

WORLD NEWS - TOLD IN PARAGRAPHS

The first day of Bureks' organ, Bureks, Ill., opened with a large attendance. Judge Jesse Black of Peoria delivered the convocation address.

Had Hogan, the Tennessee neergiant, is dead at his home in Gallatin. Hogan was eight feet six inches tall. His hands were twelve inches in length and feet sixteen and a half inches.

Charles Outlaw and his wife were burned to death at Bradman, Ohio, following an explosion in the kitchen stove. Mrs. Outlaw kindled the fire with coal oil.

Wesley R. Wales, president of the defunct First National Bank of Cape May, was placed on trial in the United States court at Trenton, charged with embezzling \$15,000 of the funds of the institution.

Three Chinese sailors suffering from beriberi arrived at New York in a British ship from Sumatra.

Morris K. Joup of New York has been decorated by Emperor Nicholas for his services to starving Russian peasants.

President Roosevelt will visit New Orleans in October, as planned, despite the yellow fever.

Defenses of the army by counsel for Captain Targart was a feature of the argument in the Worcester divorce case.

Rev. Jasper Howels, a Baptist minister of Birmingham, N. Y., has been called by the Baptist church at Bloomington, Ill.

Telegraphic communication has been established between Caracas and Bogota, the capital of Colombia.

Ex-Queen Lillokolani celebrated her seventieth birthday on Sept. 2. A reception attended by natives was held at her home in Honolulu.

Vice President Fairbanks will speak at the opening of the Republican campaign in Cincinnati on Sept. 23. The other speakers are to be Governor Herrick and United States Senator Foraker.

Speaker Joseph Cannon, who has been spending a week in Nebraska, left Omaha for home on Sunday, Ill. He has been confined to his hotel with an attack of the grippe, but says he has recovered.

Booth Tarkington, the novelist, and his wife were passengers on the steamer Konigen Luise, which sailed from New York for Genoa.

Ambassador Meyer started from St. Petersburg for Berlin on Sunday. Meyer will return home on leave of absence at the end of September.

A number of Panama canal officials on leave of absence arrived at New York on the steamer Ancon. Among them were W. E. Dauchy, former chief engineer of the Panama canal.

Prince Ferdinando of Savoy, eldest son of the Duke of Genoa, a member of the royal family of Italy, arrived in San Francisco on the Italian cruiser Calabria on his way around the world.

Governor Vandenberg, having been advised that the battleship Mississippi will be ready for launching at Cramp's shipyards, Philadelphia, Sept. 20, has appointed United States Senator H. D. Money take place as representative of the state, and Miss Mabel Money, granddaughter of Senator Money, as sponsor.

The coroner at Covington, Ind., finds that George A. Hittis was killed by Mayor Oliver S. Jones, who acted in self defense.

Jacob Schneider, a prosperous farmer at Sterling, Ill., accidentally swallowed a dose of carbolic acid and died in great agony.

The sixth international congress of applied chemistry will be held in Rome in April, 1904, under the patronage of the king of Italy.

Mexican officials at Guadalajara announced that the government had ordered the suppression of all lotteries.

George F. Hargis of Decatur was elected president and W. A. Hucj of Chicago secretary of the state organization of Oldsmen at the convention in Peoria.

Because he was fitted by Nellie Eichelberger, 16 years old, Lee Weed, 17 years old, of Thurmont, Md., shot and painfully wounded the girl and then killed her.

Independent coal dealers at Springfield, Ill., are engaged in a war with the Springfield Coal Association, and the price of fuel has declined from \$12.25 to \$11.75 a ton.

Captain Thomas Wexford of the steamer W. C. Richardson reported at Duluth that his vessel ran down the Canadian tug Shamrock near the Soo Sept. 5, drowning the captain and engineer.

The American Mathematical societies' twelfth annual summer meeting began at Williams College Friday, with many of the leading college professors of the country in attendance.

SEARCH WOODS FOR MURDERER

Jackson County Farmers to Hunt for Slayer of Two Little Boys.

MOTHER SAYS SHE HEARD SHOT

Though Both Lads Had Knife Wounds Over Heart, Parent of One Declares She Heard Report Just Before Son Was Wounded.

Panama, Ill., dispatch: Acting on the advice of the coroner and the sheriff, Jackson county farmers of sand Ridge and Hickory ridges have organized a posse to search the country for the murderer or murderers of Heber Wortham, 7 years old, and Virgil Edmon Clatts, 9 years old, both of whom have been killed under circumstances so uncanny and horrifying as to suggest that the boys were slain by Coan Doyle or Edgar Allan Fox.

That an escaped maniac is roaming the woods and committing these murders is one theory, and many farmers assert they have seen such a man in the neighborhood.

In neither case was there any evidence of human agency or clew to the secret of the child's death. Heber Wortham was killed in broad daylight, within sight of his mother and sisters and died at his mother's feet.

Mystery in Deaths. Mrs. Wortham declares that just before her son fell she heard the sound of a shot, but the boy's wound unmistakably is that caused by a knife, not a bullet.

Virgil Clatts, playing in a pasture near home, ran suddenly to his mother, his hand over his heart, and blood oozing from his mouth. He was dead. No one was near him the moment before, when his mother noticed him at play.

The only agency which might be supposed to cause death was a barbed knife, held in the hand. The parents are inclined to the belief that the child may have fallen on this blade, stabbing himself to the heart and the father of the boy says, whereas he saw no blood on the blade at first, a closer and later scrutiny disclosed slight traces of blood.

Re-enact the Tragedy. In the pasture adjoining the home, the summit of Hickory Ridge, Mrs. Wortham re-enacted as far as she could the tragedy. The mother, grief-stricken woman knelt on the ground to show the position in which she saw the boy alive. Heber's two little sisters took the positions which they occupied when their brother was so mysteriously stricken.

Mrs. Wortham's voice trembled as she told what happened that fateful night, and indicating a point a few feet to the left.

"Heber was standing there. I was at the pasture gate and the two little girls were near me. Hunters had been in the woods and at all afternoon, and there had been a good deal of shooting, but some time before the children entered the pasture this had ceased.

Insists She Heard Shot. "While I was watching Heber I heard a shot. I cannot tell whether it came from the woods on the north or the cornfield on the west. Almost at the same instant I saw a flash of light halfway round and a stumble toward it. I heard him cry, 'O mamma.' Then he sank to his knees, in the same position I am in now. I saw blood coming from a wound in his chest. I was about to pick him up when his father came and carried him to the house. My husband was attracted by my screams. Heber was never able to speak after we took him home."

In each case the stab wound was clean cut and exactly over the heart. In neither case, however, did the mother know any enemy that might seek this method of revenge for a real or fancied wrong.

Lays Crime to Pervert. The bodies of the boys will be disinterred and an autopsy performed to ascertain what kind of an instrument made the wounds.

"If the boy was not shot by an enemy," she said, "it was not revenge but perversion led to it. Here is where the perversion comes in. Perhaps the man has an irresistible impulse to kill women. Perhaps in some cunning he has invented something new in the shape of a combination bullet and blade, and his zeal as an inventor prompted him to try this missile on living targets."

Miss Money for Charities. Concord, N. H., dispatch: At a meeting of the board of directors of the Metropolitan Opera company of New York has been announced to the council the gift to the state by the Japanese plenipotentiaries of \$10,000 to be divided among the charities of New Hampshire.

Seeks to Enjoin a Singer. San Francisco, Cal., dispatch: The Metropolitan Opera company of New York has asked an injunction restraining Signora Tetrazzini from singing at a theater here. Plaintiff alleges her appearance to be a breach of contract.

Chinese Magistrate in Prison. Shanghai cablegram: The Chinese magistrate of Quinsan, near Shanghai, is reported to have tortured a British subject of Chinese descent, employed on the Shanghai-Nankin railway.

HIDDEN PUZZLE PICTURE.



Find Her Father.

CROP ESTIMATE ABOVE AVERAGE

Condition of Corn is Given at 89.5 on the First Day of September.

POTATOES SHOW HEAVY LOSS

Summary of Correspondents' Reports Indicate That the Staple is but Trifle Over the Average for the Ten-Year Period.

Washington dispatch: The crop estimating board of the bureau of statistics of the department of agriculture finds, from the reports of the correspondents and the agents of the bureau, that the condition of corn on Sept. 1 was 89.5, as compared with 89.0 last month, 84.6 on Sept. 1, 1904, 80.1 at the corresponding date in 1903 and a ten-year average of 81.7.

State of Spring Wheat. The average condition of spring wheat when harvested was 87.3. This is the second year that spring wheat has been separately reported upon on Sept. 1; comparison can, therefore, only be made with the condition one month ago, which was 89.2, and with that reported Sept. 1, 1904, which was 66.2.

The average condition of the oat crop when harvested was 90.2, against 90.8 last month, 85.6 reported Sept. 1, 1904, 75.7 at the corresponding date in 1903, and a ten-year average of 84.4.

The average condition of barley when harvested was 87.8, against 89.5 on Aug. 1, 1905, 84.7 reported Sept. 1, 1904, 82.1 at the corresponding date in 1903 and a ten-year average of 82.4.

The average condition of rye when harvested was 90.8, against 86.9 reported Sept. 1, 1904, 84.1 reported Sept. 1, 1905, and a ten-year average of 85.8.

The average condition of potatoes on Sept. 1 was 80.9, against 87.2 one month ago, 91.8 on Sept. 1, 1904, 84.2 at the corresponding date in 1903 and a ten-year average of 80.2.

Clover Seed Crop. Of the thirteen principal clover seed producing states, one, namely, Illinois, reports an increased acreage; four, namely, Ohio, Utah, California and Colorado, report no change in acreage, and all the other principal states report a decrease.

In Ohio and Utah conditions are reported the same as their ten-year averages, while in all the other principal states conditions are above such average.

The number of stock hogs now being fattened is 6 per cent less than the number one year ago. Reports as to size and weight of stock hogs indicate a condition of 95.4, as compared with 94.2 one year ago and a seven-year average of 94.7.

LITTLE IS LEFT OF HALF MILLION Aged Broker Goes to End His Days in the Poorhouse.

New Rochelle, N. Y., dispatch: With only seven cents in his pocket, the remains of a fortune of a half million dollars, an old man with flowing white side-whiskers appeared before the commissioner of charities, Henry Sharp, and asked to be committed to the Westchester county almshouse.

"Once I was worth \$500,000," said the man, who was 70 years of age.

BURNS IN ANSWER TO PRAYER Pavilion is Destroyed by Flames to Delight of Churchmen.

Fremont, Ohio, dispatch: Fire destroyed the pavilion at the Bellevue summer resort, two miles south of this city, together with a grocery, a barber shop and several small buildings. For some time, it is said, the congregation of the United Brethren church has been holding meetings praying that the pavilion might be destroyed. It is believed at Bellevue that the fire was of incendiary origin.

BIG WAR VESSEL CALUMNET DESTROYED

Admiral Togo's Flagship, the Mikasa, Blows Up in Harbor at Sasebo.

FIVE DEAD, WITH 251 MISSING

Japanese Grieve Over Loss of Battleship That Had Become Endowed to Them Through Success in Battle Under Togo.

London, Sept. 12.—The loss of Togo's flagship, the battleship Mikasa, sunk Monday morning in the harbor of Sasebo, comes as a tragic anti-climax to the horrors of the war.

According to the official report given out by the Japanese navy department at Tokio Tuesday morning, 599 lives were lost when the Mikasa was destroyed.

Later reports seem to mitigate the horrors of the disaster. A dispatch to the Times says that the casualties include five men killed, 243 wounded, and 251 missing.

These figures which total 599, indicate that at least 342 men were rescued from the battleship, wounded, but still alive; that five of the dead have been recovered, and that 251 are missing. The assumption is that the 251 missing men either were killed by the explosion or drowned when the ship went down.

Another dispatch from Tokio says that of the officers on board one was killed and eleven wounded, while five are missing.

There is also some indication that the battleship is not so seriously damaged as first reports indicated. Dispatches from Tokio say the ship sank in shallow water and that it probably can be refloated and repaired.

Story From Tokio. Tokio, Sept. 12.—Admiral Togo's flagship the battleship Mikasa, was destroyed by the explosion of its magazine at 1 o'clock Monday morning in the harbor at Sasebo.

The official announcement of the disaster stated that 599 lives were lost.

The explosion of the magazines was caused by a fire, which was discovered in the hold, at the base of the mainmast, about midnight.

The origin of the fire is unknown. The flames spread in the interior of the battleship with great rapidity. Other warships lying at anchor in the harbor at Sasebo sent detachments of officers and men to assist in the work of fighting the fire.

Rescuers Lose Life. The presence of the men from the other warships on board added to the casualties, as many of them were killed or drowned. Thus many of the warships in the Japanese navy sank in the disaster.

The crews of the several ships fought the flames heroically despite the constant danger of the explosion of the magazines.

The efforts of the officers and men were directed to preventing the flames from reaching the big forward magazine, it being believed that the Mikasa was in less danger of being reached by the flames.

An hour after the discovery of the fire the aft magazine exploded, blowing a great hole in the port side of the battleship. The huge craft sank almost in an instant.

Men Caught in Trap. Nearly all of the men on board at the moment of the explosion were on the deck, fighting the flames. When the explosion came the magazine was surrounded by swarms of men. Some of them were killed instantly. Others were either so badly wounded or so completely stunned by the concussion that they were unable to reach the deck or even a porthole.

Many of the men who were on deck and well forward sprang or were thrown into the water and were picked up by boats from the other ships.

The disaster to the battleship Mikasa has cast a gloom everywhere. The Mikasa was Togo's flagship and was endowed to the hearts of the people. Great relief was felt throughout Japan when it was learned that Admiral Togo was not on board the ship at the time of the fire.

An investigation is now being held to determine the cause of the fire.

OPEN SWITCH WRECKS A TRAIN Crew on Chicago and Pittsburg Express Escape Injury by Jumping.

Mansfield, O., dispatch: Train No. 16, the Chicago and Pittsburg express, on the Pennsylvania railroad, was wrecked a mile east of here by running into an open switch. The train dashed into a cut of eight cars on an adjoining track. Engineer Samuel Hodges of Pittsburg and his fireman Sharp, were asked to be committed to the Westchester county almshouse.

The youths confessed.

GETS UNION MINERS IN LINE John Mitchell Makes Whirlwind Campaign in Coal Region.

Shamokin, Pa., special: In a whirlwind campaign through the anthracite region, John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America, is getting his followers into line in anticipation of the convention to be held in Shamokin at December 1. The convention must decide what demands shall be made of the coal operators in the spring and whether there is to be peace or war in the mining region.

Calumnet Baking Powder

A wonderful powder of rare merit and unrivaled strength.

HOUSE OF COMMONS ATTACKED.

English Journal Declares It Does Not De Its Duty.

It is inconceivable to-day that the House of Commons in England has lost its authority and its prestige. It has suffered itself year after year to be bamboozled, deceived, hoodwinked and misled. It has colluded with the official efforts to screen the criminals. It plays into the hands of ministers who for years are carrying on a game of cat-and-mouse with or, to speak plainly, of falsehood. The House of Commons does not do its duty, does not want to do its duty and does not care how long ministers may wriggle and waddle so long as they will stave off the dissolution. When the majority have got to that state of hardened selfishness it is not easy to find a remedy for that which it carries in the bones. Whether a new house and a new speaker can cure it remains to be seen.—The Postivator.

Every housekeeper should know that if they will buy Defiance Cold Water Starch for laundry use they will save a great deal of time, because it never sticks to the iron, but because each package contains 16 oz.—one full pound—while all other Cold Water Starches are only 8 or 10-pound packages, and the price is the same, 10 cents. Then again because Defiance Starch is free from all injurious chemicals. If your grocer tries to sell you a 15-cent package it is because he has a stock on hand which he wishes to dispose of before he puts in Defiance. He knows that Defiance Starch is highly recommended in large letters and every package in large letters and says "Demand Defiance and save much time and money and the annoyance of the iron sticking. Defiance never sticks."

Missed Her Fish Dinners. It was in the parlor of a little German inn in the American overboarded two of her countrywomen discussing their itinerary with great vivacity. "There are three places, all on the coast of Italy," said one. "They are highly recommended in the guide-books for beauty of scenery and so on, but they must be a good deal alike. What do you say to skipping one of them?" "I don't see how I can do so," said the first one, "said her friend, who was registered as coming from a Massachusetts town. "Being right in the sea, I should think you'd stand some ground in getting a good fish dinner, and that's something we have not had since we left home!"

British Columbia Timber. The British Columbia government has received revenue to the amount exceeding \$400,000 from timber for the year ended June 30, 1905. The collection exceed the estimate made at the beginning of the year by more than \$150,000. Practically three-fifths of the revenue has accrued from licenses for the sale of stumpage on government lands. Many lumbermen feared that the requirement that all logs cut upon government lands should be manufactured in the province would result in a loss of revenue. The reverse has been the result, as the revenue for the past year is far greater than that for any previous year in the history of the province.

NOISES IN HER HEAD Mrs. Roagen was a Nervous Wreck, But Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Brought Sound Health.

"Dear Sir, I wish to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills," said Mrs. Mary Roagen, of No. 86 Kilburn street, Fall River, Mass., recently. "I was in and out of bed all the time, but now I stay up all day and do all my own work."

"I was badly run down from overwork. One day noises began in my head and almost made me crazy. My head felt as if it were being pulled apart and had been torn around it, and the pressure and the sounds made me so uneasy that I often had to get up and walk about. My stomach was in bad shape, and I had smothering sensations. At such times my body seemed bloodless, my face turned yellow. The doctor said I had dyspepsia in the worst form. I was completely prostrated. I formerly suffered from smothering sensations."

"I took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills that I used quoted my nerve so that I could get a good night's sleep, which was a new experience for me. Before I began to use them I was a nervous wreck and trembled at the slightest touch. It was so weak that I had to sit down and rest every few steps when I went up stairs. Now I can run up a whole flight of stairs. The smothering sensations have gone and the noises in my head have stopped entirely. My appearance has greatly improved. My appetite is better, and I have gained more weight than I have for some time. I am looking for my husband's return over a hundred dollars on treatment for me that was worthless, but a few boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills brought me sound health."

Sold by all druggists, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 60 cents per box, by mail to the initials, "I. L. B." and the date "El Paso, 5-3-04."

LIFE STORY ON A \$1,000 BILL "Last of an Ill-Fortune" Written on the Note.

Washington dispatch: One of the tellers at the United States treasury, in counting a pile of currency that had been stolen from the treasury, discovered a note which was a counterfeit attempt at a joke. The inscription was: "The last of an ill-fortune," and was signed with the initials, "C. I. B." and the date "El Paso, 5-3-04."