the money; ran down a dark street to an alley; tore off his mask, and transferred the money, amounting, as he says he found later, to about \$7,000, to his pockets; walked calmly among the excited inhabitants of the town, making a pretense of joining in the pursuit in order to get safely away. A reward of \$1,000 for the capture of the highwayman is said to have been offered by the Winnemucca authorities.

Special Agent W. Riley of the Chicago and Northwestern railway promised him that Mrs. Niedermeyer should be given the reward of \$500 for the arrest and conviction of the Clybourn station robbers after Niedermeyer detailed the robbery to them and exonerated Dolle of St. Louis, who is now under indictment.

Compliments Victim.
Night Operator M. E. Dougherty and Ticket Agent George W. Lathrop, the victims of the robbers at the Clybourn station hold-up, were present during Niedermeyer's confession, going over with him in detail the robbery and the shooting.

"Lathrop, you put up the gamest fight of any man I ever met since I was in the business," said Niedermeyer.

"Well, it's hard to own up that I was mistaken when I identified the hand of Dolle as the one which shot me," Lathrop returned. "But I know now for certain that Dolle was not implicated and that you are the man."

After enacting the entire robbery as a play before Chief O'Neill, Inspector Lavin and Assistant Chief Schuetter, Niedermeyer, showing where he stood and how he shot and wrestled with Lathrop, just as on the night of the robbery, Niedermeyer said to Special Agent Riley: "Now, how about that \$500? You've seen the show. Does mother get it?"

Promise of Reward.
"Well, I want you to have it," said Riley, "but technically I don't see how you can get it. The reward is for the arrest and conviction. You didn't arrest yourself and I don't see how you can convict yourself."

"You deceived me," Niedermeyer began, when Chief O'Neill interrupted him. "Don't worry now, Niedermeyer," said the chief. "You've had a promise. No one will commit a breach of faith. Mr. Riley, it's worth \$500 to your company, this confession. It frees an innocent man under conviction. Niedermeyer should be shown some consideration."

"He will be," said Riley, as he left the station. "Here's another little stick-up I happened to think of," said Niedermeyer, just before he went to his cell. "A fellow on Irving Park boulevard tried to beat me up one night a year ago. He said he'd lick me. I put a gun in his face and took about \$2 away from him, and his watch."

Germans Annex Territory.
Cape Town cablegram: It is announced here that the Germans have formally annexed the territory of the Bondelzwarts tribesmen in German southwest Africa. The surrender of the Bondelzwarts is expected.

Loses Speech at Dinner.
Mascoutah, Ill., dispatch: Charles Laudensack suddenly lost his speech while eating his Thanksgiving dinner. A physician was summoned, but nothing could be done to restore it.

Germany and the Trusts.
While so many American trusts are suffering from locomotor ataxia, general paralysis, and a complication of diseases, Coal and its brother Steel are strutting majestically in Germany. A Steel Trust, in the form of a joint-stock company, for each constituent concern of which is fixed a percentage of the whole product, has been formed for five years. Every member must pay five shillings for every ton it produces in excess of its allotment, and will get the same sum for every ton less than its allotment. The Coal Trust will go hand in hand with the Steel Trust against foreign trade.—Everybody's Magazine for December.

Striking Facts About American Railroads.
There are 204,000 miles of railroad in the United States owned by companies—having a total capitalization of more than \$12,000,000,000 par value, affording livelihood to 5,000,000 of persons (employees and their families) and distributing \$15,685,950 in dividends to owners and \$610,713,701 in wages. These railroads are nominally controlled by 2,000 corporations, of which about 1,015 are operating companies.—The World's Work.

Feeding 300,000.
Commander Booth-Tucker tells in Country Life in America's Christmas Annual the story of how 300,000 people are given a free Christmas banquet in our largest American cities. It is the story of a wonderful achievement of the Salvation Army, illustrated, with many photographs.

Semi-Monthly Excursion Via Big Four and Chesapeake and Ohio Rys. to most all points in Virginia, North and South Carolina and Florida, on first and third Tuesdays of each month. Rate, one fare plus \$2.00 round trip. Inquire of Big Four Ticket Office or I. P. Spining, N. W. P. A., 238 So. Clark, Chicago.

The new publishers of Everybody's Magazine believe the holiday issue of the publication to be much the best they have yet produced. It is not the typical Christmas number made up of stilted fiction and pictures of the festival in many lands, but is an especially lively number full of good stories, clever pictures and timely articles.

A Rare Good Thing.
"An using ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE, and can truly say I wouldn't have been without it so long, had I known the relief it would give my aching feet. I think it a rare good thing for anyone having sore or tired feet."—Mrs. Mattilda Holtweg, Providence, R. I. Sold by all Druggists, 25c. Ask to-day.

He Was Charitable.
"Shall I go over your face twice, sir?" asked the knight of the razor. "No, once will do," replied the victim in the chair. "I don't want you to strain your voice."

Insist on Getting It.
Some grocers say they don't keep Defiance Starch because they have a stock in hand of 12 cr. brands, which they know cannot be sold to a customer who has once used the 16 oz. pkg. Defiance Starch for same money.

Friendship cannot be permanent unless it becomes spiritual. There must be fellowship in the deepest things of the soul, community in the highest thoughts, sympathy with the best endeavors.—Hugh Black.

More Flexible and Lasting, won't shake out or blow out; by using Defiance Starch you obtain better results than possible with any other brand and one-third more for same money.

For the first time in the history of the United States the production of coal has reached a total of over 300,000,000 tons, valued at \$373,133,843.

Why It is the Best is because made by an entirely different process. Defiance Starch is unlike any other, better and one-third more for 16 cents.

Most people would succeed in small things if they were not troubled with great ambitions.—Longfellow.

Pilo's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. ENDSLEY, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

The man who gives up the first time he fails doesn't deserve success.

To Cure a Cold in One day. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure, 25c.

Any small boy will tell you that even leather slippers may be felt.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES color more goods, brighter colors, with less work than others.

The only pipe dreams that are ever realized are the plumber's.

When you ask for Mrs. Austin's Pancake Flour, insist on having it and not some substitute. Say Mrs. Austin's and no other.

Women are seldom up to date in the matter of birthdays.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

There's no good substitute for honesty.

DO YOU COUGH DON'T DELAY TAKE KEMP'S BALSAM THE BEST COUGH CURE

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by druggists everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and 50 cents.



WHAT SICK KIDNEYS CAUSE.
KIDNEY COMPLAINTS.—Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Dropsy (swelling of the limbs or body), incessant pains in the back or loins.
BLADDER TROUBLES.—Inflammation of the bladder, inflamed passages, pain in passing urine, incontinence of urine, too much or too little urine.
URIC ACID TROUBLES.—Rheumatism, Gravel, Gout, Gall Stones, Lumbago.
NERVE TROUBLES.—Neuralgia, Sciatica, Nervous Collapse, Sleeplessness, Melancholia.

Many other disorders are caused directly or indirectly by faulty kidney action, and can be reached and cured by Doan's Kidney Pills. This remedy has cured every complaint recorded above, and over 50,000 testimonials prove its surprising merit.
50 cents per box, of all dealers, or mailed on receipt of price, by addressing Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

FIRST KIDNEY PILL MADE. THE ORIGINAL DISCOVERY. THE ONLY GENUINE.

Wm. H. NEIGHBORS, the well-known jeweler of West Main Street, Wytheville, Va., says: "Some four years ago an attack of grip settled in my back, and I have suffered off and on ever since with a dull, heavy aching across the small of my back, always more severe in the morning. It was difficult for me to stoop or straighten, and if I sat down for any length of time it was hard for me to arise. I took two boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills, and the dull, disagreeable aching left me."
H. B. McCARVER of 201 Cherry Street, Portland, Oregon, inspector of freight cars for the Transcontinental Company, says: "I used Doan's Kidney Pills for backache and other symptoms of kidney trouble which had annoyed me for months. I think a cold was responsible for the whole trouble. It seemed to settle in my kidneys. Doan's Kidney Pills routed it out. It is several months since I used them, and up to date there has been no recurrence of the trouble."

Mrs. GEORGE WALLACE, Jr., of Elmira, N. Y., wife of George Wallace, broker, of West Water Street, and living at 667 Baldwin Street, says: "In March, 1897, I was cured of kidney and bladder trouble by Doan's Kidney Pills. My physician said at that time that my life could be saved only by an operation. Night after night I had been kept awake for hours at a time with terrible pain in my back, and the secretions from the kidneys were in as bad a state as possible. I suffered with hemorrhages frequently and was in a weak state. Four boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills cured me, and I now gladly endorse the remedy, because during the time which has since elapsed, nearly seven years, I have never had the slightest sign of a return of the trouble."

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS.

The FREE Homestead LANDS OF Western Canada
Are the STAR ATTRACTIONS for 1904. Millions of acres of magnificent Grain and Grazing lands to be had as a free gift, or by purchase from Railway Companies, Land Corporations, etc.
THE GREAT ATTRACTIONS. Good Crops, delightful climate, splendid school system, perfect social conditions, exceptional railway advantages, and wealth and affluence acquired easily.
The population of Western Canada increased 128,000 by immigration during the past year, over 50,000 being Americans.
Write to nearest authorized Canadian Government Agent for Canadian Atlas and other information: (for address Superintendent Immigrant, Ottawa—C. J. Broughton, No. 430 Quincy Building, Chicago, Ill.; T. O. Currie, Room 12, Callahan Building, Milwaukee, Wis.; M. Y. McInnes, No. 6 Avenue Theater Block, Detroit, Mich.)

CAPSICUM VASELINE
(PUT UP IN COLLEPSIBLE TUBES)
A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-alleviating and curative qualities of this article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve headache and sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all rheumatic, neuralgic and gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household. Many people say "It is the best of all your preparations." Price 15 cents, at all druggists or other dealers, or by sending this amount to us in postage stamps we will send you a tube by mail. No article should be accepted by the public unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine.
CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO.,
17 State Street, New York City

BROMO-SELTZER
CURES ALL Headaches
10 CENTS--EVERYWHERE

FREE TO WOMEN!
PAXTINE TOILET
To prove the healing and cleansing power of Paxtine Toilet. If dispensed we will mail a large trial package with book of instructions absolutely free. This is not a tiny sample, but a large package, enough to convince anyone of its value. Women all over the country are praising Paxtine for what it has done in local treatment of female ailments, bringing relief from inflammation and discharges, wondrous cleansing vaginal douche, for sore throat, nasal catarrh, as a mouth wash and to remove tartar and whiten the teeth. Send today; a postal card will do.
Sold by druggists or sent postpaid by us, 50 cents, large box. Satisfaction guaranteed.
THE H. PAXTON CO., Boston, Mass.,
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HERE IS A SNAP!
500 ACRES—100 Acres in tame meadow; 50 acres nice pasture; balance under the plow. A good house built in 1896, well painted; a good barn; stock scales; and all under fence; has a living spring; a good well at the house; close to church and school; is on rural mail and telephone route. A splendid stock and grain farm, and a bargain at \$450 per acre. Address **JOHN W. CARPENTER, 111 Boliver, Mo.**

WOMEN'S CURE FOR PILES
Have Big Gold Mine. Fortune in it. Must pay in machinery. Want agent represent us. Big offer to right man. Best references furnished. Address **Frankmann Gold Mining & Milling Co., 588 Stinson Block, Los Angeles, Cal.**
\$5 to \$25 PER WEEK for your spare moments at home. For particulars send a dime to the **Globe Supply Co., Davenport, Iowa.**
Secure Employment for the Unemployed. No matter where you are, write to-day inclosing 4c for booklet giving plan. **Robt. Dawson, Fort Smith, Ark.**

Ladies' Friend
USING **BRUNSWICK'S EASYBRIGHT**
SAVES LABOR AND HEALTH; MAKES HOUSEWORK EASY. ONCE TRIED ALWAYS USED.
Cleans and polishes Silverware, Gold, Nickel, Tinware and all other metals equal to new. Cleans and polishes Furniture, Pianos and all varnished or painted woodwork and restores the lustre; keeps floors and tables white; cleans all cloth fabrics, carpets, rugs, lace curtains, gloves and wearing apparel. Used in the general washing, it whitens your clothes, removes all stains and makes washing easy. Contains no acid, lye or grit. Harms nothing; helps everything. Indorsed by the United States Government Navy Department. Used extensively throughout the world. No housewife can afford to be without BRUNSWICK'S EASYBRIGHT. Ask your dealers; they are supplied by jobbers, or send 25 cents for trial can, prepaid. Agents wanted.
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are invited to settle in the state of Maryland, where they will find a delightful and healthy climate. First-class markets for their products and plenty of land at reasonable prices. Map and descriptive pamphlets will be sent free on application to **H. EADENHOOP,** Sec'y State Board of Immigration, BALTIMORE, MD.
If afflicted with **Thompson's Eye Water** sore eyes, use it.

REAL ESTATE.
For Sale and Exchange—Farms, City Properties and Stocks of Merchandise. List your properties with **H. A. STAUFFER, Real Estate Agent, Opehan, Ind.**
For Sale on the East Coast of Florida, 20 acres of Hammock land; orange grove and best of building and plenty of oysters. Liberal terms arranged by purchase. Apply to **W. S. SANDS, Oak Hill, Fla.**
FOR SALE—Quarter Section of Land near Kulu, N. D. Price asked \$3 per acre less than what same land adjoining was sold for. Great dairy country. Elevators of 8 km paid out \$5,500 duty for wheat lately. Terms arranged **H. Lahann, Fairmont, Minn.**
Read This. We have a fine home for you in the sunny South. Come and see it. We give time to suit any pocket-book, and guarantee every statement we make to be true. 100,000 acres to cut up into farms; also improved farms. Fruitful, A. S. is all Northern and Eastern people. Health, happiness and contentment is here, inhaling the fragrant pine and balmy ocean breeze. Write us to-day. **Now, SMITH & MOORMAN, Fruitland, Ala.**

CALIFORNIA! CALIFORNIA!
Do you want a home in California, free from cold, wind, snow, sleet, tornado and blizzard? I will glad to assist you. I have range and farming land \$20 and \$50; dairy lands, orange and fruit lands \$25 per acre and up. Easy terms. I have magnificent large tracts of land for Colony Purposes, located in the best parts of California. Correspondence desired regarding them. List your property with me for exchange quick. Eastern agents wanted. **FRANK L. WOODLEY, 226 West 4th Street, Los Angeles, Cal.**

**A FARM OF 340 ACRES—As fine as is in the State of Indiana, about 8 miles from Shelbyville, the county seat of Shelby Co., Indiana, on free pipe; free mail delivery; large two-story brick house; large barn, nearly new, and a fine in the county; three tenant houses; land all level; a great deal of black land well ditched; in a good gas belt; half interest in stone gas well; bright prospect for oil development. This excellent farm for \$38,000. No trade considered.
PATTERSON & RIGDON, — Morristown, Indiana**

DOLLAR WHEAT
If you want a farm in the "dollar wheat belt" write for our booklet—"LAND WEALTH," giving description of the finest in the west. If you want to sell your land we obtain the highest prices for it. Our booklet—"How We Do It"—free. Don't buy or sell land till you see us.
Varland Land & Inv. Co.,
St. Paul, Minn.

W. N. U. CHICAGO, No. 49, 1903
When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

NOW DON'T FORGET
Don't forget when you order starch to get the best. Get **DEFIANCE**. No more "yellow" looking clothes, no more cracking or breaking. It doesn't stick to the iron. It gives satisfaction or you get your money back. The cost is 10 cents for 16 ounces of the best starch made. Of other starches you get but 12 ounces. Now don't forget. It's as your grocers.
MANUFACTURED BY **THE DEFIANCE STARCH CO., OMAHA, NEB.**

BARRINGTON LOCAL NEWS NOTES

C. H. Morrison, Local Editor

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY VILLAGE OF BARRINGTON.

- PRESIDENT.....MILES T. LAMEY
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HERMAN SCHWEMM.....L. H. HATJE
CLERK.....L. H. BENNETT
TREASURER.....H. K. BROCKWAY
POLICE MAGISTRATE.....M. C. MCINTOSH
ATTORNEY.....GEO. W. SPUNNER
MARSHAL.....JOHN DONLEA
SUPT. OF WATER WORKS.....WM. HAGER

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1903.

'Full many a gem of purest ray serene
The dark, unfathomed caves of ocean bear,
And many a ton of coal is brought to the screen,
To waste its profit on a millionaire!'

Court of Honor will elect officers next Tuesday evening.

Eureka belt oil—just the thing for belts. Sold by Lamey & Co.

Honesty is the best policy—unless to course, you are trying to sell a horse.

The Deutcher Verein will give a dance at the village hall New Years eve.

Wanted at Once—A good camp cook at the Grace Farm at Honey Lake. Apply in person at the farm.

Mrs. Anna Phillips sister of the late Edward Lamey died at her home at Monmouth, Iowa, Wednesday.

Don't forget John R. Reitzel in his lecture on the "Turk and the Orient" Saturday night at the village hall.

Ed Bauman has quit the oil and gasoline business. The oils he has been selling are now sold by J. C. Plagge.

When a married man says he hasn't made up his mind about a thing he means that he hasn't asked his wife about it.

Work on the buildings of the Bowman Dairy company has been somewhat delayed this week owing to the non-arrival of brick.

For rent on shares—A good dairy farm of 180 acres located 6 miles west of Barrington, and 2 miles east of Algonquin. Address Review office.

The past week has produced an excellent brand of winter weather. The ice companies at Lake Zurich are jubilant and predict a big harvest of fine quality.

Barrington Camp Nov. 809 Modern Woodmen is making arrangements to celebrate the 21st birthday of the order January 5th next. An interesting program will be provided.

Next Friday evening Odd Fellow lodges of Palatine Cary and Barrington will go to Wauconda, to attend the first meeting of the fraternal circle lately organized in this district.

Cole's Laxative Liver Pills are Nature's cure for liver ills. If you are troubled with constipation or sick-headaches try these perfect pills. Get Cole's. Sold by all druggists.

Considering the excellent natural skill in acting that has been brought to light in Barrington in the various plays presented, it is a matter of inquiry as to why a dramatic club is not formed.

The board of Highway Commissioners of the township of Barrington met in regular session at the town clerk's office on Thursday afternoon and paid bills amounting to \$1,978.83 for graveling roads.

Union revival services under the auspices of Salem Evangelical, Zion Evangelical, Methodist and Baptist societies will be inaugurated at the Salem church Sunday evening and continue until December 24.

All members of the W. R. C. are requested to be present at next meeting Wednesday Dec. 9th as the annual election of officers will take place. There will also be a card party and various other games in the evening.

A local market has venison steaks for sale and if you have the price 28 to 35 cents a pound you may secure a limited amount of the coveted meat. Barrington hunters who lately returned from Northern Wisconsin furnished the supply.

The undersigned will sell at public auction on the Pomeroy farm two miles north-east of Barrington on Thursday December 10, at 1 o'clock. The entire lot of standing dry wood on the premises. Terms cash. Mrs. Minnie Hobelin.

Chicken thieves are operating on the north side of town. There is apt to be work for a surgeon and perhaps an undertaker, if the depredations do not cease. A chicken thief is about the most despicable piece of humanity that walks the earth.

Next Thursday a special election will be held in Lake county to elect a states attorney to fill vacancy caused

by death of S. D. Talcott. The polls will open at 7 a. m. and close at 5 p. m. The polls of Cuba precinct will be in the Lamey building.

The ladies of the Thursday club entertained their husbands last evening at the residence of Dr. and Mrs. C. H. Kendall. A very pleasant evening was passed and at eleven o'clock supper was served on small tables, fifty guests being present.

Attend the bazaar to be given by the Dorcas society at the Baptist church next Wednesday, Dec. 9, afternoon and evening. Supper will be served from 5 to 7 o'clock for 15 cents. All donations for the bazaar should be sent in not later than Tuesday.

There was a destructive fire at Antioch two weeks ago. Now the board of trustees has passed an ordinance creating fire limits covering the entire business portion of the village, and appropriated money for protection against future conflagrations.

Evangelist Bulglin is compelled to remain at Nora Springs, Ia., next Sunday, and each church in the union will conduct their own morning service Dec. 6th. Union service in the evening at Salem church. Rev. Bulglin will arrive Monday, and take charge of the services.

Try Glasses for Your Headache.

Miss Emmert, the well-known lady optician of Chicago, will make her regular monthly visit to Barrington next Friday, December 11. She will be at the office of Dr. D. H. Richardson giving free examination of eyes.

If you are suffering with headaches she will tell you whether or not glasses are what you need to overcome them.

Cloudy days no hindrance to a perfect correction.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Nellie Gray visited in Chicago Tuesday.

Mrs. B. H. Sadt visited her son F. B. Sadt, at Berwyn, Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Winter visited friends at Evanston this week.

Charles Church of Rogers, Iowa, is the guest of his brother, Delos Church

Mr. and Mrs. P. D. Johnson of Nunda spent Thanksgiving at L. D. Castle.

Mrs. John Jahnke and daughter, Miss Emma, visited in Chicago Wednesday.

Mrs. Ira J. Chase of Peoria Ill., will spend the winter months at the L. D. Castle home.

Mrs. Ralph Colby was in Chicago Tuesday purchasing fancy articles for the holiday trade.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry G. Miller have given up their residence in Chicago and will make their home here.

Peter Jacobson, who has been confined to his home by illness the past ten days, improves slowly.

Mrs. Etta Mason, of Chicago is visiting her mother, Mrs. H. Wichman, and brothers Edward and August Wichman

Charles Nagatz and bride have returned from their wedding trip and started housekeeping in the Meiner's dwelling on Garfield Avenue.

Miles T. Lamey and wife are at Monmouth, Iowa, where they went yesterday to attend the funeral of Mrs. Phillips, an aunt of Mr. Lamey.

D. F. Lamey was in Chicago this week selecting a stock of merchandise which he will open for public approval in the remodeled Sadt building, about Dec. 7.

Mr. and Mrs. William Howarth have issued elaborate invitations to attend the celebration of their golden wedding, Friday evening January 1, at eight o'clock.

Fred Brandt and bride of Fennimore, Wis., are enjoying a visit at the home of W. H. Brandt uncle of the groom. Mrs. Brandt was Miss Cora Marston, daughter of Thomas Marston, one of the wealthy farmers in the vicinity of Fennimore. After their visit here and at Chicago Mr. and Mrs. Brandt will return to Wisconsin where they will make their future home on one of the finest and best stocked farms in that productive state

The Junior Dorcas society will hold their bazar Wednesday afternoon and evening Dec. 9th. Some of the articles offered are towels, aprons, handkerchiefs, comforts, slumber robe and other necessities to numerous to mention. Go and patronize the Junior Dorcas society. All the work of the little ladies.

Mrs. Stephen Darrell of Wauconda speaks very highly of the work done by Miss Emmert, the optician, for her family. Glasses fitted to her daughter Neva entirely overcome a bad case of sick headache which has never returned excepting the one time—when she went to school without the glasses. Mrs. Darrell's glasses enable her to sew and read with perfect comfort and ease as well as see at a distance.

SECURED THE VENISON.

Barrington Sure Shots Return From Wisconsin with Big Game.

George Schaefer, Al Hawley, Dr. D. H. Richardson and Hyland Hawley returned home Saturday from their hunting expedition in the woods of Wisconsin, bringing with them eight nice fat deer—handsome specimens of the venison producing animals so eagerly sought for by hunters.

The party left here on the 8th of November and went direct to Gordon, Douglas county, Wisconsin, making that place their headquarters and traversing the forests thereabouts for a radius of 20 miles. They found the region alive with all species of small game and sportsmen, and deer quite plentiful. They were within 35 miles of Duluth and in the extreme northwest county of the state.

Dr. Richardson secured a beautiful buck weighing 220 pounds, the largest animal taken, while Al Hawley secured a fine doe weighing 170 pounds. Each one of the party brought home two deer apiece, all the law allowed them to take out of the state.

Al Hawley says that the region visited is the sportsman's paradise and that the party enjoyed the 19 days there as only those who love to track deer can.

The gentlemen distributed generous quantities of the juicy venison to their friends.

Odd Fellows at Cary.

The Odd Fellow lodge at Cary received five new members last Saturday evening and the occasion was made one long to be remembered by all three linkers who attended. The beautiful and impressive work of the order was exemplified by the degree team of Congress Lodge No. 362 of Chicago, a team known throughout the northwest as one of the best and most finely equipped. Delegations were present from neighboring lodges Wauconda and Barrington being well represented. Many Chicago brethren accompanied the team.

M. W. A. Elect Officers.

Barrington Camp No. 809, M. W. A. held its regular meeting Tuesday evening and elected the following officers to serve during the coming year: Consul—J. F. Hollister.

Adviser—Henry Winkler. Banker—H. S. Meier. Clerk—M. T. Lamey. Escort—Edward Groff. Physician—Dr. A. Weichelt. Watchman—Fred Meister. Sentry—H. P. Askew. Manager—J. H. Hatje. Installation at the first meeting in January.

New Departments of Sears' School.

The department of Oratory of the Sears' School has organized a large class in Physical Culture. The training is based upon the Swedish and German systems of free movements and light gymnastics. Special attention will be given to corrective gymnastics, fencing and fancy club swinging.

In addition a Dramatic club is being organized and will be a prominent feature of the school. The popularity of this department has already far

surpassed the expectations of the promoters and it is expected that the school will reach its limit by the first of the year. Applications are being received from neighboring towns among which are Crystal Lake, Arlington Heights, Palatine and Wauconda.

Groff-Rieke Nuptials.

A pretty home wedding occurred Wednesday evening, December 2, at the home of Mrs. John Groff on South Hawley street, which marked the marriage of Miss Laura Rieke to Edward C. Groff. The ceremony was witnessed by only immediate relatives and most intimate friends, Rev. J. G. Fidler officiating.

The parties to the contract are well known to our people. The bride is the eldest daughter of the late Herman Rieke, the groom the only son of Mrs. John Groff, a progressive business man and a member of the firm of Alverson & Groff.

A beautiful repast was served and a number of valuable and useful gifts bestowed. The good wishes of a large circle of friends will follow them on their journey o'er the matrimonial sea.

A New Store.

Attention is called to an announcement appearing on page 1 of this issue in which D. F. Lamey informs the public of the opening of his new store in the Sadt Block. Mr. Lamey is not a stranger to the purchasing public of Barrington and vicinity, but one familiar with the demands of the people. He proposes to conduct a modern general store and will, no doubt attract his share of trade. His numerous friends wish him success in his new business venture.

Winter Bargains.

Every Ladies' and Misses trimmed hat in our store to be sold at a big discount. Ladies' flounced, fleecelined petticoats 75c; Men's fancy silk mufflers, lined backs, 25c; Ladies' \$1 Bust Form Corsets 25c; Electric seal boas 69 and 83c; Special sale of Ladies' and Misses' wool jackets, well made and lined, worth up to \$5, at \$1.98; Infants all-wool, Eiderdown jackets 25c; 200 pairs men's heavy working pants 79c; 4 all-wool trousers 98c; Boy's heavy reefer coats \$1.29; Canvas coats 87c and 95c. Boy's heaviest fleecelined underwear 30c; Ladies' tailor-made suits, all wool, silk-lined garments, \$15 and \$20; Suits \$9.95, \$10.95 and \$13.69.

Bargains in Men's Suits. 20 Men's suits, good, dark wool goods, \$10 makes, for \$7.85; 35 suits in good sizes and colors, such as commonly retail for \$8.50 and \$9, at \$6.50. Ladies' fancy sweaters \$2; Men's felts and overs at \$1.79; Heavy canvas leggings 39c; Men's heavy duck coats with fur collar, \$1.29.

LADIES' JACKET BARGAINS.

The late season's and our late purchases enable us to offer these values. Ladies' all wool, loose cut, collarless coats \$1.95; assorted colors in all wool, satin-lined jackets, trimmed and plain \$5.49; 4 length, silk-lined coats, various styles, \$6.49; Children's all wool, Eiderdown cloaks 98c. Prices good only while stock lasts as we cannot duplicate these qualities.

C. F. HALL Co., Dundee, Ill.

DISGRACED THE PROFESSION

Wells, Imported Editor of Woodstock Sentinel Assaults Editor Lemmers of the Republican.

One I. C. Wells, imported into McHenry county by the Woodstock Sentinel Publishing company, to fill the position of editorial writer on the Sentinel, has disgraced the profession and lowered himself in the estimation of the people of this district, by an unprovoked assault upon Editor Chas. A. Lemmers of the McHenry County Republican, a newspaper man, who by his industry, gentlemanly conduct and honesty of purpose, has earned the respect of the press of the state and of the people of McHenry county, except perhaps, a certain coterie of small-bore politicians who found they could not use him for their unholy and disreputable purposes.

Ten years or more ago Charley Lemmers was placed in charge of the Sentinel office. He resurrected the paper, built up the job department and made the Sentinel a leader among the weekly papers of the state. About a year ago Mr. Lemmers discovered his labors were not appreciated as deserved and that he was expected to give up his individual principles to the stock company owning the Sentinel. He gave up the work and in company with a number of Woodstock citizens, purchased the McHenry County Democrat and changed the politics of the paper to independent republican, and title to McHenry Republican.

The paper at once became popular. It attacked what was characterized as "The Woodstock Ring" and incurred the bitter enmity of the Sentinel and its owners. I. C. Wells was employed to edit the Sentinel and for sometime past has attacked Mr. Lemmers in the "wild west" style in the columns of the Sentinel. Mr. Lemmers replied. Last Friday evening Wells met Mr. Lemmers at the entrance to the post-office, and without a warning struck him a heavy blow between the eyes felling him to the stone pavement and rendering him unconscious and causing several bad contusions.

Wells deserves the censure of the press and public for his act which was that of a bully and not a gentleman.

The Review—the home paper—\$1.50 a year. Subscribe now.

Mrs. Oscar Maynard is now prepared to take orders for high-class books from a fine assortment, which are offered at reasonable prices. Among the collection is an especial line of children's Christmas books and bibles, which she will invite you to examine at your homes at an early date.

We sell window glass and have an assortment of all sizes. Glazing done while you wait. LAMEY & CO.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

Methodist Episcopal. Rev. W. H. Tuttle, Pastor. Services held each Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 11:45.
Baptist. Rev. J. C. Garth, Pastor. Preaching each Sunday at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 11:45 a. m.
Salem Evangelical. Sunday services at 10:30 and 7:45 every Sunday. Sunday School at 9:15. Junior meeting Monday at 7:30. Young Peoples' meeting Tuesday at 7:45. The Monday and Tuesday meetings are conducted in English. Rev. J. G. Fidler Pastor

Rev. Wm. Klingbell, Pastor. Services each Sunday. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. Young Peoples' meeting at 7:30 p. m. Evening services at 8 o'clock.

Rev. Father Quinn, Pastor. Regular service the first Sunday and third Saturday in each month. Sunday school every Sunday morning at 10 o'clock

Rev. G. A. Stanger, Pastor. Services each Sabbath morning at 10:30 o'clock. Sabbath school at 9:30.

FRATERNAL SOCIETIES.

LOUNSBURY LODGE, No. 751, A. F. & A. M. meets second and fourth Saturday evenings at Masonic hall.

BARRINGTON LODGE, No. 886, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at Odd Fellows' hall.

BARRINGTON CAMP, No. 809, M. W. A. meets first and third Tuesday evenings at Masonic hall.

BARRINGTON COURT, No. 373, COURT OF HONOR, meets 2nd and 4th Tuesday evenings at Odd Fellows' hall.

BARRINGTON GARRISON, No. 127, K. of G., meets second and Fourth Monday evenings at Sadt's hall.

MAYFLOWER CAMP, No. 282, R. N. A., meets first and third Monday evenings at Masonic hall.

LOUNSBURY CHAPTER, No. 494, ORDER EASTERN STAR, meets first and third Friday evenings at Masonic hall.

BARRINGTON LODGE, No. 420, MYSTIC WORKERS OF THE WORLD, meets second and fourth Saturday at Odd Fellows' hall.

Arrival and Departure of Trains

C. & N. W. Ry. WEEK-DAY TRAINS.

Table with columns for North and South directions, listing train numbers and arrival/departure times for Chicago, Palatine, and Barrington.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Table with columns for North and South directions, listing train numbers and arrival/departure times for Chicago, Palatine, and Barrington.

Junior Recital given by the pupils of Mrs. Ada Nate McIntosh at the M. E. Church, Tuesday Evening Dec. First at Eight o'clock. PROGRAM: Part First. VOCAL SOLO... The Cottage by the Sea... Thomas REV. W. H. TUTTLE... Old Fashioned Roses... Riley MRS. MCINTOSH... When Grandma Dances... Soper's Readings CONSTANCE CORA PURCELL... In the Village by the Sea... Sterling HETTIE KENTON... My Ships at Sea... Ella Wheeler Wilcox MRS. MCINTOSH... So Was I... Garrett's Selections BERNADINE TAYLOR... You Gilt Up... Kerr MRS. MCINTOSH... Selected HETTIE KENTON... Aunt Olive's Wedding... Jennie Harding Lines HAZEL N. PURCELL... Part Second. The Usual Way... Studies in Elocution DELLA ELVIDGE... Bill Smith... Adler MRS. MCINTOSH... Where the Children Used to Play... Riley MAMIE MORRISON... The Old Man and Jim... Riley MRS. MCINTOSH... Way Down in Old Indiana... MR. ARNETT LINES

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BUY THE BEST MACHINE OIL. Sold by LAMEY & CO, Barrington.

Choice Grades of Pure Food Products are what the people demand and expect. I make it a rule in buying to consider the wants of my customers and get the best on sale. It pays to buy the best. Fresh, Smoked or Salt Meats. if you would practice economy and please your taste. Not only does this rule hold good as regards meats but also in reference to Fruits, Canned Goods and Vegetables. you will find my assortment fresh and attractive. Consult your pocket book and let me meet your demands. BEN NAEDLEN'S MARKET